



**She is Sally. She is riding her bike...**

**but ups!!**

**...her bicycle has a flat tire !**





**She goes to her father and tells him:**

**-My bicycle has a flat tire.  
can you repair it for me?**

**Her father says:**

**-Okay, but I can't do it now.  
I'll rapair it tomorrow.**

**Later, Sally's mother speaks to her husband:**

**-Can you repair Sally's bicycle?  
It has a flat tire.**

**...and he answers:**

**-Yes, I know. She told me.  
I'm going to repair it tomorrow.**



## WILL or (BE) GOING TO

We use **will** when we decide to do something at the time of speaking. The speaker has not decided before. (Before Sally told her father, he didn't know about the flat tire).

We use **(be) going to** when we have already decided to do something. (Sally's father decided to repair the bicycle before his wife spoke to him).

## Will / Modal

### -Promise

I will help you

### -Predictions

It will be a cold winter this year

### -Future time

He will see her next week

### -General truths

Camels will die if they don't drink water

### -First conditional

If I win the lottery, I will go for a long trip round the world

## Be + Going to

### - Intentions

I'm going to buy that dress, even if I can't afford it

### -Plans that were made earlier

Are you going out later?  
No, I'm going to help my mother

### -Predictions

It's going to rain

### -Immediate future

It's going to rain any minute