

The background is a dark blue gradient with a subtle pattern of white dots. Overlaid on the left side are several concentric circles and arcs, some with degree markings (140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260) and arrows indicating a clockwise direction. The title text is positioned on the right side of the image.

ПАТТЕРНЫ В ПРОГРАММИРОВАНИИ

Singleton

Type: Creational

What it is:

Ensure a class only has one instance and provide a global point of access to it.

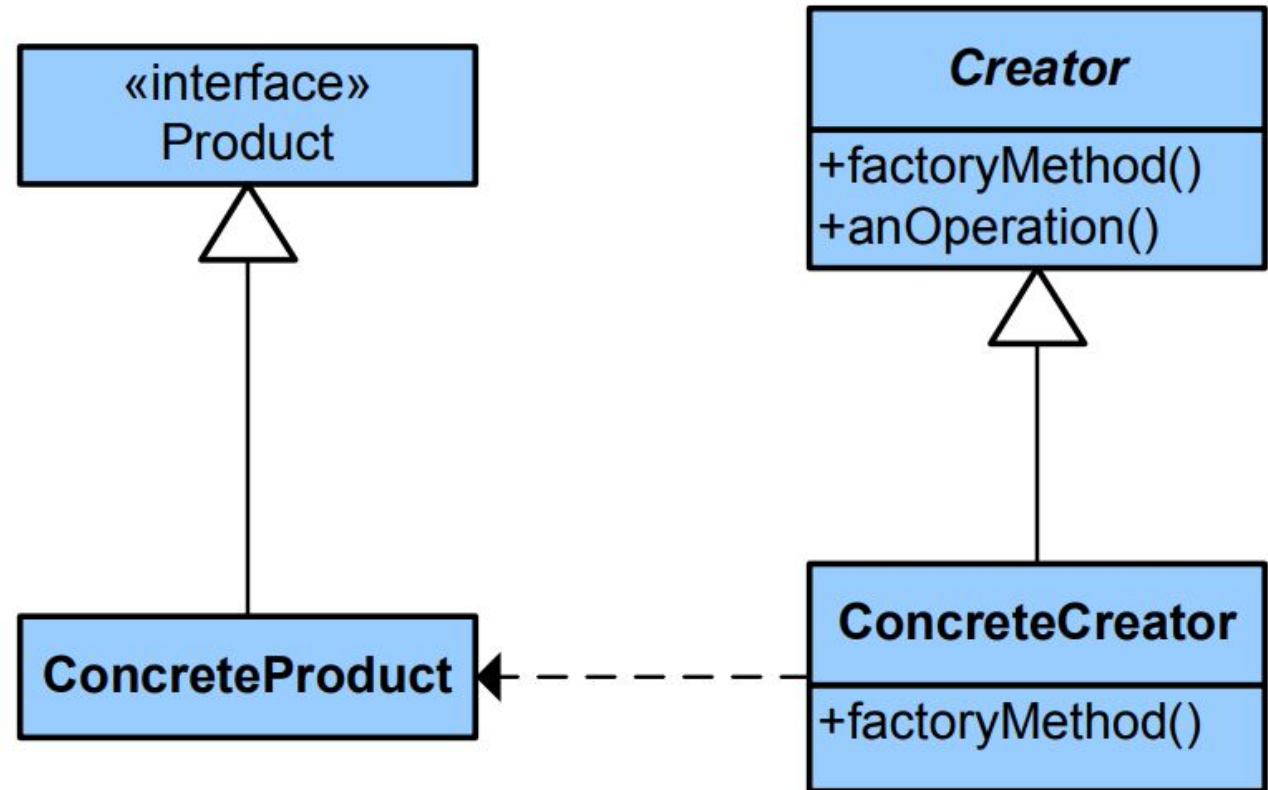
Singleton
-static uniqueInstance -singletonData
+static instance() +SingletonOperation()

Factory Method

Type: Creational

What it is:

Define an interface for creating an object, but let subclasses decide which class to instantiate. Lets a class defer instantiation to subclasses.

