

A capybara is shown in profile, partially submerged in water. The water is dark and has a textured, rippled surface. The capybara's fur is dark and appears wet. The word "Capybara" is written in a large, white, sans-serif font across the middle of the image, overlapping the capybara's head and the water.

Capybara



The capybara is the largest rodent in the world. Height 60 centimeters and 120 in length. They are similar to beavers but they do not have a tail; they are a rodent more related to cavies and guinea pigs.



Capybara live in Central and South America. They roam the swampy, grassy regions bordering rivers, ponds, streams. and lakes.



This animal is a herbivore and mainly feeds in the area where it lives, grass, aquatic vegetation, eats fruits, tubers, leaves and bark.



Capybaras usually live in small groups of about 10 individuals. This helps them resist predators, as caimans, ocelots, eagle harpies



The capybara is not currently classified as endangered, although it is threatened by deforestation, habitat destruction, and illegal poaching. However, not so long ago, he had problems due to hunting.

A group of capybaras are swimming in a pond. Several lemons are floating in the water around them. The scene is dimly lit, and the water is dark. The capybaras are brown and have their heads above water. The lemons are bright yellow and are scattered throughout the pond. The text "The end!" is overlaid on the image in a white, serif font.

The end!