



**PRESENT PERFECT  
OR PRESENT  
PERFECT  
CONTINUOUS**

# ИЗУЧИМ ИНФОРМАЦИЮ ПЕРЕД ТЕСТОМ



Категория настоящего времени в английском языке насчитывает 4 грамматических времени - Present Simple Tense, Present Continuous Tense, Present Perfect Tense и Present Perfect Continuous. Предлагаем вам пройти простой тест на знание последних двух из упомянутых времен.

Основное различие между этими временами заключается в том, завершилось ли действие или длилось. В Present Perfect действие завершилось, переводится на русский язык глаголом

ПРОШЕДШЕГО времени совершенного вида (что сделал?)

В Present Perfect Continuous действие ДЛИЛОСЬ в течение определенного времени и, возможно, продолжается до сих пор, возможно, только что завершилось, но всегда есть указание на то, что действие ПРОДОЛЖАЛОСЬ В ТЕЧЕНИЕ ОПРЕДЕЛЕННОГО ВРЕМЕНИ — есть предлоги since или for. На русский язык переводится глаголом настоящего времени (что делаю?)

Исключение составляют глаголы BE, HAVE, KNOW — они не употребляются в Present Perfect Continuous, поэтому предложения типа «я знаю ее много лет» / «у меня эта машина уже три года» переводятся при помощи Present Perfect: «I have known her for many years » / «I have had this car for three years»

Глагол LIVE также рекомендуется употреблять в Present Perfect: I have lived in this city since my childhood.

# TEST

## Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous

1. Tom's hands are very dirty. He ... his bicycle since morning.

- a) has repaired
- b) has been repairing

2. Tom's bicycle is OK again now. He ... it.

- a) has repaired
- b) has been repairing

3. They ... about it for a long time.

- a) have known
- b) have been knowing

4. How long ... you ... your work?

- a) have ... been doing
- b) have ... done

5. Jane is still writing her composition. She ... it all day.

- a) has been writing
- b) has written

7. - Is it still snowing? - No, it ...

- a) has stopped
- b) has been stopping

8. - How long ... you ... the story? - All day.

- a) have ... been reading
- b) have ... read

9. Tom and John ... in the park since 12 o'clock.

- a) have been playing
- b) had played

10. Look! Somebody ... that window!

- a) has broken
- b) has been breaking

# Present Perfect Continuous is also used for:

- An action which started in the past and lasted for some time. It may be continuing or has finished already with the result visible in the present.

His clothes are dirty because **he's been repairing** his car.

- To express anger, irritation or annoyance

I don't believe it! Sarah **has been using** my perfume again.

## Form

- We form the **Present Perfect Continuous** with  
the subject + **have/has** + **been** + **V**  
ing

**We have been working**

# GRAMMAR PRACTICE

## *Exercise on Present Perfect Progressive*

### **Have or Has?**

Decide whether to use **“have”** or **“has”**

- She ... been asking questions all day long.
- They ... been climbing the mountain.
- We ... been washing the dishes.
- You ... been repairing your computer.
- I ... been working.
- It ... been snowing.
- The boy ... been playing.
- Caty ... been dreaming.
- The men ... been digging a hole.
- Cindy and Bob ... been studying English.



# PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

I	<b>have</b>		
You	<b>have</b>		
He	<b>has</b>	<b>been</b>	working.
She	<b>has</b>		
It	<b>has</b>		
We	<b>have</b>		
They	<b>have</b>		

I	<b>have</b>			
You	<b>have</b>			
He	<b>has</b>	<b>not</b>	<b>been</b>	working.
She	<b>has</b>			
It	<b>has</b>			
We	<b>have</b>			
They	<b>have</b>			

<b>Have</b>	I		
<b>Have</b>	you		
<b>Has</b>	he	<b>been</b>	working?
<b>Has</b>	she		
<b>Has</b>	it		
<b>Have</b>	we		
<b>Have</b>	they		

<b>Yes,</b>		<b>No,</b>		
I	<b>have.</b>	I	<b>have</b>	not.
you	<b>have.</b>	you	<b>have</b>	
he	<b>has.</b>	he	<b>has</b>	
she	<b>has.</b>	she	<b>has</b>	
it	<b>has.</b>	it	<b>has</b>	
we	<b>have.</b>	we	<b>have</b>	
they	<b>have.</b>	they	<b>have</b>	