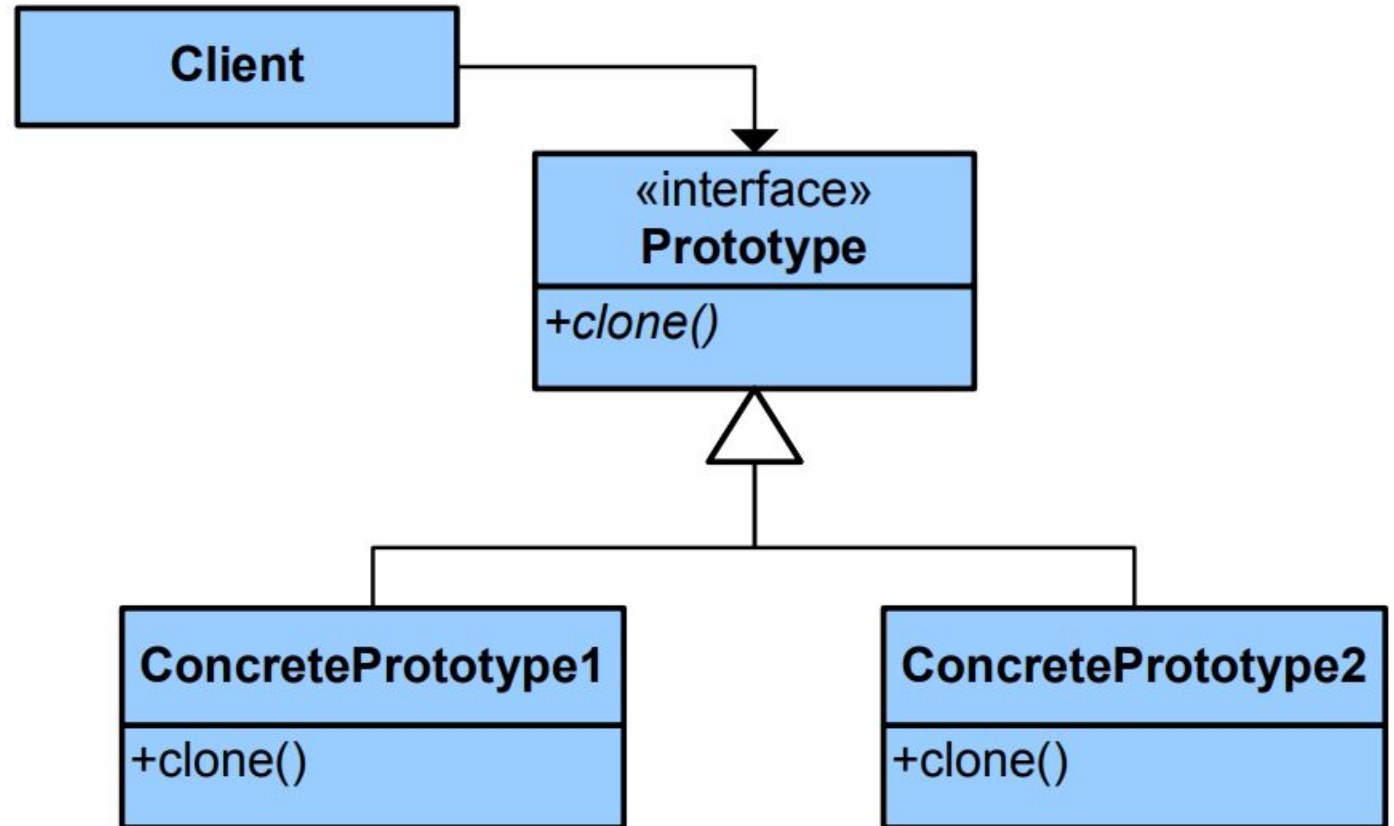


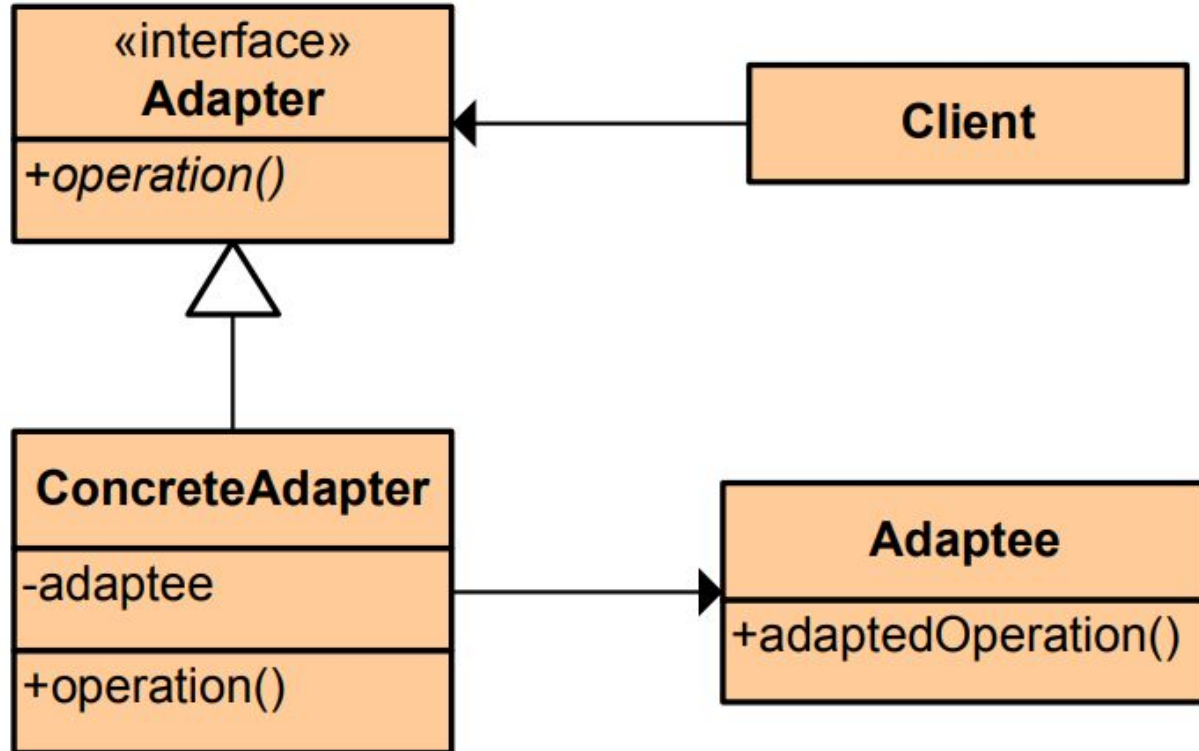
Prototype

Type: Creational

What it is:

Specify the kinds of objects to create using a prototypical instance, and create new objects by copying this prototype.



