



**She is Sally. She is riding her bike...**

**but ups!!**

**...her bicycle has a flat tire !**





**She goes to her father and tells him:**

**-My bicycle has a flat tire.  
can you repair it for me?**

**Her father says:**

**-Okay, but I can't do it now.  
I'll rapair it tomorrow.**

**Later, Sally's mother speaks to her husband:**

**-Can you repair Sally's bicycle?  
It has a flat tire.**

**...and he answers:**

**-Yes, I know. She told me.  
I'm going to repair it tomorrow.**



## WILL or (BE) GOING TO

We use **will** when we decide to do something at the time of speaking. The speaker has not decided before.  
**(Before Sally told her father, he didn't know about the flat tire).**

We use **(be) going to** when we have already decided to do something.  
**(Sally's father decided to repair the bicycle before his wife spoke to him).**



## Will / Modal

### -Promise

I will help you

### -Predictions

It will be a cold winter this year

### -Future time

He will see her next week

### -General truths

Camels will die if they don't drink water

### -First conditional

If I win the lottery, I will go for a long trip round the world

## Be + Going to

### - Intentions

I'm going to buy that dress, even if I can't afford it

### -Plans that were made earlier

Are you going out later?  
No, I'm going to help my mother

### -Predictions

It's going to rain

### -Immediate future

It's going to rain any minute