

Vitamins

General

By the end of XIX century it was known:

Balanced diet

Carbohydrate
s

Fats

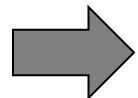
Proteins

Minerals

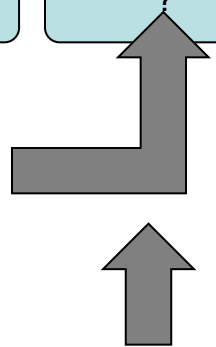
?

• Nevertheless the specific disorders (beri-beri, scurvy, pellagrs etc.) were developing

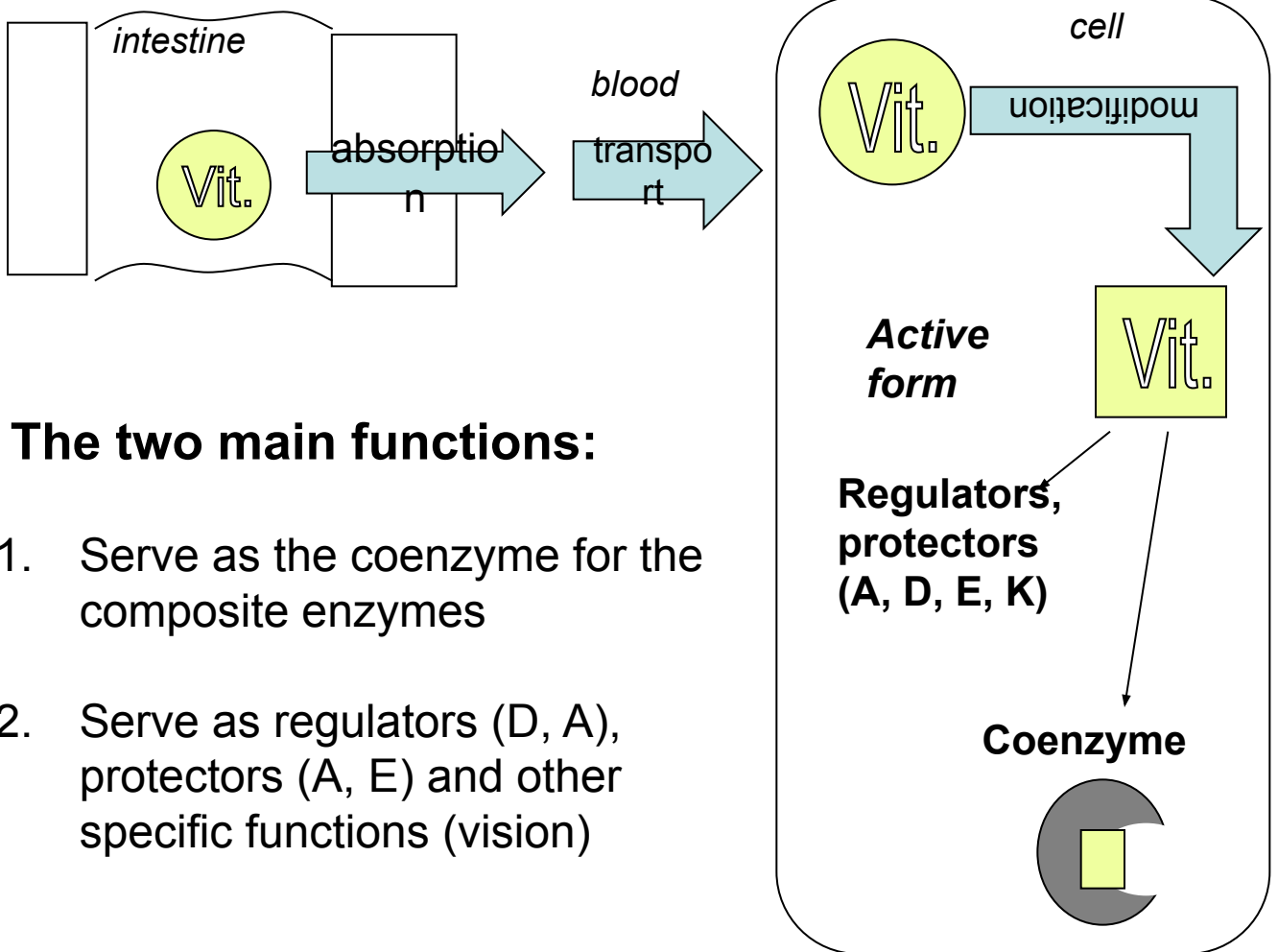
1911 Funk obtained the substance that prevent beriberi from brane of rice and gave it's the name - *Vitamin* (*vita* – life)



