

We use Simple Present Tense to:

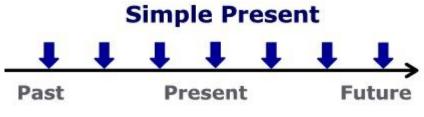
Talk about facts (something that exists or occurs)

This jacket <u>costs</u> \$85.00.

I <u>live</u> in Ecuador.



Actions that happen again and again. (habits, regular occurences, customs, routines)



Pedro <u>watches</u> TV every night.





•Add <u>S</u> to most verbs.

•Add <u>ES</u> to verbs that end in: CH - O - S - SH - X - Z watchES - doES - kissES - washES - fixES - buzzES

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I You { go We They {	I You We They	$\begin{bmatrix} Do \\ you & go? \\ we \\ they \end{bmatrix}$
He She It	He She It	Does he go?

TIME EXPRESSIONS

- •every day / month / year once a day / week / month / year twice a day / week / month / year three times a day/week/month/year •in the morning / evening / afternoon **at night** •always/usually/often/sometimes/never
 - •Today •on Monday
 - •on Monday/Thursday / etc
 •in July / August / etc

We use Present Progressive / Continuous Tense to:

Talk about an action that is happening now. (at the moment of speaking)

present continuous





Negative	Interrogative
I'm not playing	Am I playing?
He isn't playing	Is he playing?
She isn't playing	Is she playing?
It isn't playing	Is it playing?
We aren't playing	Are you playing?
You aren't playing	Are we playing?
They aren't playing	Are they playing?
	I'm not playing He isn't playing She isn't playing It isn't playing We aren't playing You aren't playing

•Verbs that end in <u>E</u>, drop e and add <u>ING</u>.

writ<u>e</u> writ<u>ing</u>

ride rid<u>ing</u>

present continuous

•One syllable verbs that ends in consonant: double the consonant then add <u>ING</u>

stop stopping

<u>run</u> run<u>ning</u>

