```
C__ld y__ p_ss m_
p__c_ f str_ng, pl__s_.
_ou_ _ou _a_ _e a
 ie_e o_ __i_
      ea e.
```

Consonant sounds

Consonants are made with air stream that meets an obstruction in the mouth or nasal cavities. That is why in the production of consonant sounds there is a certain degree of noise

On the articulatory level the consonants change:

- 1. In the degree of noise
- 2. In the manner of articulation
- 3. In the place of articulation

The degree of noise

Noise consonants

Sonorants

Noise consonants

- Voiced
- Weak (lenis)
- bdgvzð3d3

- Voiceless
- Strong (fortis)

```
ptkfsθt∫ h
```

sonorants

mnŋwlrj

The manner of articulation

- Occlusive
- Constrictive
- Occlusive-constrictive (affricates)
- Rolled

Occlusive noise consonants

- Voiced
- Weak
- b d g

- Voiceless
- Strong
- ptk

Occlusive sonorants

m n ŋ

Constrictive noise consonants (fricatives)

- Voiced
- Weak
- vzð3

- Voiceless
- Strong

f s θ \int h

Constrictive sonorants

wrlj

Affricates

- Voiced
- Weak
 - d₃

- Voiceless
- Strong

t

The place of articulation

unicentral bicentral

The place of articulation

- Labial
- Lingual
- Glottal

Labial consonants

BilabialLabio-dentalb m wf v

Lingual consonants

- Forelingual
- Mediolingual
- Backlingual

Forelingual consonants

- Apical
- t d s z f 3 θ ð d3 t∫ n l
 - Dorsal
 - Cacuminal r

Forelingual consonants

- •Interdental θ δ
- Dental
- Alveolar t d s z n l
- Post-alveolar r

Mediolingual consonant Backlingual consonants k g

Glottal consonant

h

Vowel sounds

Vowels are normally made with the air stream that meets no closure or narrowing in the mouth, pharyngeal or nasal cavities. That is why in the production of vowel sounds there is no noise component characteristic of consonant sounds

On the articulatory level vowels are classified according to

- The stability of articulation
- The tongue position
- The lip position
- The character of the vowel end
- The degree of tenseness
- Length

Stability of articulation

Monophthongs

• Diphthongs eɪ aɪ ɔɪ eə ʊə ɪə əʊ aʊ

Diphthongoids

i: u:

Tongue position

- Fully front
- Front retracted
- Central
- Fully back
- Back advanced

- i: e æ
 - Ι
- 3: 0 Λ
- D 0: u:
 - **წ** ე:

Tongue position

close (high)

i: I U u:

• mid

e 3: Ə

• open (low)

Λæ b a:

Tongue position

Diphthongs

centring

closing

eə və iə əv av

eI aI JI

Lip position

rounded

บ ว: ช u:

unrounded

Degree of tenseness

• Lax short vowels

Tense long vowels

Character of the vowel end

Checked

```
vowel + weak voiceless consonant cart
```

Unchecked/free

```
vowel + strong voiced consonant vowel + Ø head
```

Length

Short Long

Length Linguistic factors

- Position of the vowel in a word
 tie tied tight
- Word stress
 forecast ['fo:kast]
 to forecast [fo'ka:st]
- The number of syllables in a word verse [3:] is longer than in university