5th
element



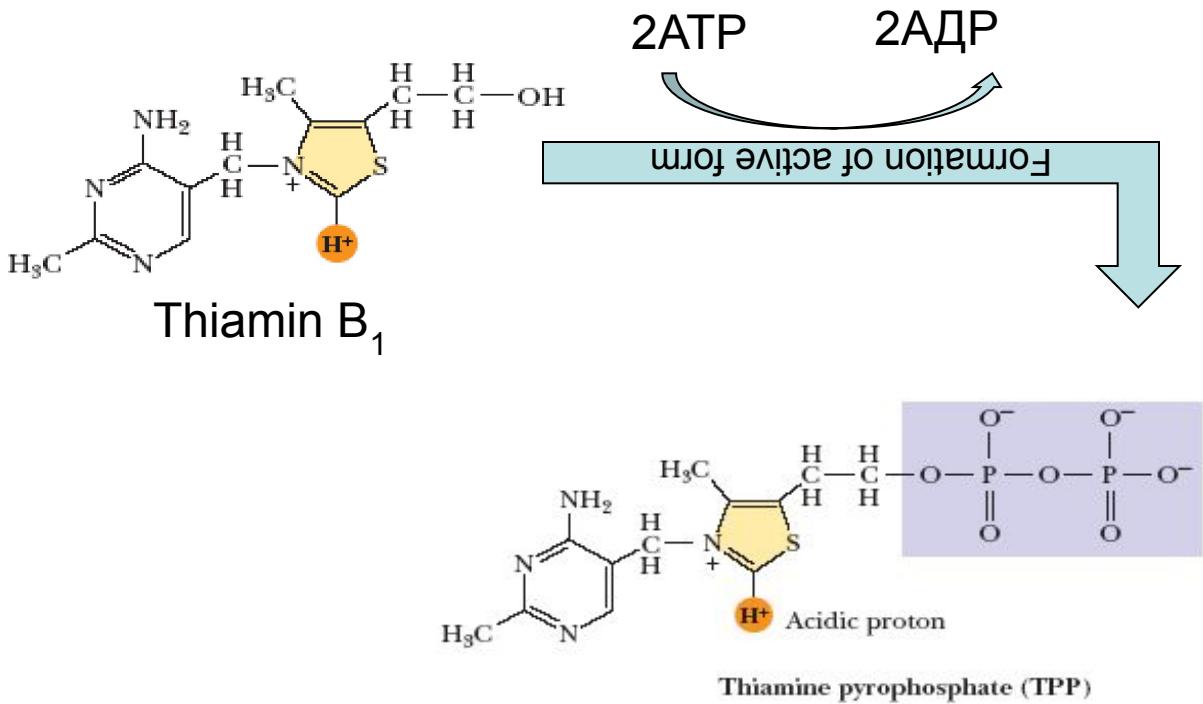
Metabolism and functions



The two main functions:

1. Serve as the coenzyme for the composite enzymes
2. Serve as regulators (D, A), protectors (A, E) and other specific functions (vision)

B1 (Thiamine)