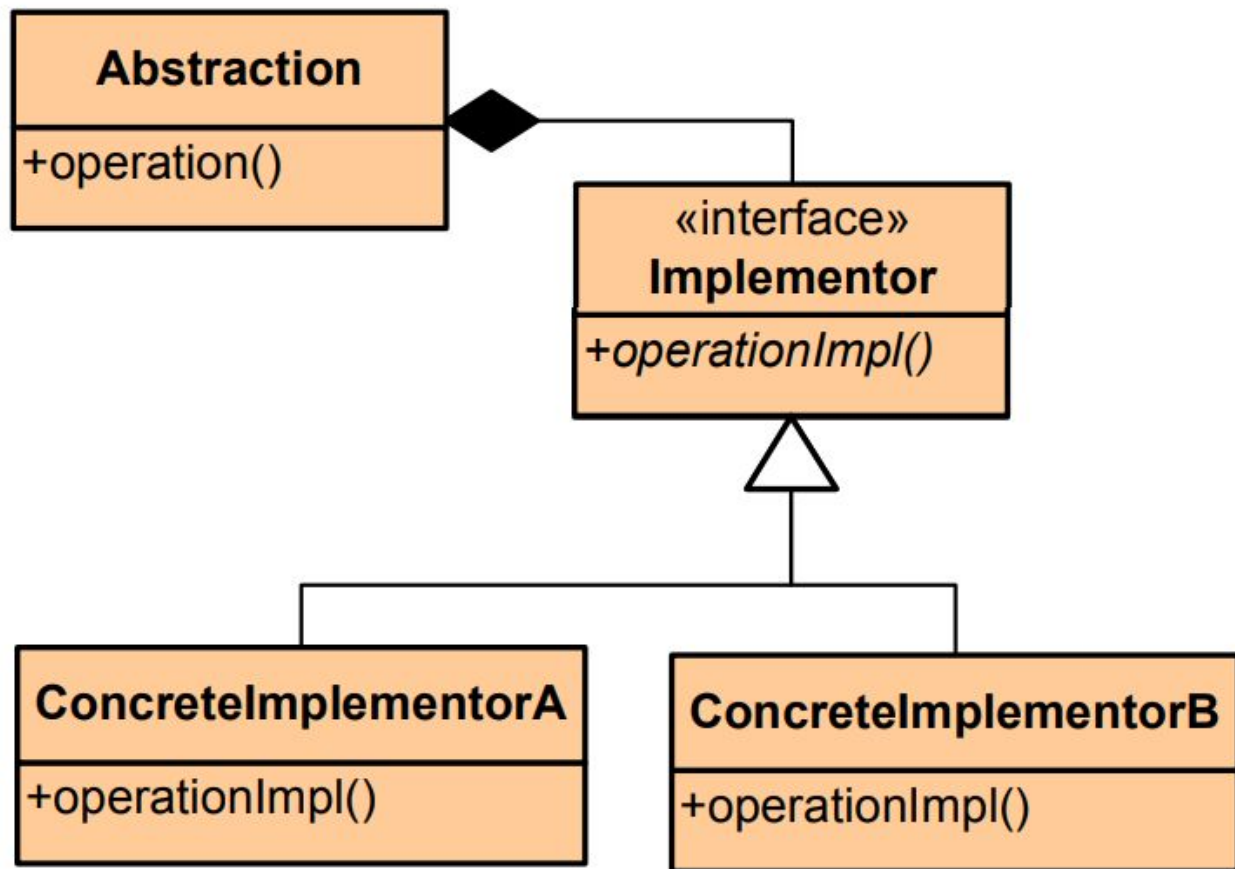


Adapter

Type: Structural

What it is:

Convert the interface of a class into another interface clients expect. Lets classes work together that couldn't otherwise because of incompatible interfaces.



