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# Some considerations in teaching listening

- Listening as a receptive skill
- Listening as an active process
- The difference between listening and reading (spoken and written language)

#### Principles

- Use both top-down & bottom-up knowledge to help effective listening
  - ☐ Combination of BU & TD = interactive processing
  - ☐ Activating previous knowledge => pre-listening activity
  - Provide a context for interpretation and activate background knowledge which help interpretation
- Provide different types of listening
  - ☐ Listening for specific information
  - ☐ Listening for global information / gist listening
  - $\square$  Listening between the lines => inferences

#### Principles

- Provide different types of tasks
  - ☐ The students need experience with production task but don't be too much
- Consider the nature of the text
  - ☐ Text difficulties
  - ☐ Text authenticity

### Principles

- Teach listening strategies
  - Predicting
  - □ Inferring
  - ☐ Monitoring
  - Clarifying
  - ☐ Responding
  - Evaluating

#### Classroom Technique and Tasks

- Dictation
- Cloze procedure
- Listening for gist
- Inferential listening

#### In the classroom

- 1. A warm-up activities
- 2. A main listening task
- 3. A speaking task related to the previous task

## Types of listening activities

- 1. No overt response: The learners do not have to do anything
  - Stories
  - Songs
  - Entertainment: films, theatre, video

#### 2. Short Response

- Obeying instruction
- Ticking off items
- True/false
- Detecting mistakes
- Cloze
- Guessing definitions
- Skimming and scanning

## Types of listening activities

#### 3. Longer responses

- Answering questions
- Note-taking
- Paraphrasing and translating
- Summarizing
- Long gap-filling

#### 4. Extended responses ("combined skills" activities)

- Problem-solving
- Interpretation

## Thank You