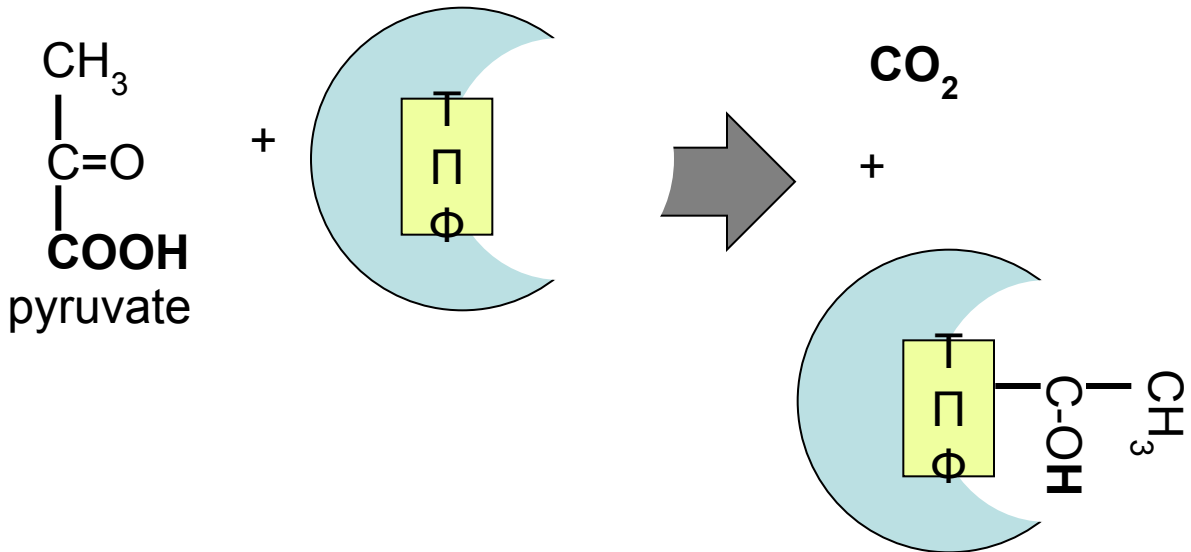


Thiamine pyrophosphate (TPP)

Biological role:

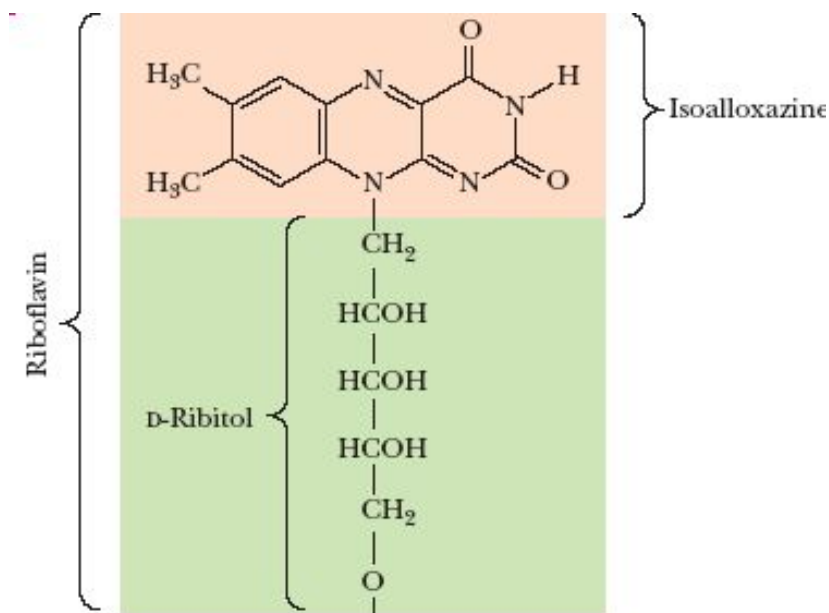
• Oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvate

pyruvate $\xrightarrow{\text{Acetyl}}$ SoA (Metabolism of CH and energy)
 α -ketoglutarate $\xrightarrow{\text{Succinyl}}$ -CoA (Metabolism of energy)