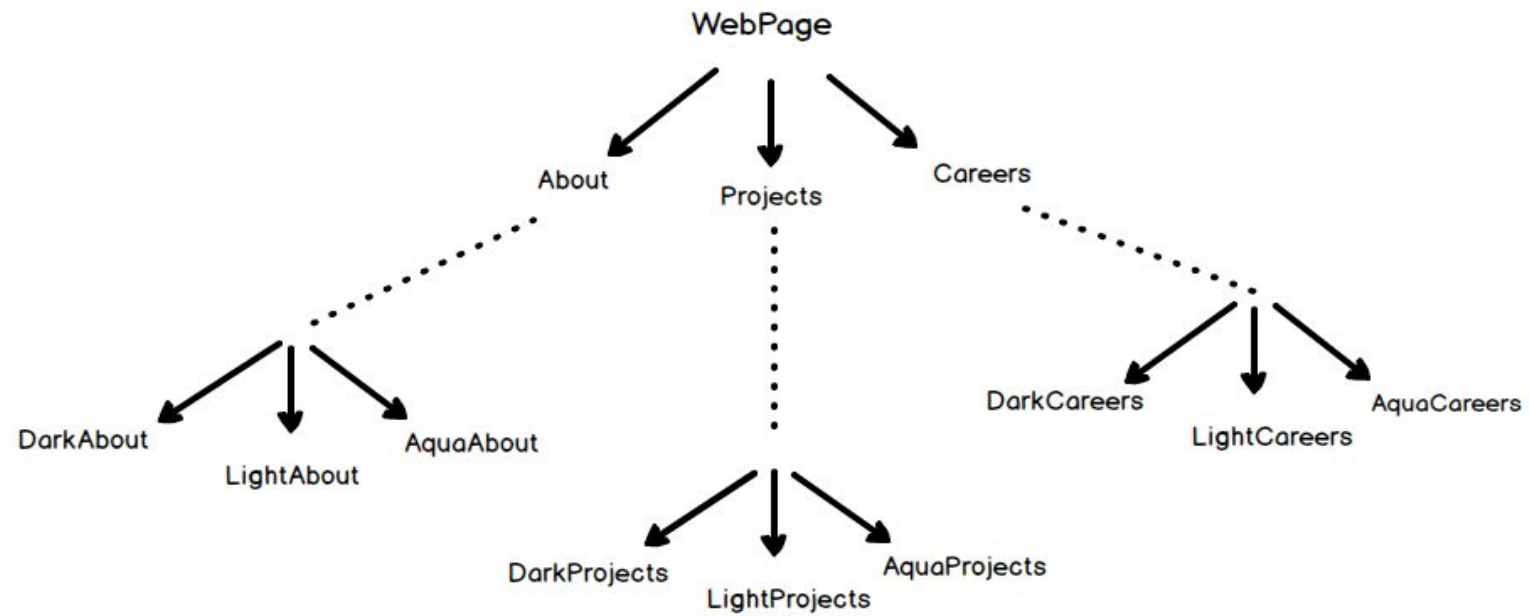
Bridge

Type: Structural

What it is:

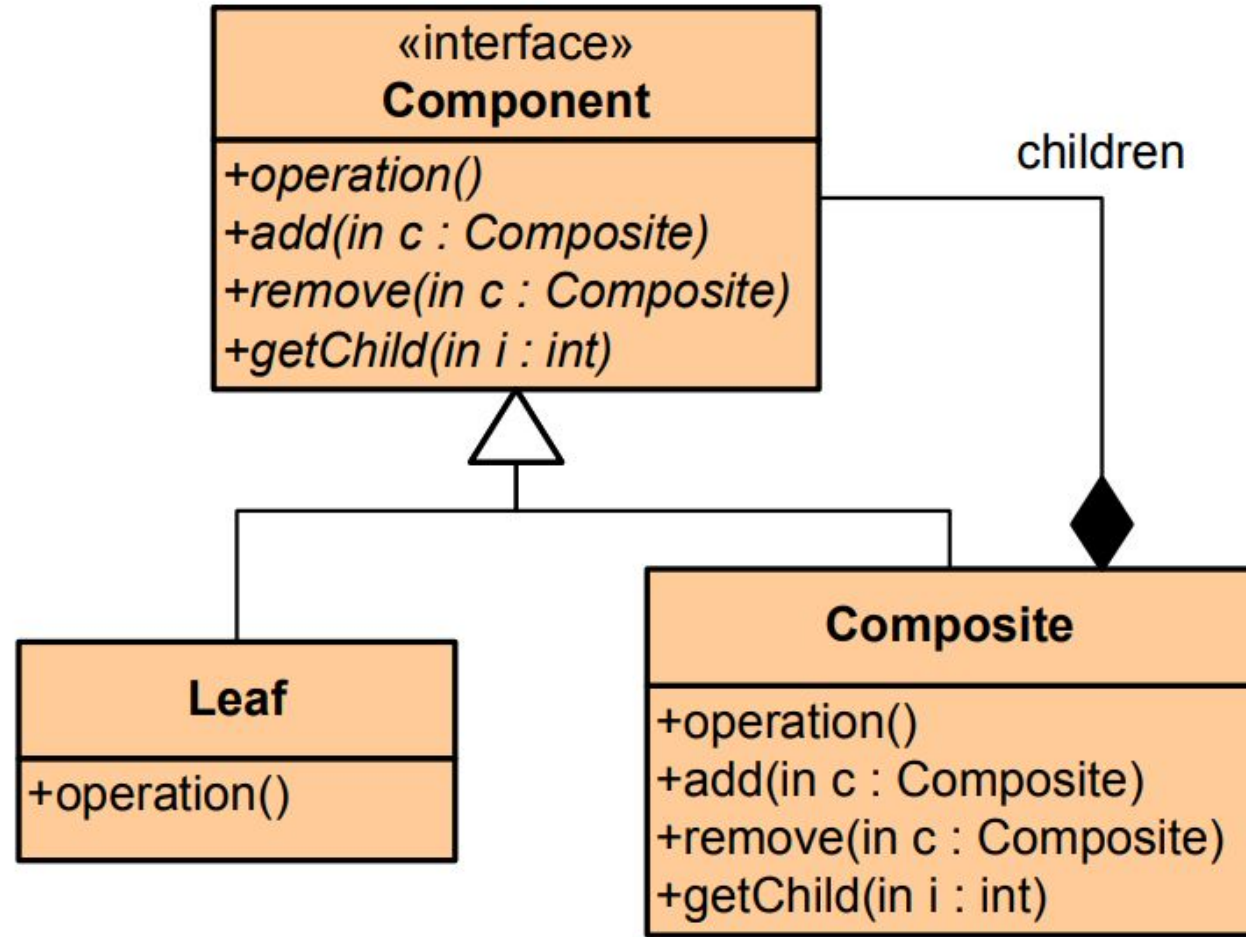
Decouple an abstraction from its implementation so that the two can vary independently.

