How to Jump Start a Car



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Battery Basics I

- The battery provides electrical power to help start the car
- * A battery is good for about 4-5 years
 - After that you are risking trouble
- Green ball indicator
 - Rough indicator that the battery is OK
- * 12.2-12.6 volts is the good range for most batteries
 - Below 12 volts is probably trouble

Battery Basics II

- The battery has a positive and a negative terminal
 - The positive terminal = red cable = "+" sign
 - The negative terminal = black cable = "-" sign
- Battery cables should be connected firmly to the terminals
- * Terminals and battery clamps should be relatively clean
- * Batteries can be dangerous

Inspect the battery physically



Use secure cables



Before You Begin

- Be sure to have jumper cables!
- Bring "jumper" car close to the car with the dead battery
 - Cars should not be touching!
 - The jumper cables should be relatively clean
- Turn off cars and all accessories on both cars
- If you can, measure the battery voltage

Park working car in front of dead battery car



Turn off functional car battery.



Think Positively

- First identify the positive post on each battery
 - The positive post usually has a "+" sign on it (or red cable)
- The safest battery is the dead battery
 - So start there
 - Put the red clamp on the + post of the dead battery
 - Then put red clamp at the other end on the
 - + post of the good battery

Note terminals positions (Positive and Negative)



Connect both ends of jumper cables on the same signs of both batteries



Halfway there!

- * + is done
- While you are at the good battery, attach the black clamp to the negative (-) post
- Attach black clamp at the other end to a solid metal part of the dead car's engine away from the battery
- Start the good car!

Solid metal part of the dead car's engine



Start charged battery's car engine.



Finishing up!

- Rev up the "jumper" car a little bit (to get the alternator running)
- Let the car fast idle for about 30 seconds or so
 - If the battery is super dead it needs a little extra charge
- Start the dead car!
- Reverse the process to release the clamps (-D → -G → +G → +D)

Things to Watch For

- Battery voltage is below 9.5 volts or no green ball
 - Might be better to charge it separately
- # High-voltage starting kits may cause the voltage to go above 17 volts which can damage electronics/computers in car
- Find out why the battery died
 - Lights
 - Wiring, loose fan belt, diode in the alternator, bad grounds, bad battery cable connection...

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