- **Study the boxes above. Then, complete the sentences below.**

1. My cat has been (sleep) sleeping all day.
2. A: \_\_\_\_\_ Jim \_\_\_\_\_ (do) \_\_\_\_\_ exercise?  
B: Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_. He needs a rest.
3. It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) \_\_\_\_\_ for several days.
4. I failed the test because I \_\_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_\_ (study) \_\_\_\_\_ hard.
5. We \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) \_\_\_\_\_ for two hours.
6. Tracy and Tom \_\_\_\_\_ (play) \_\_\_\_\_ tennis for an hour.
7. A: I'm sorry I'm late. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) \_\_\_\_\_ a long time?  
B: No, I \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) \_\_\_\_\_ your summer holidays?
9. Who \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) \_\_\_\_\_ my cookies?
10. A: You look tired. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (work) \_\_\_\_\_ hard?  
B: Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.
11. I \_\_\_\_\_ (think) \_\_\_\_\_ about quitting my job.
12. Why \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (get) \_\_\_\_\_ up so early recently?





# GRAMMAR PRACTICE

Make sentences in the ***Present Perfect Continuous*** tense.

1. It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) since yesterday.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ this laptop for three years. (use)
3. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ her lessons since morning. (learn)
4. 'You look tired.' 'Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_' (run)
5. Who \_\_\_\_\_ in my bed? (sleep)

# Make the sentences, use Present Perfect Progressive :

- been, have, sleeping, children, 11 o'clock, since.
- For, what, you, been, all this time, have, doing?
- I, reading, the book, three, for, been, have, hours.
- painting, for, two, he, has, already, been, hours.
- We, your, since, sister, have, morning, been, for, waiting.
- She, looking, her shoes, half an hour, for,

# PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

- 1. I'm exhausted. I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) in the library all day.
- 2. It \_\_\_\_\_ (snow) a lot this week.
- 3. your brother and sister been getting along?
- 4. How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you/teach) German?
- 5. We \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV for 3 hours.
- 6. You \_\_\_\_\_ (work) too hard today.

## Exercise : Present Perfect Continuous Tense

1. We (wait) \_\_\_\_\_ here for over half an hour.
2. He (run) \_\_\_\_\_ from table to table taking orders and serving food.
3. We (study) \_\_\_\_\_ since 9 o'clock.
4. How long (you, learn) \_\_\_\_\_ English? .
5. She (take) \_\_\_\_\_ French lessons lately.
6. We (not, exercise) \_\_\_\_\_ enough.
7. I (cook) \_\_\_\_\_ so I'm feeling really hot.
8. She (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema every weekend for years.

*Упражнение 2. Раскройте скобки, предварительно поставив глаголы в форму Present Perfect Continuous.*

1

Olga: Rose! What are you doing here? I \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for you for hours!

Rose: I'm sorry, Olga. I \_\_\_\_\_ (try on) these clothes for two hours. And I haven't decided yet.

2

Greg: Molly! Call our waiter again!

Molly: I \_\_\_\_\_ (try) to call him.

Greg: Molly! We \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) here for twenty-five minutes... and I'm not going to wait any more!

Molly: I'm sorry, dear... but he's again talking to that nice girl.

Greg: Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to her since we came in.

Molly: Waiter!

Waiter: Yes, ma'am ... Do you want the bill?

Molly: The bill! We haven't even got the menu yet!

## Раскрой скобки, используя Present Perfect Progressive:

1. My grandfather (to work) in the garden since he retired.
2. I (to use) this cream since I discovered it.
3. She (to sell) fruit and vegetables for five years.
4. The factory (to produce) these trainers for two years.
5. My mum (to eat) low-calorie foods for six months.
6. My sister (to do) aerobics since last year.
7. I (not to eat) a fried meal since I began to follow a diet.
8. Mary (to use) this toothpaste for a long time.
9. His grandmother (not to smoke) since he visited his heart doctor.
10. She (not to drink) strong tea for many years.

Study the boxes above. Then, complete the sentences below.

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) too much television lately.
2. What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (do)?
3. Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (feel) a little depressed.
4. It \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for two hours.
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music for two hours.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ (write) the report since 7th August 2011?
7. I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) him since 2009.
8. They \_\_\_\_\_ (complete) their work since Monday.
9. Kids \_\_\_\_\_ (play) games for five hours.
10. They \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to office since January 2012.





**Thank you for attention**