Without Bridge



With Bridge



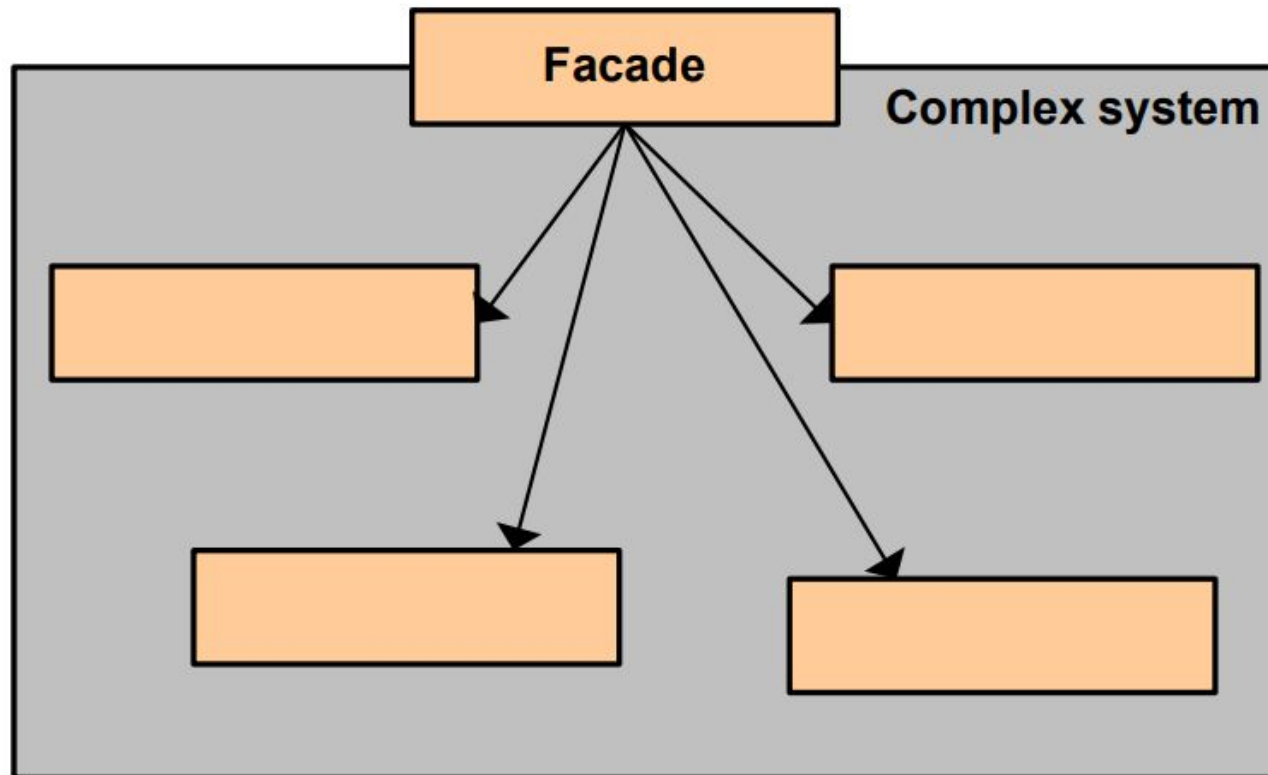


Composite

Type: Structural

What it is:

Compose objects into tree structures to represent part-whole hierarchies. Lets clients treat individual objects and compositions of objects uniformly.



Facade

Type: Structural

What it is:

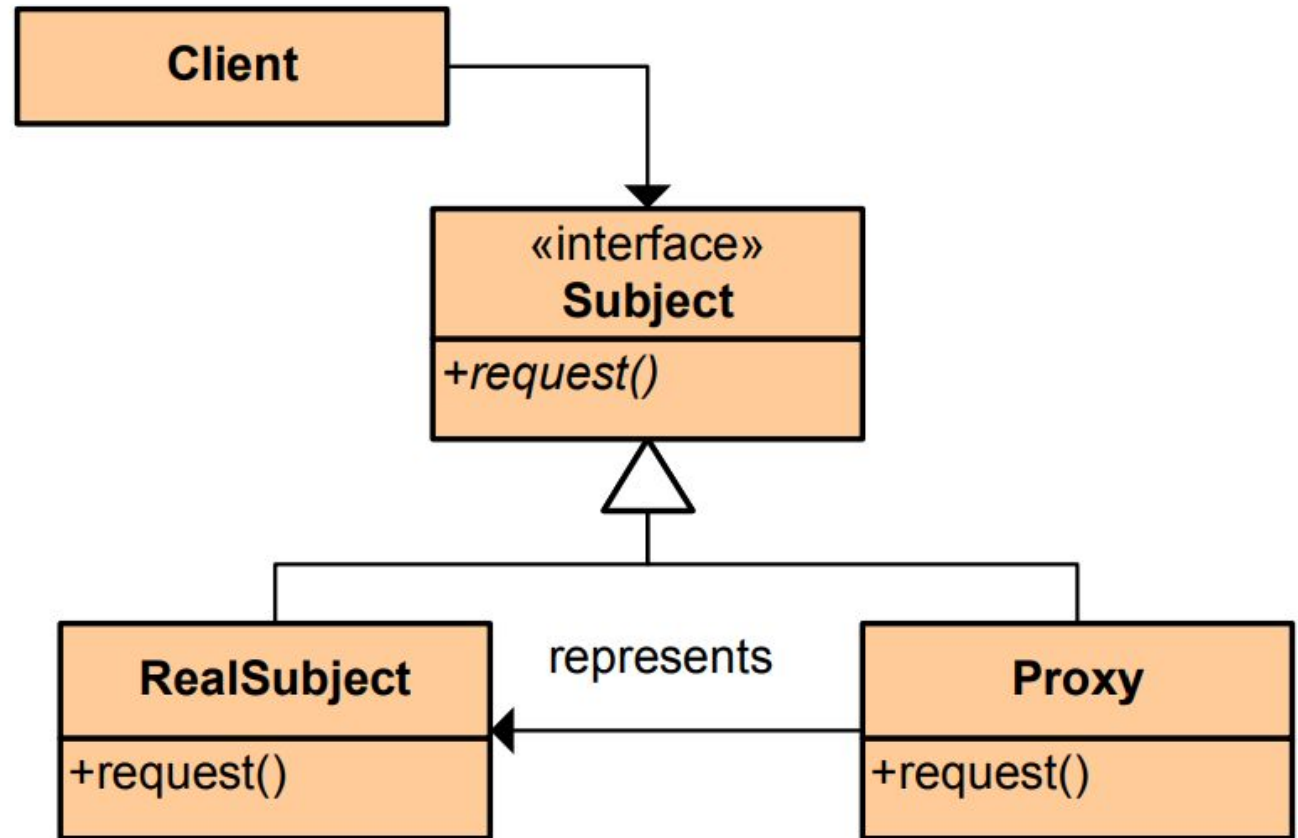
Provide a unified interface to a set of interfaces in a subsystem. Defines a high-level interface that makes the subsystem easier to use.

