Exploring the World

Wonders of the World

The Pharos of Alexandria

The **Pharos of Alexandria** was a tower built in the 3rd century BC on the island of Pharos in Alexandria, Egypt. It served as the port's landmark, and later, its lighthouse.



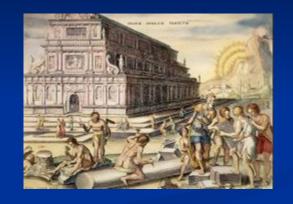
Pyramids



The **Pyramids of Egypt**, among the largest constructions ever built by man, constitute one of the most mightiest symbols of the ancient Egyptian civilization. It is generally accepted by most archeologists that they were constructed as burial monuments.

The Temple of Artemis at Ephesus





The site of the **Temple of Artemis** at **Ephesus** is in Turkey. Some remnants recreate columns, but nothing remains of the original temple.

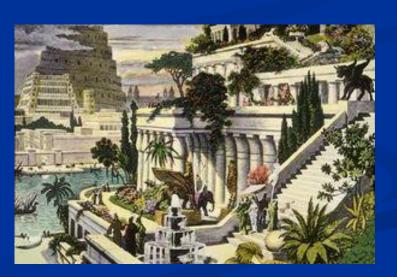
Statue of Zeus at Olympia



The **Statue of Zeus at Olympia** is one of the classical Seven Wonders of the Ancient World . It was created by the famous classical sculptor Phidias in the 5th century BC in Olympia.

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon and the Walls of Babylon were considered one of the Seven Wonders of the World. They were both built by Nebuchadnezzar II around 600 BC.



The Colossus of Rhodes

• The Colossus of Rhodes was a giant statue of the god Helios, erected on the Greek island between 292 BC and 280 BC. It was roughly the same size as the Statue of Liberty in New York, although it stood on a lower platform. It is one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.



The Mausoleum at Halicarnassus

The Mausoleum was named after the King Mausol it was built for in 353 BC. The tomb made a great impression on anyone who saw it. Today only a few fragments of the Mausoleum remain.

