



Wildlife of the UK

Wildlife includes all non-domesticated plants, animals and other organisms.

- Wildlife can be found in all ecosystems. Deserts, rain forests, plains, and other areas- including the most developed urban cities- all have distinct forms of wildlife.

Animal Life

- Carnivorous:
 - badger (барсук)
 - raccoon (енот)
 - fox
 - otter (выдра)
 - stoat (горноста́й)
 - weasel (ласка)





©Terry Thormin







Foxes

- Body is 56-77 cm long. The pointed nose, pointed ears and bushy tail make this redish-brown animal unmistakable. Foxes live in family groups. Active mostly at night. The fox preys on rabbits, hares, rats and ground-nesting birds, including domestic hens and ducks.



Rodents:

- Squirrels
- Mice
- Rats
- Rabbits
- hares





Red squirrel.

- Body is up to 25 cm long. Two colour phases exist on the continent: dark greyish-brown and russet red. Restricted mainly to Scotland and Ireland in the British Isles. Will eat insects, nestling birds and eggs.



Insectivores:

- Hedgehogs
- Moles (кроты)
- Shrews (землеройки)





© diaitime.be



© РЫБКА-в-рукаве by RC-MIR.com



Hedgehog:

- Body is 20-30 cm long. The rounded, rather short body is covered with spines. Hedgehog has pointed nose, small ears and eyes and pointed teeth. It eats invertebrates, including slugs, worms and beetles, as well as bird's eggs.



Amphibians and Reptiles:



- There are 3 species of newts (тритон) and 5 species of frogs and toads in the UK.
- There are several species of snakes in the UK, but only the adder is dangerous.

Birds:



- Wild pigeon
- Pheasant
- Grouse (куропатка)
- Sparrow
- Blackbird (дрозд)
- Chaffinch (зяблик)
- Starling (водорез)





COPYRIGHT © 2004-2006 BORIS KRYLOV, WWW.MACRO-PHOTO.ORG



Photo by Dmitry Deshevskiy







Are you tired???



The End