Proxy

Type: Structural

What it is:

Provide a surrogate or placeholder for another object to control access to it.

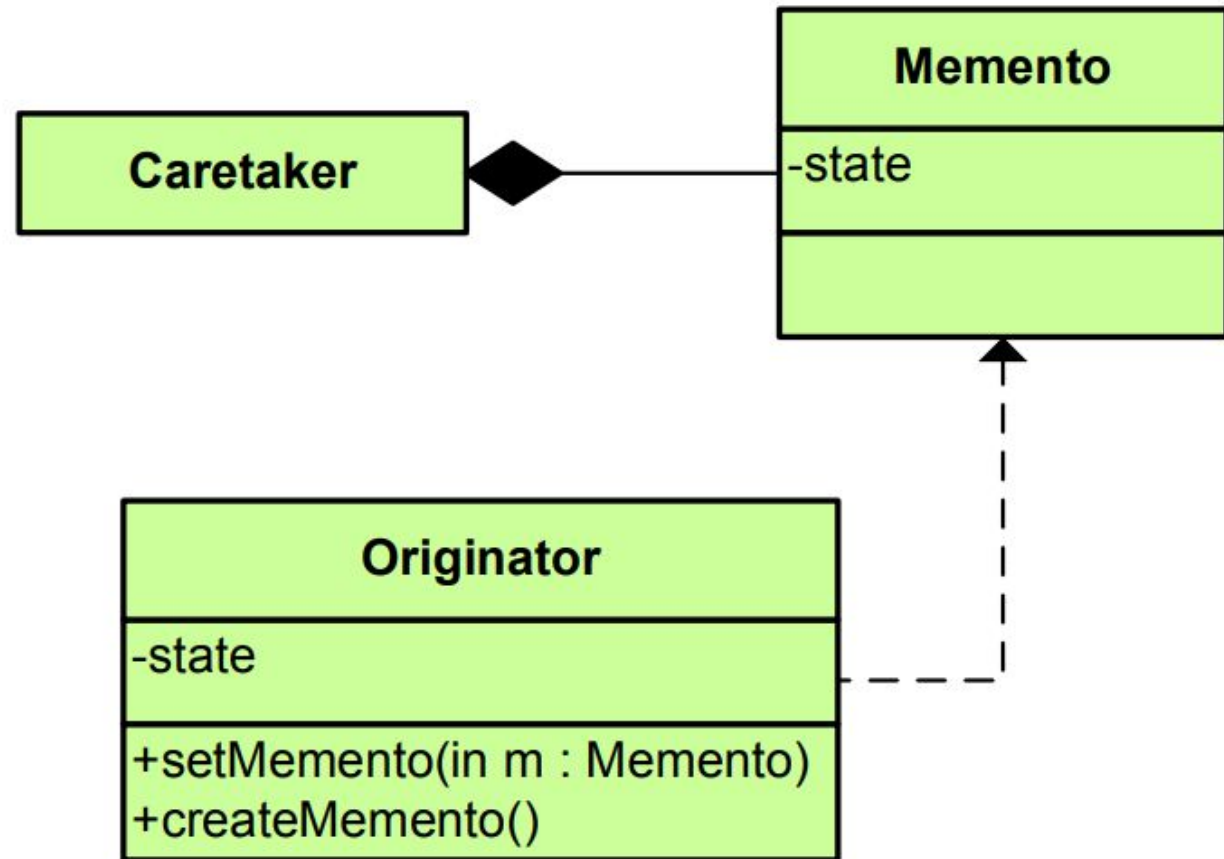


Memento

Type: Behavioral

What it is:

Without violating encapsulation, capture and externalize an object's internal state so that the object can be restored to this state later.

