

1. Read the quotes.

Which of these causes could you support? Which other charities do you know about?



1 [countable] an organization that gives money, goods, or help to people who are poor, sick etc → charitable

Several charities sent aid to the flood victims.

charity event/walk/concert etc (=an event organized to collect money for a charity)

'I'm raising money for people whose homes were destroyed in last year's floods.'

'The charity which I support raises money for children who are seriously ill.'

> 'I donate to charities dedicated to helping poor people in drought-affected areas, who are at risk from starvation and disease.'

charity

to encourage

to donate

to dedicate

drought

starvation

Defining relative clauses

- 1 A defining relative clause adds essential information. The sentence often doesn't make sense without it. This is the coal mine where my grandad worked. defining
 - 2 We do not put a comma before the clause.

Non-defining relative clauses

- infor 1 A non-defining relative clause adds extra information. The sentence still makes sense without it. Global warming is caused by greenhouse gases, which include carbon dioxide and methane.
 - 2 We put a comma before the clause, and also after it if the sentence continues. Fossil fuels, which include coal and oil, are running out.

Relative pronouns

- 1 In informal contexts, we can replace who or which with that in defining relative clauses, but not in nondefining relative clauses.
- What are the 2 In defining relative clauses which or who can be omitted if it is the object of the clause. I welcome the measures the Government is taking to combat climate change.
 - 3 We can replace who with whom if it is the object of the clause, but it is formal.

When can we omit winch or wines

non-defining relative clauses (extra information)

possession es

whose 21

Learn this! box

clauses

pec

non-defining

When do we

Decide which are <u>defining</u> relative clauses and which are <u>non-defining</u> relative clauses. <u>check yourself</u>

Identify the relative 'I support a charity called Anti-Bags, which non-defining un can be replaced in which the relative encourages people to stop using plastic bags.' with that. check yourself 'I'm raising money for people whose homes defining were destroyed in last year's floods.' 'The charity which I support raises money for children who are seriously ill.' Identify the relative 'I donate to charities dedicated to helping hich the relative non-defining be omitted. poor people in drought-affected areas, who are at risk from starvation and disease.' check yourself

All these sentences contain mistakes in grammar, punctuation or style. Correct them.

- 1. The man, who's wearing a tie, is my uncle.
- 2. Space junk is a problem, which is getting worse.

whose

rubbish who

Who

3. I've got a friend what lives in Japan.

4. Solar energy is an idea which time has come.

5. Whem did you dance with at the night club?

Combine the two sentences with a <u>defining</u> relative clause. Use who, which, where or whose.

In which sentences can we a) omit the relative pronoun? b) replace who or which with that?

- 1 I know a lot of people. They are opposed to wind farms.
 I know a lot of people who ...
- 2. Tom works in a factory where they make solar panels.
- 3. From here you can see the enormous wind turbine which we were protesting about.
- 4. I met some eco-protesters who the police were trying to evict.
 them.

 5. I support a charity which campaigns against the use of fossil fuels for energy generation.
- 6. I found a piece of space junk which hadn't burnt up in the Earth's atmosphere.
- 7. That's the nuclear power station where my dad has been working for the past five years.

Combine the two sentences with a <u>non-defining</u> relative clause, either in the middle or at the end of the sentences. Add the correct punctuation.

1 Fossil fuels are not a renewable source of energy. They are found deep underground.

сланцевый газ s. which are found ...

- 2. Shale gas, which is gas trapped in shale formations, is becoming an increasingly important source of natural gas.
- 3. There are many types of renewable energy, which governments are investing in.
- 4. People in industrialised countries, who have already benefited from years of economic growth, should be the first to reduce carbon emissions.
- 5. Farm animals release a lot of methane, which is a very potent greenhouse gas.
- 6. Nuclear power stations produced a lot of radioactive waste, which is difficult to dispose of.
- 7. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) is an international organisation, whose aim is to assess the impact of climate change.

Rewrite each pair of sentences as one sentence. Use defining or non-defining relative clauses and appropriate punctuation.

