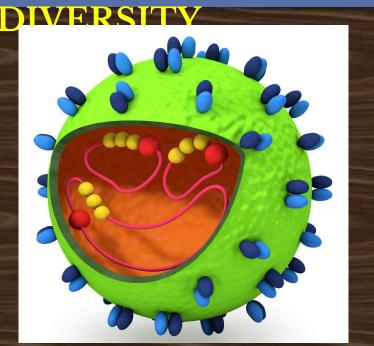
"INSTITUTION" MEDICAL ACADEMY NAMED AFTER S.I. GEORGIEVSKY OF VERNADSKY CFU

SUBMITTED BY- RASTOGI AYUSH LA2_192(2)

TOPIC – VIRUSES FROM THE FAMILY BUNYAVIRIDAE– STRUCTURAL FEATURES AS A BASIS OF THE HIGH



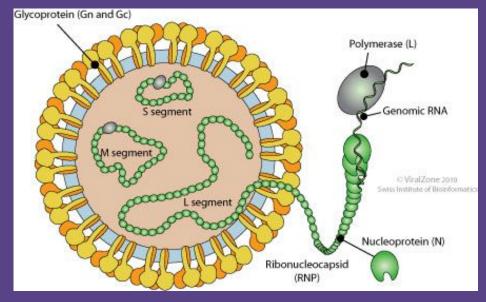
GUIDED BY: PROFESSOR YURY KRIVORUTCHENKO

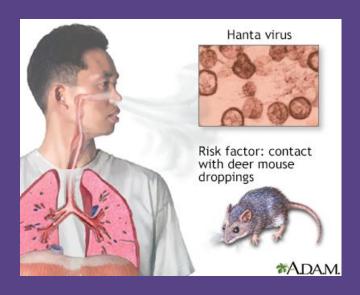
INTRODUCTION

Family Bunyaviridae contains more than 300 members. It was first isolated from a place 'Bunyamwera' in Uganda, from which the name of virus is derived.

Family Bunyaviridae contains 4 genera.

- Bunyavirus (Mosquito-borne)
- Phlebovirus (Phlebotomus or mosquito-borne)
- ☐ Nairovirus (tick-borne)
- ☐ Hantavirus (Non-arthropod borne)