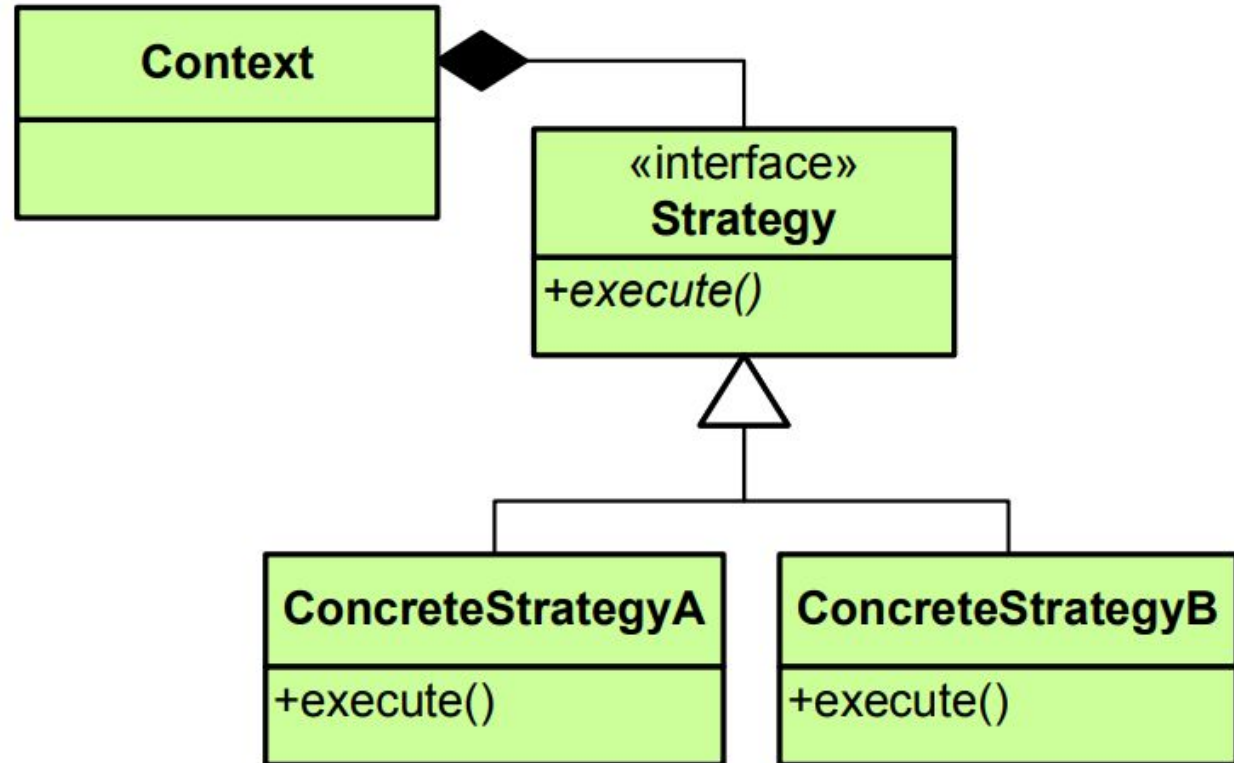


Strategy

Type: Behavioral

What it is:

Define a family of algorithms, encapsulate each one, and make them interchangeable. Lets the algorithm vary independently from clients that use it.

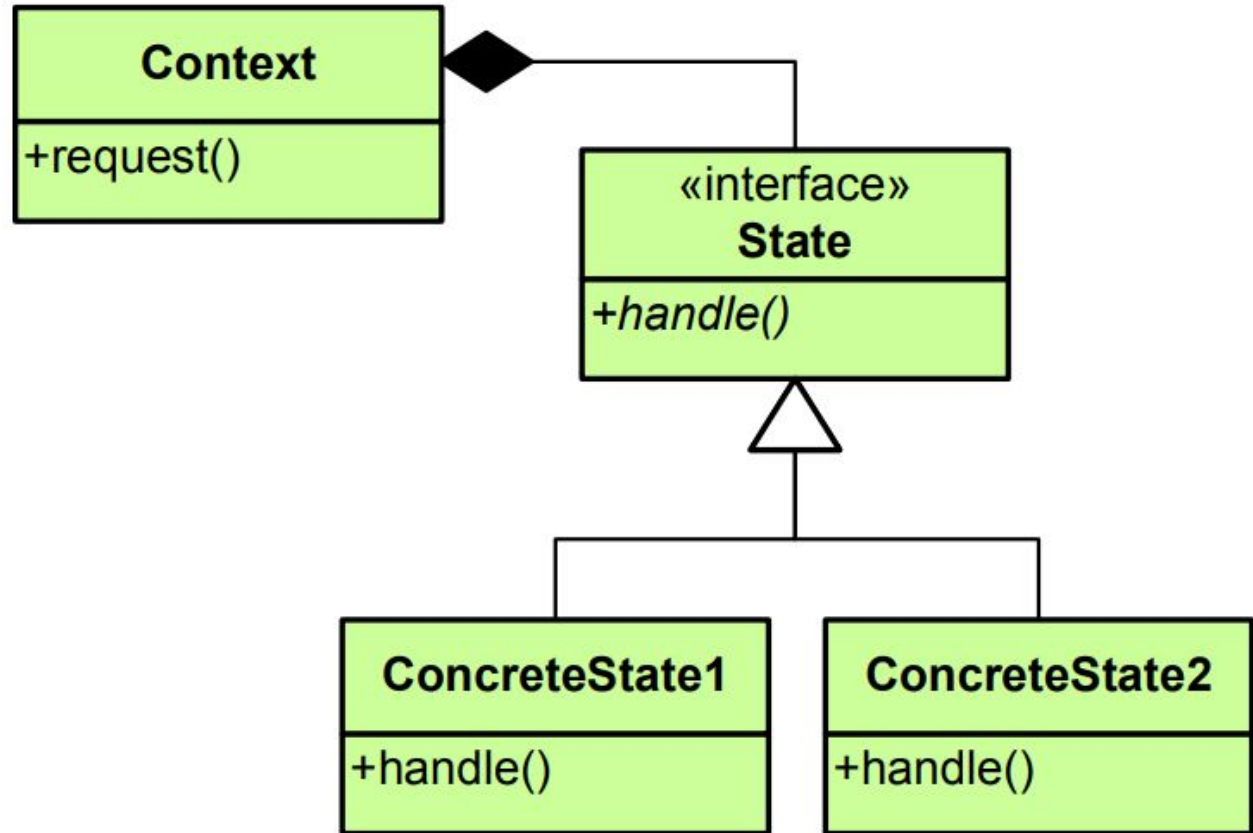


State

Type: Behavioral

What it is:

Allow an object to alter its behavior when its internal state changes. The object will appear to change its class.