- 1 Here's the money. I owe it to you.
- 2 I run three times a week. It keeps me healthy.
- 3 I made Joe a sandwich. He ate it at once.
- 4 I live in a village called South Milton. It has a population of 600.
- 5 We look after stray dogs. Their owners can't be traced.
- 1. Here's the money (that) I owe you.
- 2. I run three times a week, which keeps me healthy.
- 3. I made Joe a sandwich, which he ate at once.
- 4. I live in a village called South Milton, which has a population of 600.
- 5. We look after stray dogs whose owners can't be traced.

Complete the text with the relative pronouns in the box.



The British Interplanetary Society, 1_____ was founded in 1933, is an organisation 2 _____ promotes space exploration. In the early days, 3_____ humans had not yet been into space, they worked on designs for rockets. More recently, they have argued in favour of building a space station on Mars, 4_____ scientists would be able to study the rocks and climate. Today, the Society is headed by Dr Robert Parkinson, 5_____ has worked for various aerospace companies. But in the 1940s, its chairman was science fiction writer Arthur C. Clarke, 6_____ novel 2001: A Space Odyssey was made into a well-known science fiction film.

that

when

where

which

who

whose

- Complete the sentences (1-6) using the clauses (a-f). Add a relative pronoun only if necessary.
- 1 I think I've lost the book _ my best friend gave me for my birthday
- 2 Covent Garden, which used to be a fruit and vegetables market, is a popular place for tourists to visit.
 3 Harper Lee, whose first novel was To Kill A Mockingbird, did not like
- appearing in public.

 4 Camp Nou stadium, where Barcelona play their home matches, can hold nearly 99,000 fans.
- 5 The hotel we stayed at in Paris last summer burned down last week.
- 6 I wish I hadn't lost the phone number of the girl
- a Barcelona play their home matches
 b used to be a fruit and vegetable market
- c we stayed at in Paris last summer
 d my best friend gave me for my birthday
- e I met at my cousin's wedding f first novel was To Kill A Mockingbird

Read the Learn this! box. Find one participle clause in the quotes in exercise 1.

exercise 1 the answer

'I support a charity called Anti-Bags, which encourages people to stop using plastic bags.'

'I'm raising money for people whose homes were destroyed in last year's floods.'

'The charity which I support raises money for children who are seriously ill.'

'I donate to charities dedicated to helping

poor people in drought-affected areas, who are at risk from starvation and disease.'

Rewrite the sentences using shortened relative clauses.

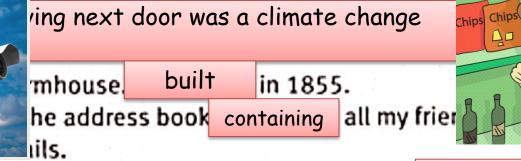
- 1 People working for private companies usually get paid more than those in the public sector.
- 2 Is that your dog making a mess on the lawn?
- 3 This self-portrait, painted by Van Gogh in 1889, is one of his finest.
- 4 I saw a young girl stealing a CD.
- 5 We visited a castle built in the sixteenth century.
- 6 I only eat food made with fresh ingredients.

Combine the two sentences. Use a shortened relative clause.

1 Was that your brother? He was talking to Sue?
Was that your brother talking to Sue?

2 The police have arrested the woman seen shoplifting on CCTV.

3 I've got a photo of my grandad driving an old



7 The insurance company have replaced the vase broken by the removal men.

Rewrite the shortened relative clauses that are underlined as full relative clauses. You do not need to rewrite the whole sentence.

- 1 Police are questioning a man who was arrested at the scene.
- They have seized several computers which/that belonged to the victim.
- by the suspect. which/that was signed
- 4 Rumours of a video recording, which had been denied by the police, have been reported by news agencies.
- 5 Journalists were shown a bag which/that contained various weapons.
- 6 The victim's house, which was built in the 17th century, was the scene of a fire last year.

Work in pairs. How many sentences can you make in one minute by adding different relative clauses and other words and phrases?

Last week I met someone who knows my cousin.

... is the place ...

What did you think of the film ...

I've got a friend ...

...I was born in 20___ ...

A good student is one ...