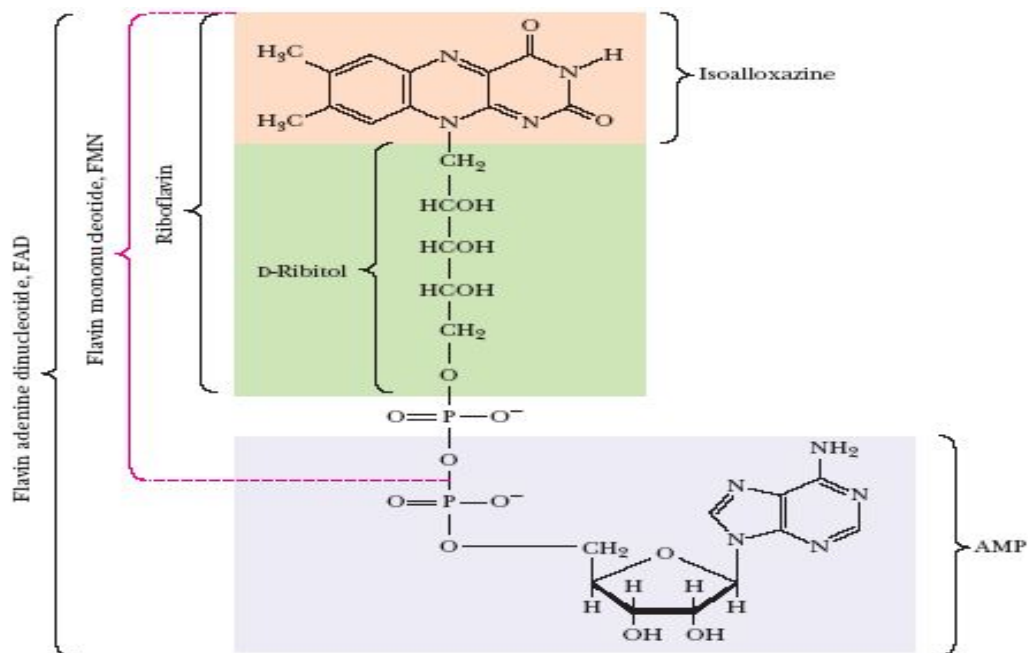


• Interconversions of pentoses (транскетолазная реакция)

B2 (Riboflavin)

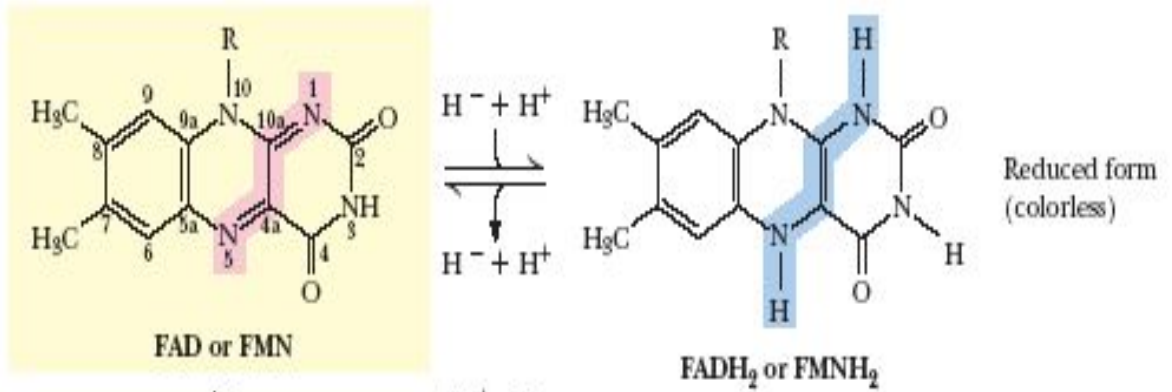


B₂ has 2 coenzyme forms: **FMN** и **FAD**



Biological role:

- Transfer of hydrogen atoms

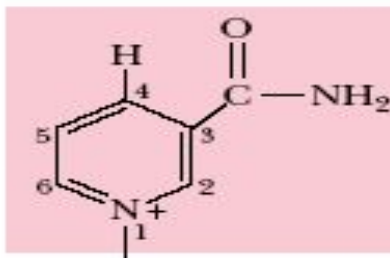


Disorder: **Dermatitis**

**stomatitis, glossitis
angular stomatitis
Seborrhea**

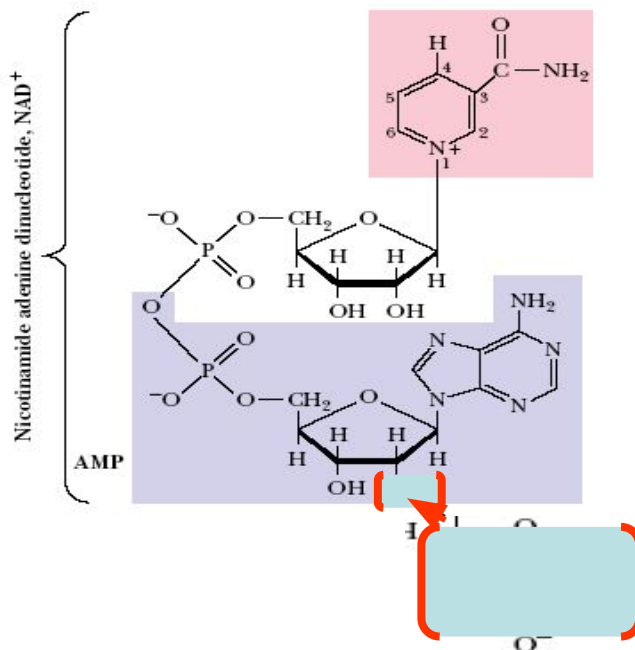
B3 or PP (Niacin)

Nicotinamide
(oxidized form)



Niacin

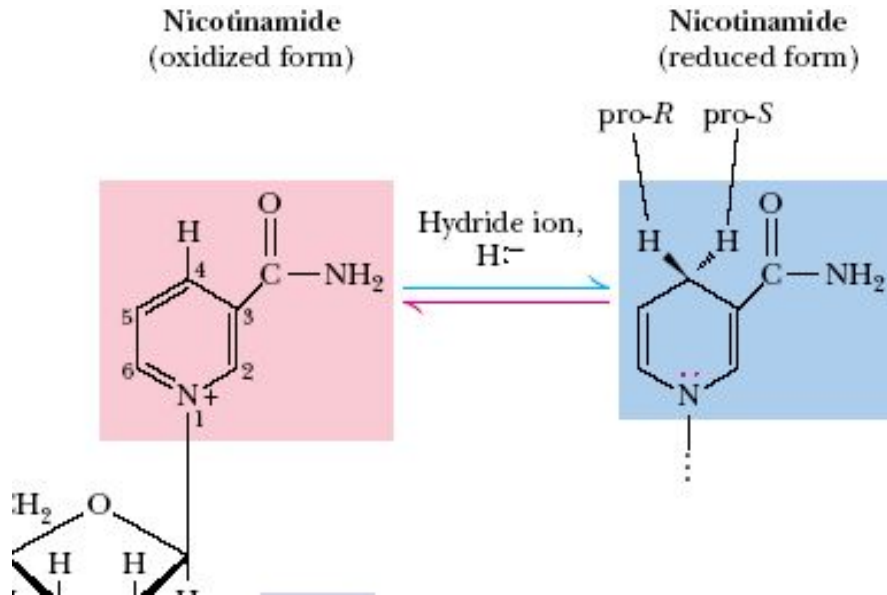
Nicotinamide
(oxidized form)



2 coenzyme forms: **NAD⁺** **NADP⁺**

Biological role:

- Hydrogen atoms transfer

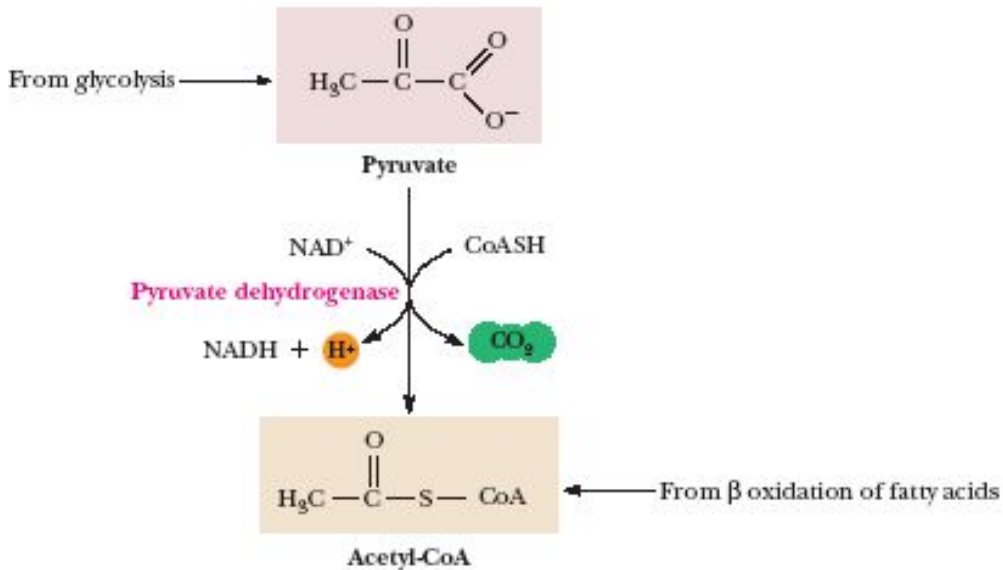


Desorder : **pellagra (3 «D»)**

- Dermatitis of the exposed to sunlight sites of skin
- Dementia
- Diarrhea

Биологическая роль:

- Перенос ацильных групп (Цикл Кребса, обмен ВЖК и пр.)



Pantos!!!

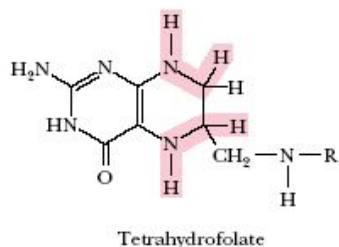
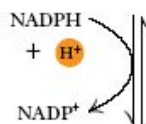
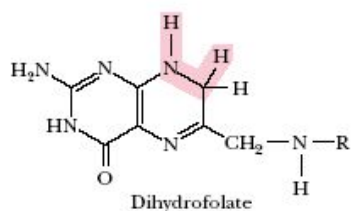
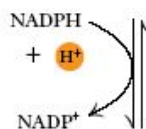
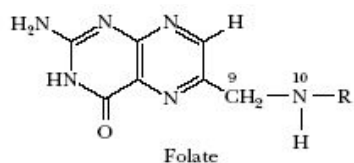
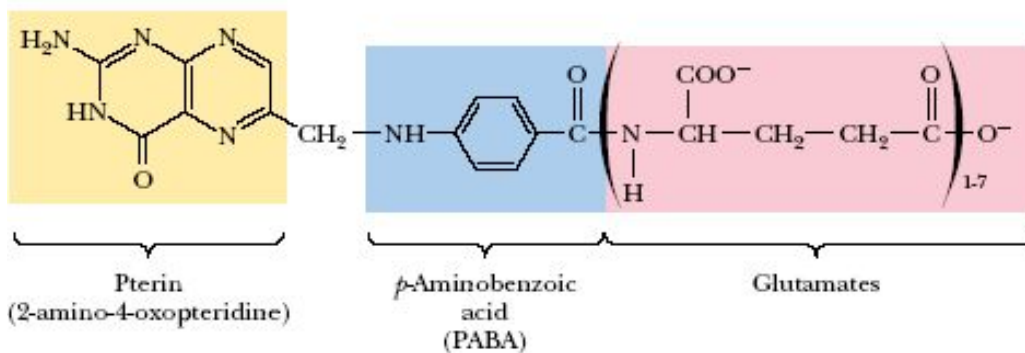
Заболевание:

- Понос
- Дерматит
- Остановка роста
- Поседение шерсти, аллопеция
- Повреждение нервной ткани, почек, надпочечников, сердца



Bc (Folic acid)

Folic acid



Coenzyme form:
Tetrahydrofolic acid (THFA)

Biological role:

• **Oxidation States of Carbon in 1-Carbon Units Carried by Tetrahydrofolate**

Oxidation Number*	Oxidation Level	One-Carbon Form [†]	Tetrahydrofolate Form
-2	Methanol (most reduced)	-CH ₃	N ⁵ -Methyl-THF
0	Formaldehyde	-CH ₂ -	N ⁵ ,N ¹⁰ -Methylene-THF
2	Formate (most oxidized)	-CH=O	N ⁵ -Formyl-THF
		-CH=O	N ¹⁰ -Formyl-THF
		-CH=NH	N ⁵ -Formimino-THF
		-CH=	N ⁵ ,N ¹⁰ -Methenyl-THF

• **Main source of 1-C units - serine**

