

Спряжение глаголов в простых временах

Вопрос

Утверждение

Отрицание

Б
у
д
у
щ
е
е

Н
а
с
т
о
я
щ
е
е

П
р
о
ш
е
д
ш
е
е

WILL	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCE?	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WILL DANCE	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WILL NOT DANCE
DO	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCE?	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCE	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DON'T DANCE
DOES	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCE?	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCES	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DOESN'T DANCE
DID	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCE?	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DANCED	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	DID NOT DANCE

Примечания:

- Обращайте внимание на окончания глаголов в утвердительном предложении настоящего времени, которые спрягаются с местоимениями he, she, it (окончание -s, -es)

- В утвердительной форме прошедшего времени обращайте внимание на то, является ли глагол неправильным:

глагол *to work* – правильный => окончание -ed (**worked**)

глагол *to sleep* – неправильный => *slept* (вторая форма глагола)

- **WORK**
- **COME (CAME)**
- **SLEEP (SLEPT)**
- **GO (WENT)**
- **SWIM (SWAM)**
- **SEE (SAW)**
- **OPEN**
- **CLOSE**
- **CHECK**
- **LOOK**
- **KNOW (KNEW)**
- **SAVE**
- **THINK (THOUGHT)**

HE WORKS – ОН РАБОТАЕТ
THEY CAME – ОНИ ПРИШЛИ
SHE DIDN'T SLEEP – ОНА НЕ СПАЛА
WE WILL GO – МЫ ПОЙДЁМ
I DON'T SWIM – Я НЕ ПЛАВАЮ
THEY SAW – ОНИ ВИДЕЛИ
I WILL OPEN – Я ОТКРОЮ
WE CLOSED – МЫ ЗАКРЫЛИ

Вопрос

Утверждение

Отрицание

WILL	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	BE	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WILL BE	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WILL NOT BE
AM ARE IS	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT		I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	AM ARE IS	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	AM NOT ARE NOT IS NOT
WERE WAS	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT		I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WERE WAS	I YOU WE THEY HE SHE IT	WERE NOT WAS NOT

Б
у
д
у
щ
е
е

Н
а
с
т
о
я
щ
е
е

П
р
о
ш
е
д
ш
е
е

Спряжение глагола *to be*

Формы склонения личных местоимений

Именительный падеж (подлежащее)	Объектный падеж (дополнение)
I – я	me – меня, мне
you – ты/вы	you – тебе, тебя/вас, вам
we – мы	us – нас, нам
they – они	them – их, им
he – он	him – его, ему
she – она	her – её, ей
it – оно (это)	it – его, ему, её, ей (это, этому)

1 Complete the sentences with *is* or *are*.

- a Where is thirty-one D?
- b Excuse me. This _____ my seat.
- c Sorry, you _____ right.
- d Seat 40A _____ by the window.
- e You _____ on the left side of the plane.

2 Write the negative.

- a That's seat 62K. That isn't seat 62K.
- b You're in my seat. _____ in my seat.
- c It's my boarding pass. _____ my boarding pass.
- d This is your seat. _____ your seat.
- e Yes, it is. No, _____.

Complete this conversation using the verb *be*.

Cab Driver: Hi! Where to?

Passenger: The Hilton, please.

Driver: Hey, are you here on business?

Passenger: Well, I was on business last week, but now I am here on vacation. My husband is here, too.

Driver: Where are you from?

Passenger: We are from Minnesota.

Driver: Hey, I am from Minnesota, too. Which part?

Passenger: Rochester.

Driver: Are you really? My wife and I were in Minneapolis until last year. Then we came here.

Match the beginning and end of the sentences:

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| a There isn't | any taxis here late at night? |
| b Are there | no rooms in the Hilton. It was full. |
| c There were | a lot of big hotels in New York. |
| d Was there | a business center in this hotel. It's too small. |
| e Is there | a taxi for you outside the hotel yesterday? |
| f There are | a Best Western Hotel here? |
- 