

# Арифметическая прогрессия

Дано:  $\div 5, 7, 9, \dots$

$S_{40} - ?$

Решение:

$$a_1 = 5$$

$$d = 7 - 5 = 2$$

$$a_{40} = 5 + (40 - 1) \cdot 2 = 83$$

$$S_{40} = \frac{5+83}{2} \cdot 40 = 88 \cdot 20 = 1760$$

Дано:  $\div -3; -1; 1, \dots$

$S_{18} - ?$

Решение:

$$a_1 = -3$$

$$d = -1 - (-3) = -1 + 3 = 2$$

$$a_{18} = -3 + (18 - 1) \cdot 2 = 31$$

$$S_{18} = \frac{-3 + 31}{2} \cdot 18 = 28 \cdot 9 = 252$$

Вариант 22 №

Дано:  $\div$ ,  $d = 2$ ,  $S_{20} = 20$ ,  $n = 20$

$a_1 - ?$

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \cdot n = \frac{a_1 + a_1 + d(n-1)}{2} \cdot n =$$
$$= \frac{2a_1 + d(n-1)}{2} \cdot n$$

$$\frac{2a_1 + 2 \cdot 19}{2} \cdot 20 = 20 \quad (2a_1 + 38) \cdot 10 = 20$$

$$2a_1 + 38 = 2 \quad 2a_1 = -36 \quad a_1 = -18$$

# Свойство арифметической прогрессии

$$\div \alpha_{n-1}; \alpha_n; \alpha_{n+1}; \dots$$

$$\alpha_n = \frac{\alpha_{n-1} + \alpha_{n+1}}{2}$$

№ 16.49 (б)

$$\alpha_8 = \frac{4 - 4}{2} = 0$$

$$d = \alpha_8 - \alpha_7 = 0 - 4 = -4$$

№ 16. 44

$$y = \frac{2y+5+3y-8}{2};$$

$$2y = 5y - 3;$$

$$- 3y = - 3;$$

$$y = 1$$

Ответ:  $y = 1$