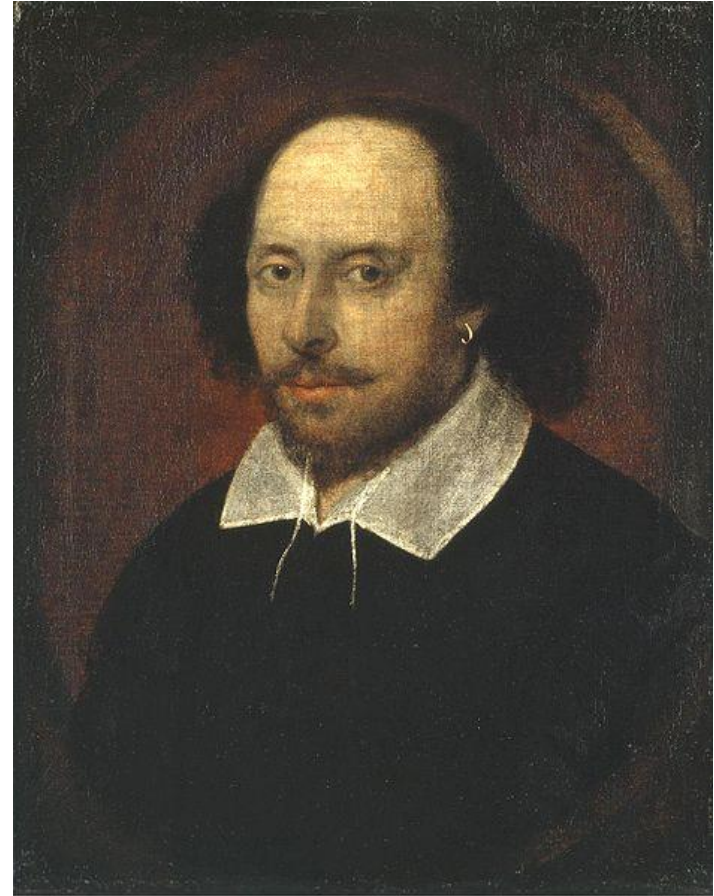


English Writers



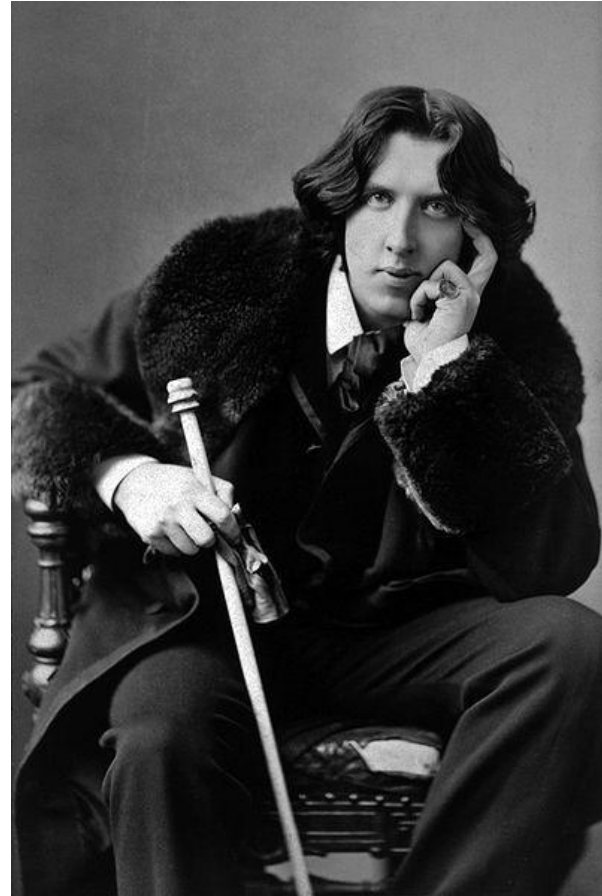
Willam Shakespeare

- William Shakespeare (baptised 26 April 1564 – died 23 April 1616) was an English poet and playwright, widely regarded as the greatest writer in the English language and the world's preeminent dramatist. He is often called England's national poet and the "Bard of Avon". His surviving works, including some collaborations, consist of 38 plays, 154 sonnets, two long narrative poems, and several other poems. His plays have been translated into every major living language and are performed more often than those of any other playwright.
- Shakespeare was born and raised in Stratford-upon-Avon.



