



Trains.

What is it?



Different means of travelling.



I like to travel, because



(aero)plane(s)



(bi)cycle(s)



boat(s)



bus(es)



car(s)



helicopter(s)



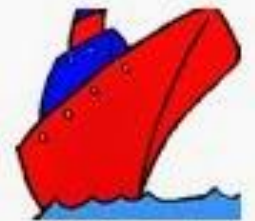
lorry(lorries)



moped(s)



(motor)bike(s)



ship(s)



submarine(s)



tanker(s)



taxi(s)



train(s)



yacht(s)

Trains.

- ✓ A through train
- ✓ A fast train
- ✓ A long-distance train
- ✓ A local train.



- ✓ A train that moves in a particular area (usually an area where you live in).
- ✓ A train you can use to travel all the way to a place without changing trains or buying another ticket.
- ✓ A train that moves at a high speed having few stops.
- ✓ A train covering long distance, taking passengers to far-away places.



Find the translation.

A carriage (Am.E – a car)	Вагон для курящих
A sleeping car	Вагон ресторан
A smoker	Спальный вагон
A non – smoker	Вагон
A dining car (a restaurant car)	Вагон для некурящих



A carriage



A sleeping car



A smoker



A dining car

- ✓ Destination – место назначения
- ✓ A guard - проводник
- ✓ Arrival - прибытие
- ✓ Departure - отправление
- ✓ Board - табло
- ✓ A single ticket – билет в одну сторону
- ✓ A return ticket - билет в обе стороны



Advantages and disadvantages:

- ❖ Safer than other vehicle, trains cannot take you from door to door and places to places, more comfortable, don't need car park, you need a bus or taxi to take you to the railway station, you have to fit timetable and travel at certain times, trains less pollutant than bus.