

**Стратегия выполнения
заданий раздела
«Грамматика и
лексика»
Часть 1**

ГРАММАТИКА

СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНЫЕ:

ОБРАЗОВАТЬ

МНОЖЕСТВЕННОЕ ЧИСЛО

!!! ЗНАТЬ ОКОНЧАНИЯ МН.

ЧИСЛА И ИСКЛЮЧЕНИЯ

A. Исчисляемые сущ. можно посчитать. Большинство во мн.ч. оканчиваются на **-s**.

B. Сущ., оканчивающиеся на **-s, -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o**, имеют окончание **-es** во множ.ч.

НО

radio – radios

piano – pianos

photo – photos

video – videos

C. Сущ., оканчивающиеся на согласную + **y** → ~~✗~~ + **-ies**

НО

Сущ., оканчивающиеся на гласную (a, e, o, u) + **y** → **-s** toy – toys day – days

D. Сущ., оканчивающиеся на **-f, -fe** → ~~✗ -fs~~ + **-ves**

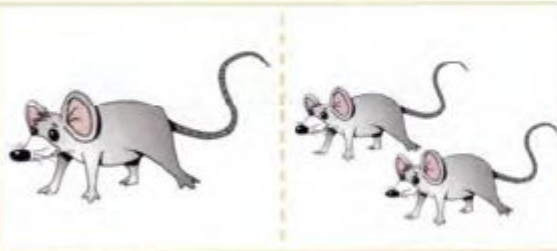
НО

roof – roofs, chief – chiefs, handkerchief – handkerchiefs, proof – proofs

E. Некоторые сущ. образуют множ.ч. по-другому (исключения).

Существительные, которые неправильно образуют мн. число

Irregular plurals



mouse

mice



man

men



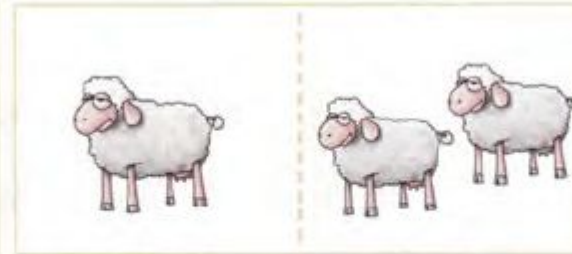
person

people



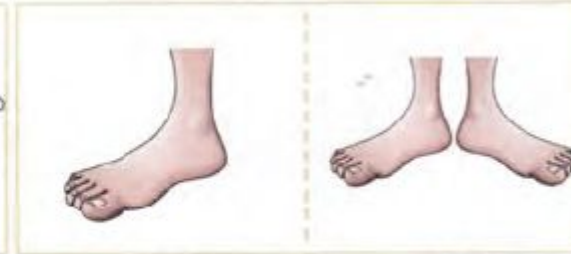
child

children



sheep

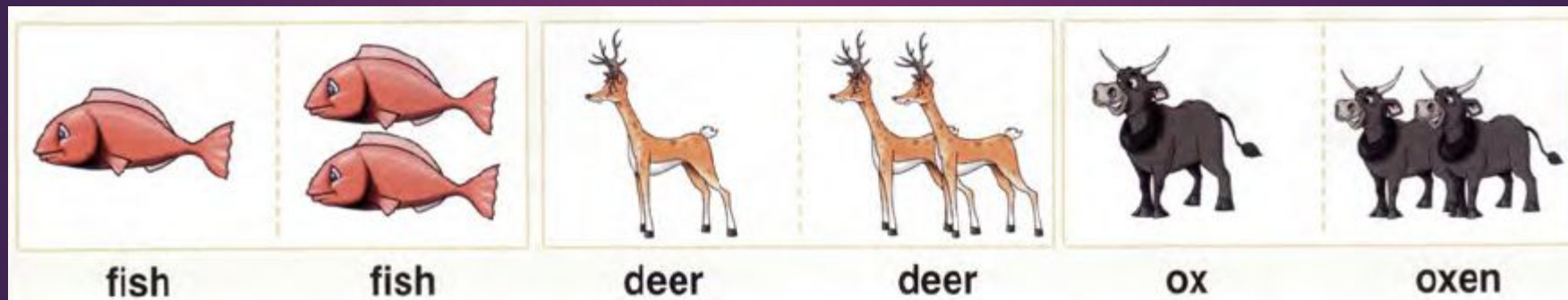
sheep



foot

feet

Слова-исключения



He was in the bathroom cleaning his _____ when he heard some unfamiliar voices from the veranda.

TOOTH

We arrived at the lake very early. It was cold but in spite of that there were several _____ there. Dad pulled our fishing rods out of the rucksack and we joined the others.

MAN

That was probably true – most _____ in Michael's class were very competent computer users.

CHILD

I felt puzzled and didn't know what to say. The two _____ at the bus stop looked amused at our conversation and didn't hide their smiles.

WOMAN

ГЛАГОЛЫ:

ИЗМЕНИТЬ ПО ВРЕМЕНАМ.

**!!! САМЫЕ РАСПРОСТРАНЁННЫЕ
ВАРИАНТЫ: PRESENT PERFECT, PAST
SIMPLE, PAST CONTINUOUS, PRESENT
CONTINUOUS.**

Kitty lived next door to me and we'd been friends since childhood. We studied at the same school and _____ there together.