Oscar Wilde

- **Oscar Fingal O'Flahertie Wills Wilde (16 October 1854 – 30 November 1900) was an Irish playwright, poet and author of numerous short stories and one novel. Known for his biting wit, he became one of the most successful playwrights of the late Victorian era in London, and one of the greatest celebrities of his day. Several of his plays continue to be widely performed.**
- **Novels**
- **The Picture of Dorian Gray (1890)**
- **Teleny, or The Reverse of the Medal (Paris, 1893)**



John Galsworthy

- **John Galsworthy**
(14 August 1867 – 31 January 1933) was an [English](#) (14 August 1867 – 31 January 1933) was an English [novelist](#) and playwright. Notable works include [The Forsyte Saga](#) (1906—1921) and its sequels, *A Modern Comedy* and *End of the Chapter*. He won the [Nobel Prize in](#)



Daniel Defoe

- **Daniel Defoe**, (c. 1659-1661 — 24 April 1731) born **Daniel Foe**, was an [English](#), was an English [writer](#), was an English writer, [journalist](#), was an English writer, journalist, and [pamphleteer](#), who gained enduring fame for his novel [Robinson Crusoe](#). Defoe is notable for being one of the earliest proponents of the [novel](#). Defoe is notable for being one of the earliest proponents of the novel, as he helped to popularise the form in [Britain](#). Defoe is notable for being one of the earliest proponents of the novel, as he helped to popularise the form in Britain, and is even referred to by some as one of the founders of the [English novel](#). Defoe is notable for being one of the earliest proponents of the novel, as he helped to popularise the form in Britain, and is even referred to by some as one of the founders of the English novel. A prolific and versatile writer, he wrote more than five hundred



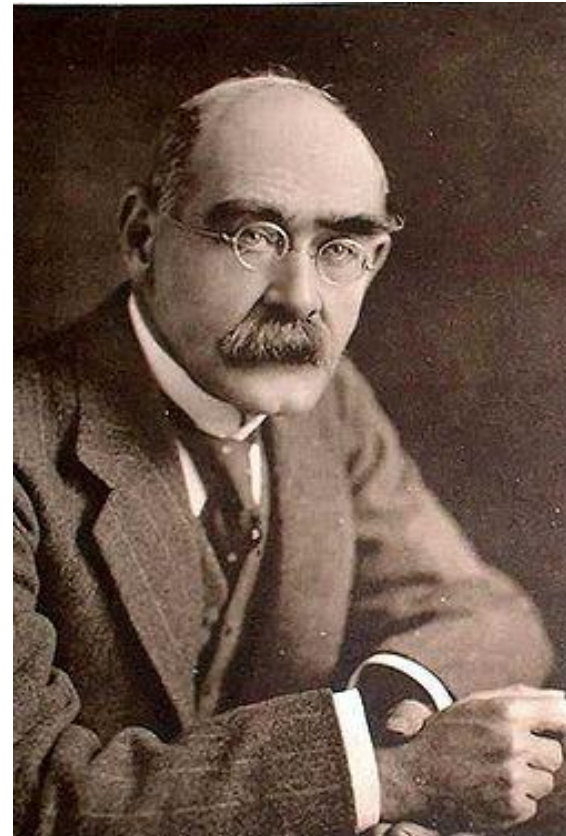
Charles John Huffam Dickens

- **Charles John Huffam Dickens** (7 February 1812 – 9 June 1870), pen-name "**Boz**", was the most popular English novelist of the [Victorian era](#), was the most popular English novelist of the Victorian era and one of the most popular of all time. He created some of literature's most memorable characters. His novels and short stories have never gone [out of print](#).



Rudyard Kipling

- **Rudyard Kipling** (30 December 1865 – 18 January 1936) was a British [author](#) (30 December 1865 – 18 January 1936) was a British author and poet. Born in [Bombay](#) (30 December 1865 – 18 January 1936) was a British author and poet. Born in Bombay, [British India](#), he is best known for his works of fiction [The Jungle Book](#) (1894) (a collection of stories which includes [Rikki-Tikki-Tavi](#)), [Kim](#) (1901) (a tale of adventure), many short stories, including [The Man Who Would Be King](#) (1888); and his poems, including [Mandalay](#) (1890), [Gunga Din](#) (1890).



Arthur Conan Doyle

- **Sir Arthur Ignatius Conan Doyle**, (22 May 1859 – 7 July 1930) was a British author most noted for his stories about the [detective](#), (22 May 1859 – 7 July 1930) was a British author most noted for his stories about the detective [Sherlock Holmes](#), (22 May 1859 – 7 July 1930) was a British author most noted for his stories about the detective Sherlock Holmes, which are generally considered a major innovation in the field of [crime fiction](#), (22 May 1859 – 7 July 1930) was a British author most noted for his stories about the detective Sherlock Holmes, which are generally considered a major innovation in the field of crime fiction, and for the adventures of [Professor](#)



Lewis Carroll

□ Charles Lutwidge Dodgson

(27 January 1832 – 14 January 1898), better known by the [pen name](#) **Lewis Carroll**, was an English author, [mathematician](#), was an English author, mathematician, [logician](#), was an English author, mathematician, logician, [Anglican](#), was an English author, mathematician, logician, Anglican [deacon](#), was an English author, mathematician, logician, Anglican deacon and [photographer](#). His most famous writings are [Alice's Adventures in Wonderland](#) and its sequel [Through the Looking-Glass](#) as well as the poems "[The Hunting of the Snark](#)" as well as the poems "The Hunting of the Snark" and "The Hunting of the Snark".