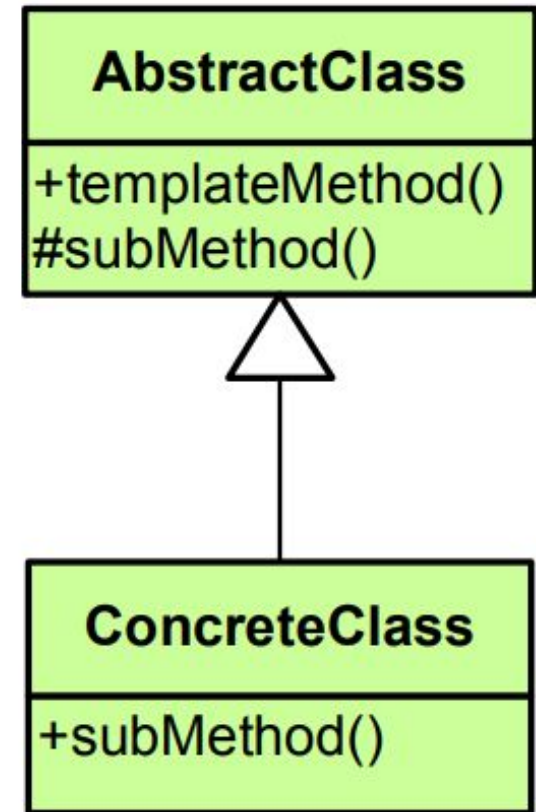


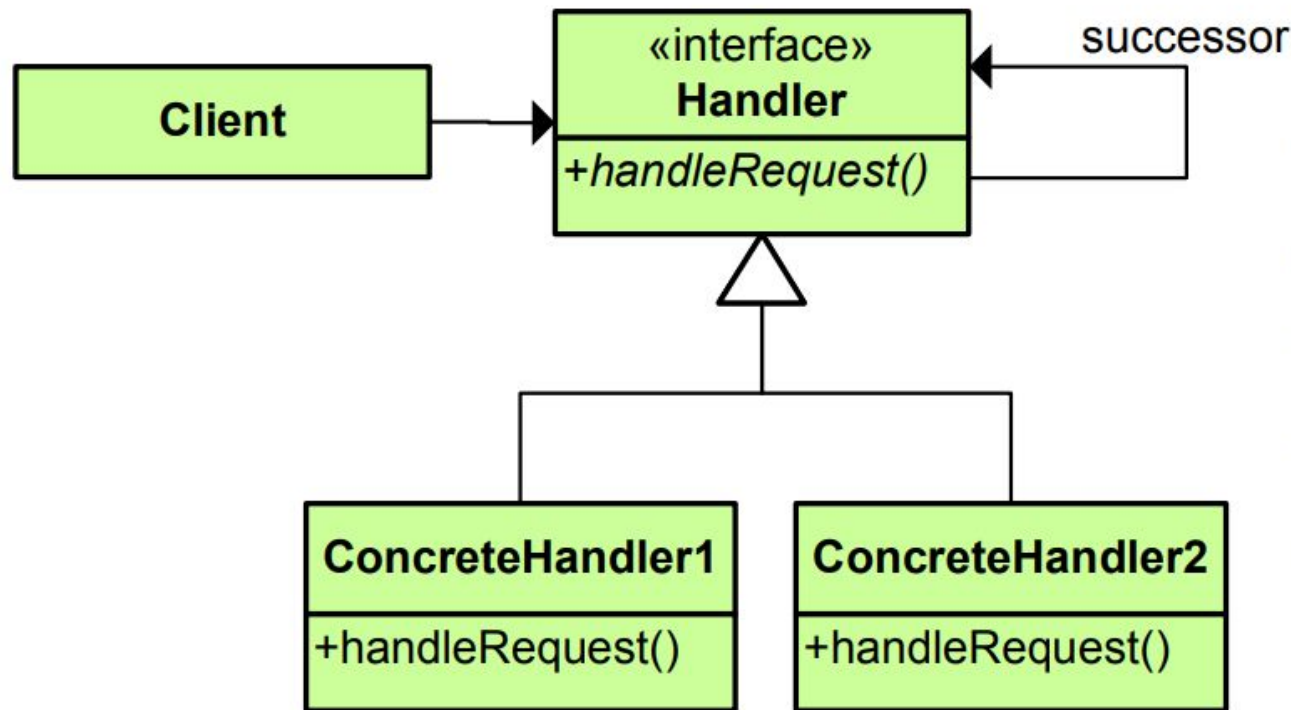
Template Method

Type: Behavioral

What it is:

Define the skeleton of an algorithm in an operation, deferring some steps to subclasses. Lets subclasses redefine certain steps of an algorithm without changing the algorithm's structure.





Chain of Responsibility

Type: Behavioral

What it is:

Avoid coupling the sender of a request to its receiver by giving more than one object a chance to handle the request. Chain the receiving objects and pass the request along the chain until an object handles it.