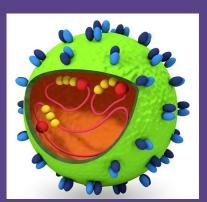




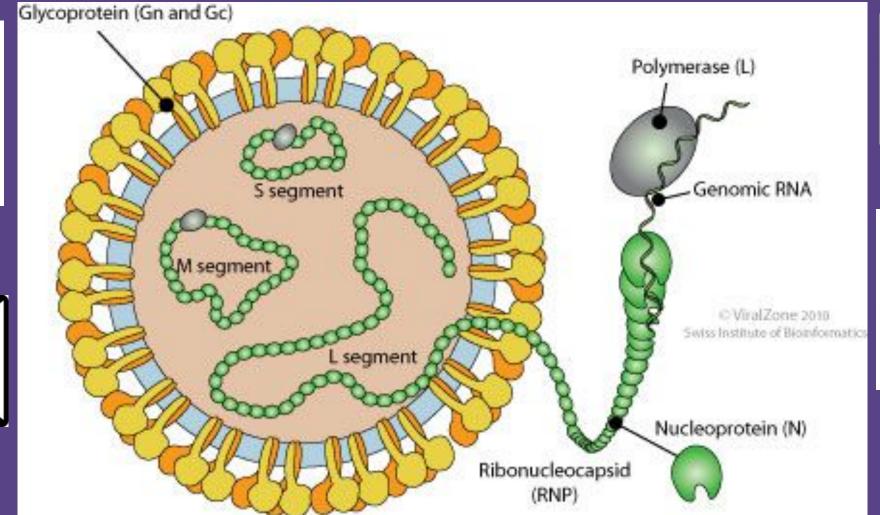




MORPHOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS



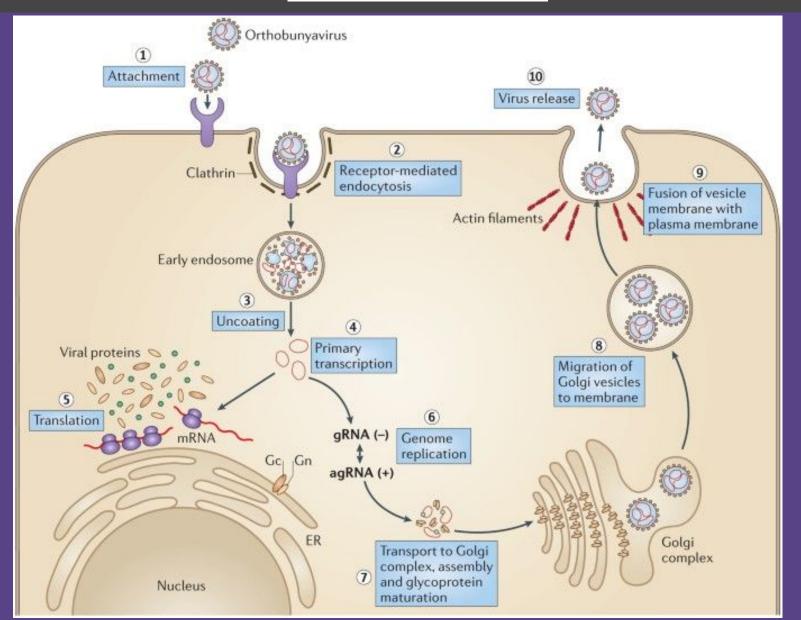








REPLICATION



BUNYAVIRUS

- **I-California EV**
- 2-La crosse EV
- **3-Chittor virus**
- **□ VECTOR- Mosquito**
- HOST- Rodents, primates or birds.
- Way of transmission- Bite of vector.
- Diseases- Febrile illness, Encephalitis, febrile rashes.
- Vaccine- available (Live attenuated)

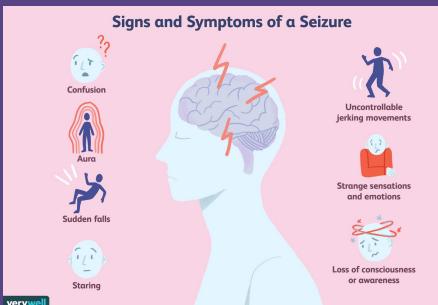


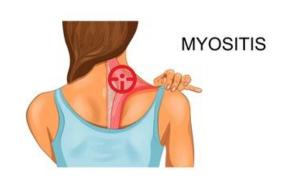




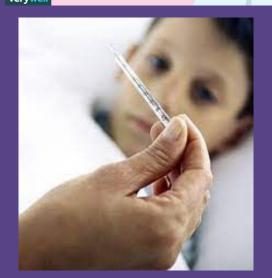
PHLEBOVIRUS

- I- Sandfly FV 2-Rift valley FV
- **VECTOR- Mosquito / Phlebotomus**
- HOST- Sheep, cattle, Domestic animals
- Way of transmission- Bite of vector.
- Diseases- Febrile illness, seizure, Encephalitis, conjunctivitis, myositis.
- Vaccine- available (Live attenuated)





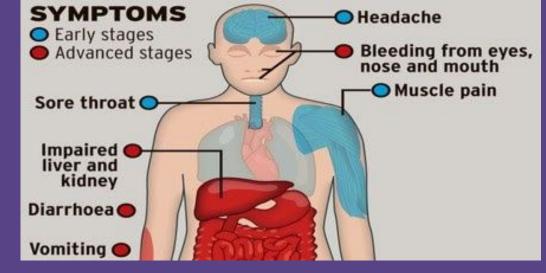
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NAIROVIRUS