Alan Milne

- **Alan Alexander Milne** (18 January 1882 – 31 January 1956) was an [English](#) (18 January 1882 – 31 January 1956) was an English [author](#) (18 January 1882 – 31 January 1956) was an English author, best known for his [books](#) (18 January 1882 – 31 January 1956) was an English author, best known for his books about the [teddy bear](#) (18 January 1882 – 31 January 1956) was an English author, best



John Tolkien

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- **John Ronald Reuel Tolkien,**
 - (3 January 1892 – 2 September 1973) was an [English](#) (3 January 1892 – 2 September 1973) was an English [writer](#) (3 January 1892 – 2 September 1973) was an English writer, [poet](#) (3 January 1892 – 2 September 1973) was an English writer, poet, [philologist](#) (3 January 1892 – 2 September 1973) was an English



J.K.Rowling

- **Joanne "Jo" Murray**, (née **Rowling**; born 31 July 1965), better known under the pen name **J. K. Rowling** is a British is a British author best known as the creator of the Harry Potter fantasy fantasy series, the idea for which was conceived whilst on a train trip from Manchester fantasy series, the idea for which was conceived whilst on a train trip from Manchester to London in 1990. The *Potter* books have gained worldwide attention, won multiple awards, sold more than 400 million copies, and been the basis for a popular series of films.



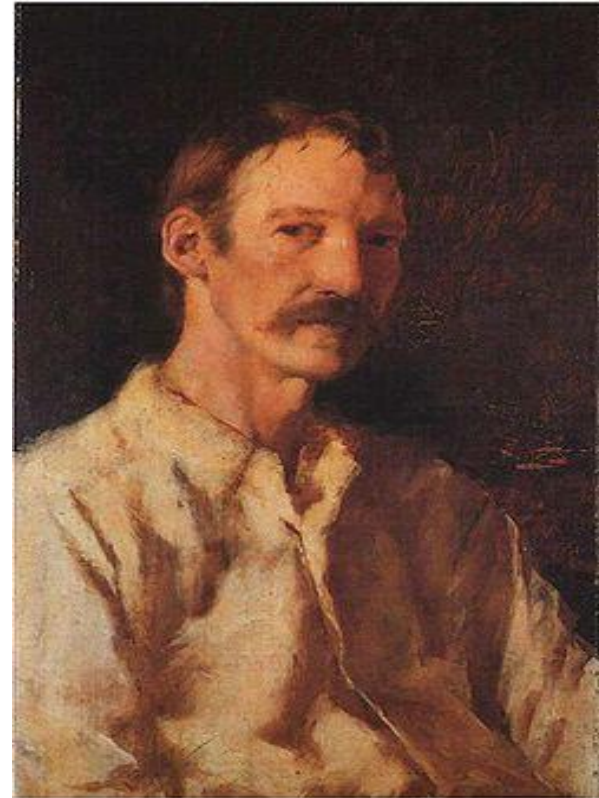
Somerset Maugham

- William Somerset Maugham (25 January 1874 – 16 December 1965) was an English playwright, novelist and short story writer. He was among the most popular writers of his era, and reputedly, the highest paid author during the 1930s.



Robert Louis Stevenson

- (13 November 1850 – 3 December 1894) was a Scottish novelist, poet, essayist and travel writer. Stevenson was greatly admired by many authors, including Jorge Luis Borges, Ernest Hemingway etc...
- Novels
- Treasure Island (1883) His first major success, a tale of piracy, buried treasure, and adventure, has been filmed frequently. He originally entitled it The Sea Cook but an editor changed it.
- The Black Arrow: A Tale of the Two Roses (1883) An historical adventure novel and romance set during the Wars of the Roses.
- Prince Otto (1885) Stevenson's third full-length narrative, an action romance set in the imaginary Germanic state of Grunewald.



George Gordon Byron

- (22 January 1788– 19 April 1824) was a British poet and a leading figure in Romanticism. Amongst Byron's best-known works are the brief poems *She Walks in Beauty*, *When We Two Parted*, and *So, we'll go no more a roving*, in addition to the narrative poems *Childe Harold's Pilgrimage* and *Don Juan*. He is regarded as one of the greatest British poets and remains widely read and influential, both in the English-speaking world and beyond.

