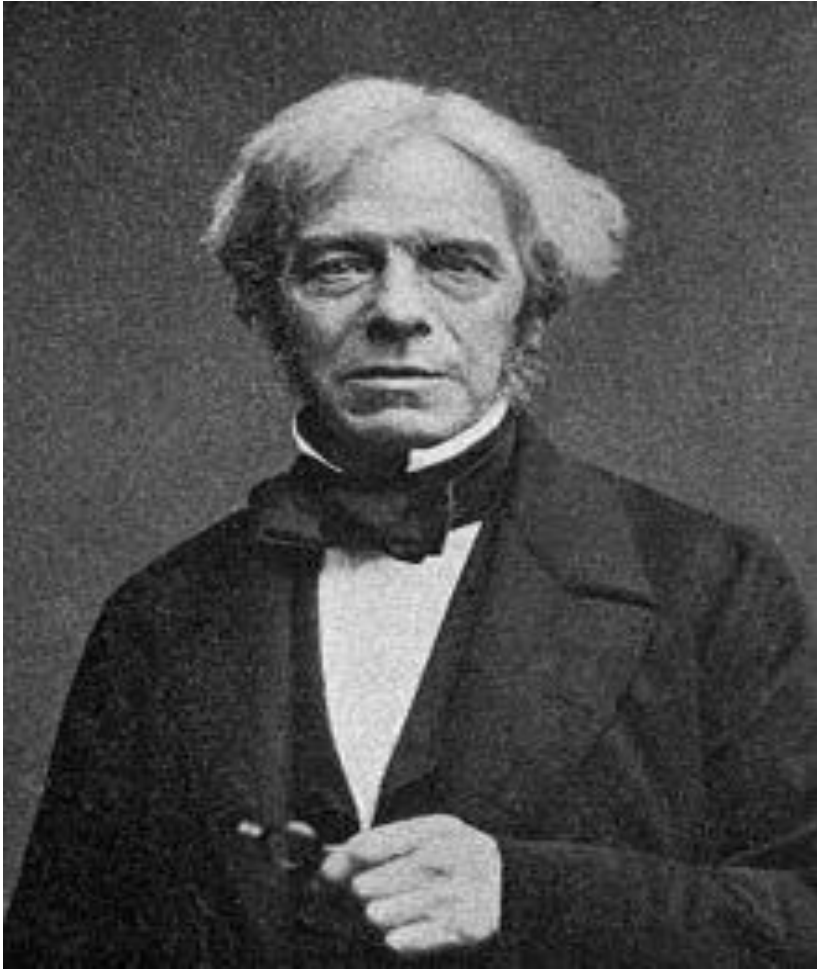


# British Inventions

Презентация Иманова Нурана

# Фарадей Майкл



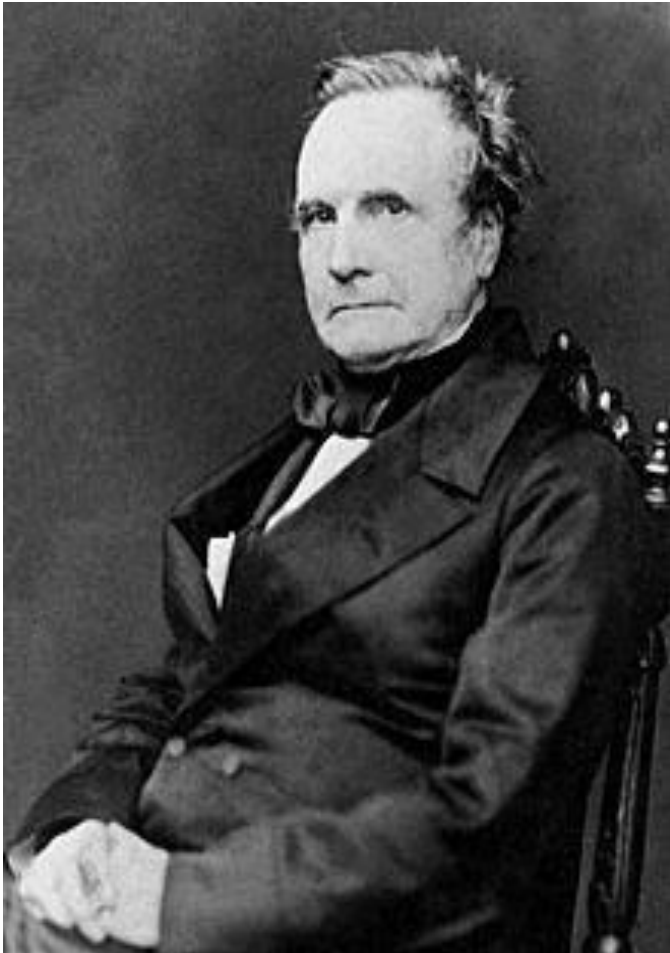
- Faraday - the founder of the doctrine of the electromagnetic field, which is then mathematically designed and developed by Maxwell. The main ideological contribution of Faraday in the physics of electromagnetic phenomena is to abandon the Newtonian principle of action at a distance and in the introduction of the concept of a physical field - a continuous region of space completely filled with lines of force, and interacting with matter

# Стефенсон Джордж



- World renown acquired through them invented the locomotive. Considered one of the "fathers" of the railways. Selected them track width of the track, which is equal to 1,435 mm (4 feet 8½ inches, the so-called "Stephenson" or "broad gauge") has become the most widespread in Western Europe, and is still the standard for railways around the world.

# Бэббидж Чарлз



- He designed and built (1820-22) machine for tabulation. From 1822 he worked on the construction of the Difference Engine. In 1833 he drafted a universal digital computer - a prototype of the modern computer.

# Бэрд Джон Лоуги



- Scottish engineer who became famous for creating the first mechanical television system. Although subsequently mechanical television was expelled developments Vladimir Zworykin and Philo Farnsworth in the field of electronic television, the first TV Byrd - an important step in the development of television.