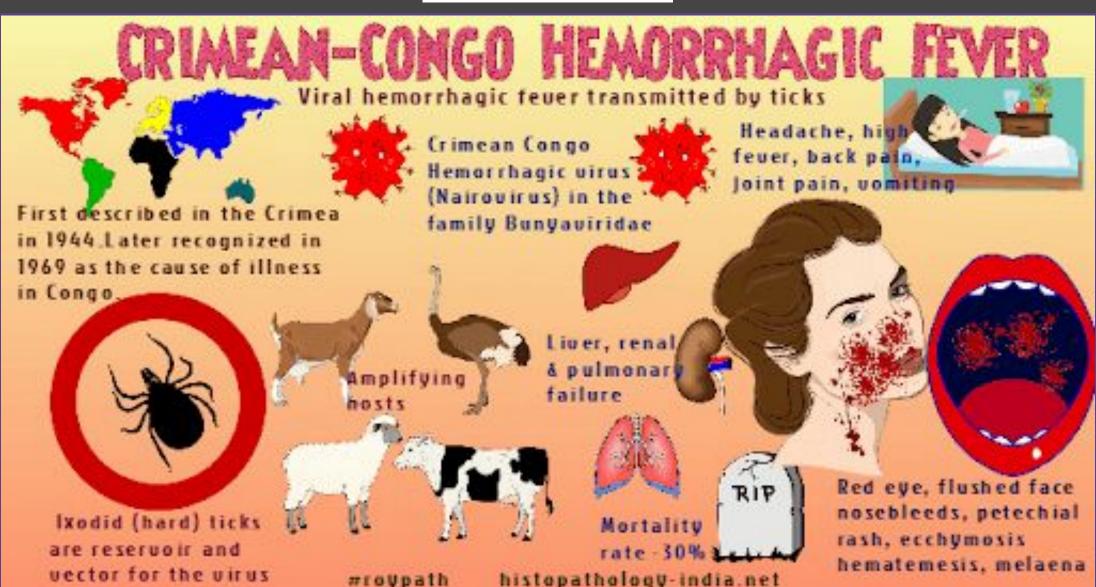
- **I-Crimean-Congo HFV**
- 2-Ganjam Virus
- **VECTOR-** Ticks
- HOST- Hares, cattle, goats.
- Way of transmission- Bite of vector.
- Diseases- Hemorrhagic fever.
- Vaccine- available (Killed)







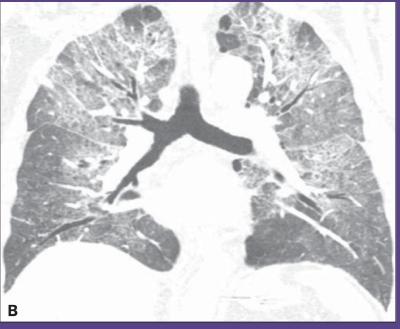
NAIROVIRUS

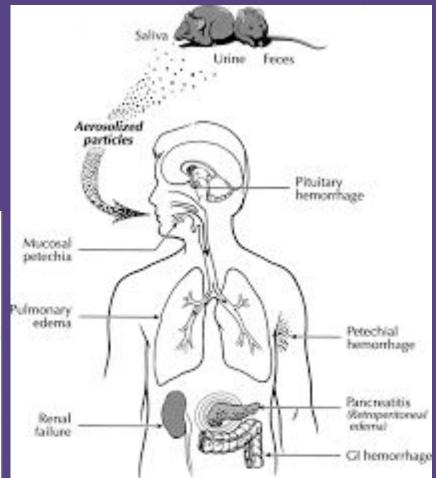


HANTAVIRUS

- I-Hantaan Virus
- 2- Korean HFV
- **VECTOR- None**
- HOST- Rodents
- Way of transmission- by the inhalation of aerosols generated from the urine or feces of the infected rodents.
- Diseases- HFRS, Pulmonary edema, Respiratory failure.
- Vaccine- available (Killed)(Developed in Russia)







LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT

- **ELISA** for Ab (IgM and IgG) and Ag detection.
- RT-PCR

• Prevention and Treatment

- No specific antiviral therapy. The 'Ribavirin' and interferons are given for post-exposure prophylaxis.
- Avoidance and control of vectors
- Using the insect repellent
- By using active immunization with vaccine.

