



**We are launching!**

1

3

7

9

a Read the text. Where do you think the numbers go?

4 165 460 100 365 143,000 150 9

b 1.26 Listen and complete the text with the numbers.

# THE SOLAR SYSTEM

2 At the centre of our solar system is the Sun. The Sun is one of billions of stars in our galaxy – The Milky Way. It isn't a very big star, but it's over <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ times bigger than the Earth. The Earth is approximately <sup>3</sup> 1500 million kilometres from the Sun. All the planets are in orbit around the Sun. That means they go round the Sun.

3 Mars is often called the 'Red Planet'. It's smaller than the Earth and much colder, but some scientists think that there was water on Mars a long time ago – and possibly life, too.

1 There are eight planets in our solar system. Until 2006 there were <sup>1</sup> 9, but scientists decided that Pluto wasn't big enough to be a planet.

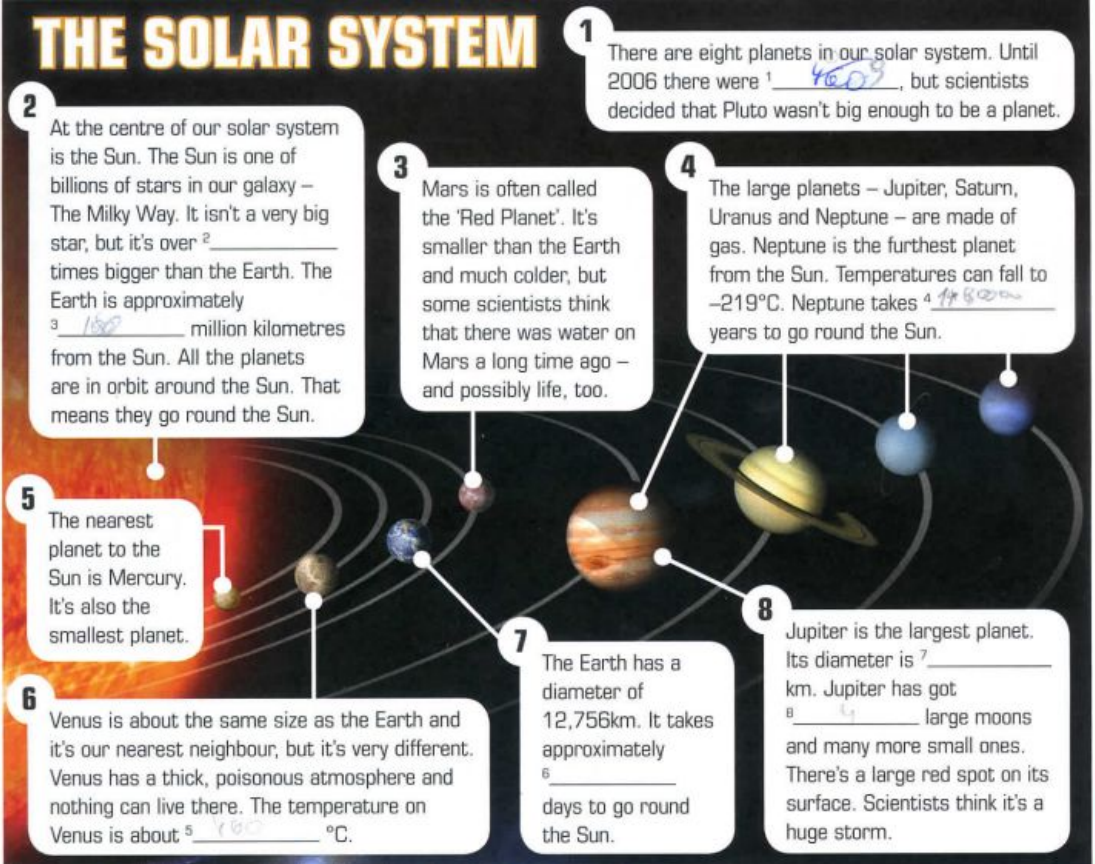
4 The large planets – Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune – are made of gas. Neptune is the furthest planet from the Sun. Temperatures can fall to  $-219^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Neptune takes <sup>4</sup> 17800 years to go round the Sun.

5 The nearest planet to the Sun is Mercury. It's also the smallest planet.

6 Venus is about the same size as the Earth and it's our nearest neighbour, but it's very different. Venus has a thick, poisonous atmosphere and nothing can live there. The temperature on Venus is about <sup>5</sup> 460  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

7 The Earth has a diameter of 12,756km. It takes approximately <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ days to go round the Sun.

8 Jupiter is the largest planet. Its diameter is <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ km. Jupiter has got <sup>8</sup> 4 large moons and many more small ones. There's a large red spot on its surface. Scientists think it's a huge storm.



10

TV.

На газету на столе – кроссворд

На правый экран – вопрос

На левый экран - задание с news report

На окно – назови объекты

Книги на полу - задание с планетами, аудио