WALK

Every morning Kitty knocked on my door and I had to be ready by that time – she _____ waiting for me.

NOT/LIKE

One day she didn't knock. When I caught up with her at the bus stop, she _____ a magazine and didn't even look at me.

READ

That Monday _____ a lucky day for her and she realised it as soon as she came into the classroom.

NOT/BE

"Give it to me anyway," Bella said. "If I don't find a proper pen, I _____ in green ink. I hope it won't affect my grades."

WRITE

Числительные:

*Образовать порядковое
числительное.*



One – first

Two – second

Three – third

Four-fourth...

Nine-ninth

twenty – twentieth

twenty-one – twenty-first

While she was reading the article for the _____ time, a brilliant idea came to her – why not take up a summer job as a photographer?

TWO

The phone woke Kim up. She answered the call almost immediately, after the _____ beep.

THREE

When they said that for the _____ time, I lost control.

FOUR

She had got a job most of her friends could only dream about. It was her _____ full-time job.

ONE

And to me he is still the best children's author of the _____ century.

TWENTY

Прилагательные:

*Образовать степени
сравнения.*

**!!! Знать слова-
исключения**

Степени сравнения прилагательных

Прилагательные	Положительная	Сравнительная	Превосходная
Один слог	long	longer than	the longest of / in
Два слога, на -y, -w, -er	happy	happier than	the happiest of / in
Два и более слогов	modern beautiful	more modern than more beautiful than	the most modern of / in the most beautiful of / in

- 1 Мы используем сравнительную степень, чтобы сравнить двух людей или предмета, а превосходную – для сравнения трех и более людей или предметов.

Jenny is **younger than** Mary. Jenny is **the youngest of** all her friends.

- 2 Со сравнительной степенью всегда используется **than**, а с превосходной - **the ... of/in**. **In** обычно используется, когда мы сравниваем географические места.

London is **bigger than** Leeds. It is **the biggest** city **in** England.

- 3 Некоторые прилагательные имеют два способа образования сравнительной степени: или добавляется **-er/ -est**, или при помощи слов **more/ most**.

Вот некоторые из них: **clever, stupid, narrow, gentle**.

clever – cleverer – the cleverest ИЛИ clever – more clever – the most clever

Прилагательные, заканчивающиеся на:

-e → -r / -st

-y → -ier / -iest

Одну ударную гласную между двумя согласными - удваивается согласная

large – larger – largest

heavy – heavier – heaviest

big – bigger – biggest

Исключения

Положительная	Сравнительная	Превосходная
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst
far	further/farther	furthest / farthest

further / farther = дальше (по расстоянию)

I can't run any **further / farther**.

further = больше

There is no **further** news at the moment.

Emma had moved to the city because of her job. Only two months before she had thought she was the _____ girl in the world.

LUCKY

Now I knew what was going on. Bob Smith, the captain of the school baseball team, was the _____ boy in our school. All the girls wanted to attract his attention.

POPULAR

Most adults miss their childhood. "Your school years are the _____ years of your life," – have you ever heard that phrase?

GOOD

Everyone seemed friendly and Tracey felt a little _____.

GOOD

I quickly looked over at my _____ brother, Paul.

YOUNG

And there is nothing _____ than forest fires!"

DANGEROUS

Местоимения:

Образовать:

- 1. Об*ектнѳй падеж (мне, меня и т.д.)*
- 2. Возвратное местоимение*
- 3. Притяжательное местоимение*

Reflexive–Emphatic pronouns	Personal pronouns		Possessive adjectives	Possessive pronouns
	before verbs as subjects	after verbs as objects	followed by nouns	not followed by nouns
myself yourself himself herself itself ourselves yourselves themselves	I you he she it we you they	me you him her it us you them	my your his her its our your their	mine yours his hers — ours yours theirs

2 Fill in: *myself, yourself, himself, ourselves* or *yourselves*.

Jim: Bye Mum. We're going to Simon's birthday party.

Mum: OK. Enjoy 1) ... *yourselves* ... boys. And Jim, don't eat too much cake or you'll make 2) sick. Did you get him a card?

Jim: Yes, we did. Actually, Mark and I made it 3) What are you and Dad going to do this afternoon, Mum?

Mum: I'm going to buy 4) some new clothes and Dad's going to study. He's trying to teach 5) Italian. Have a good time at the party but behave 6)

School was finally over and I was about to enjoy my holidays. I was going to stay with my Aunt Helen, who lived in California. I thought that visiting _____ would be great fun, but I felt nervous and scared.

SHE

To start with, it took _____ half an hour to put on the skates.

I

Once there were four children whose names were Peter, Susan, Edmund and Lucy. This story happened to _____ when they had to leave their home city, London, during the war.

THEY

Roald Dahl is an author that you can never grow tired of. Now I read his books to my son. He is too small yet and cannot read _____.

HE

Each of the animals had its own story written on a sign next to its cage or enclosure. All the stories were sad – the animals had either been abandoned by _____ owners or saved by the animal police from cruel treatment.

THEY

Veronica had never tried to make a pie _____, but she knew how, as she had seen how her mother made it many times.

SHE