SYNONYMS Lecture # 9

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Synonyms

words of the same language

belong to the same part of speech

 possess one or more identical or nearly identical denotational (основное, точное) meanings

interchangeable, at least in some contexts

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Synonyms are <u>different in outer aspects</u> but <u>identical or similar in inner aspects</u>.

Mother -mom

A lot of borrowings → A lot of synonyms in English

Hearty (native)- Cordial (borrowed)



Synonyms

differ in morphemic shape

differ in phonemic shape

differ in shades of meaning, connotations
 (дополнит-е, сопутств-ующею значение)

differ in style, idiomatic use



- -Was she a *pretty* girl?
- -I would certainly have called her attractive.

'pretty ' is too good for her –not *pretty* but *attractive* essentially they both describe a pleasant appearance

-Think you can play Romeo? Romeo should *smile*, not *grin*; walk not *swagger*; *speak* his lines not *mumble* them!

Smile (positive)----grin (broad <u>but</u> foolish smile)

Walk – swagger (walking <u>but</u> in insolent manner)

Speak – mumble (speaking <u>but</u> indistinctly)

Criteria of Synonymy

conceptual criterion

the criterion of interchangeability

semantic criterion

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Conceptual Criterion

Synonyms

- are of the same category of parts of speech
- convey the same concept
- differ in shades of meaning
- differ in stylistic characteristics

Washington is the capital of the USA.

(referent is the same, but there's no linguistic relationship of synonymity)



Semantic Criterion

Synonyms

- have the same denotation
- differ in connotations (connotative component0)

denotative component + connotative component

To glare to look

+ lastingly + with anger



The Criterion of Interchangeability

Synonyms

 are interchangeable at least in some contexts without any considerable alteration in denotational meaning

A pretty /good-looking / attractive / beautiful girl,

But!

I like you but I cannot love you

Romeo should *smile* but not *grin*

Substitution of one word for another is impossible!

- M
 - He glared at her.
 - He glazed at her.
 - He glanced at her.
 - He peered at her.

- He looked at her angrily.
- He looked at her steadily and attentively.
- He looked at her briefly.
- He tried to see her better, but something prevented (darkness, weak eyesight).

Type classification of Synonyms (by V.V. Vinogradov)

Ideographic

Stylistic

Absolute



Classification of Synonyms (by V.V. Vinogradov)

ideographic (denotational)

words conveying the same concept but differing in shades of meaning

to look – to see to gaze to glare.



Type classification of Synonyms (by V.V. Vinogradov)

 absolute – words coinciding in all their shades of meaning and in all their stylistic characteristics

Motherland-homeland

Very rare !!!

Classification of Synonyms (by V.V. Vinogradov)

 stylistic – words differing in stylistic characteristics

Father – Dad - Daddy

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Types of Connotations

connotation of degree or intensity

to like – to admire – to love – to adore – to worship

connotation of duration

to shudder (brief) – to shiver (lasting)

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Types of Connotations

emotive connotation- associating with the same nature of the emotion they imply

to tremble – to shiver – to shudder – to shake

 evaluative connotation – convey speaker's attitude towards the referent, labeling it as good or bad

well-known - famous - celebrated

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Types of Connotations

causative connotation (different reasons) to shiver with a cold, from a chill to shudder with fear, horror

- connotation of manner(different ways and types of doing smth)
- to stroll to stride to trot to pace to swagger
- to stagger to stumble



Types of Connotations

connotation of attendant circumstances
 (a set of scenery is build in the context)

to peep -to look at smb/smth through a hole / from a halfclosed door, a curtain

to peer- to look at smb/smth in darkness, through the fog, from a great distance

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Types of Connotations

stylistic connotation

girl

girlie (colloquial)
lassie (dialect)
bird, birdie
skirt (slang)
maiden (poetic)
damsel (archaic)

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The Dominant Synonym

All synonymic groups have a "central" word of this kind whose meaning is equal to the denotation common to all synonymic group.

This word is called- the dominant synonym

To make-

to produce,

to create,

to fabricate,

to manufacture

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The dominant synonym expresses the notion common to all synonyms of the group in the most general way, without contributing any additional information as to

- the manner,
- intensity,
- duration,
- any attending feature of the referent.

<u>Dominant synonym-</u>

a typical basic-vocabulary word.

Dominant Synonym

- high frequency of usage
- broad combinability

(ability to be used in combinations with various classes of words)

- broad general meaning
- lack of connotations

(goes for stylistic connotations)

Hyponymic structures

Inclusion-

relations exist between two words if the meaning of one word contains the semantic feature constituting the meaning of the other word

Flower ----rose, tulip, snowdrops...



Hyponymy

The semantic relations of inclusion – hyponymic relations

Vehicle

car, bus, taxi, tram...

The general term
Hyperonym

The more specific term hyponyms

Sources of Synonyms

synonymic attraction - the referent which is very popular attracts a large number of synonyms

variants and dialects of English

lass (Scottish) - girl (English) long-distance call (USA) – trunk call (British)

Sources of Synonyms

word-building

lab — laboratory **shortening** cheery - cheerful **affixation** anxiety – anxiousness

phrasal verbs and set expressions

to continue – to go on to smoke – to have a smoke

Sources of Synonyms

 euphemisms – a shift of unpleasant, too direct or rude meaning of a word to a more pleasant or milder one

drunk – merry naked – in one's birthday suit

lavatory

- Restroom
- Washroom
- Powder room
- Public comfort station
- Ladies' (gentlemen's) room
- Water-closet \ WC
- Public conveniences

U-language

- U-people (upper class)
- Non-U people

Luncheon-lunch Cycle- bike

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Slang

- Hitch-hiker
- Guy
- Sham

Smth or smb that is not true as it seems to be

Chap

Man

humbug

Smth or smb to deceive people

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Phraseological synonyms

Words become identical in their meanings but different in their combinability with other words

- To be late for a lecture miss the train
- <u>To visit</u> museum <u>to attend</u> lectures
- Teachers <u>question</u> students-

Judges interrogate witnesses

Contextual synonyms

Become synonyms only under some specific distributional conditions

Buy ----get (not synonyms out of context)

BUT!

I'll go to the shop and <u>buy</u> some bread.
I'll go to the shop and <u>get</u> some bread.

Lexical variants (not synonyms)

Phonetical

Vase [veiz] [va:z]

Graphical

To-morrow Tomorrow