



Wordbuilding.

(словообразование)

Read the words and divide them into groups

activity
comfortable
seriously
difference
excitement
happiness
wonderful
badly
discussion

activity
comfortable
seriously
difference
excitement
happiness
wonderful
badly
discussion

Adjectives

Nouns

Adverbs



What are they?

Nouns: -(t)ion, -ssion, -ty, -ment, -ness

Adjectives: - able, -ive, -(c)al, -ful, -less

Adverbs: -ly

Образование существительных от глаголов

- ment, - ion (-ation, -tion, -sion, -ssion)

(поступок, действие, результат)

to achieve – achiev**ment** (достижение)

to argue – argu**ment** (спор)

to form – form**ation** (образование)

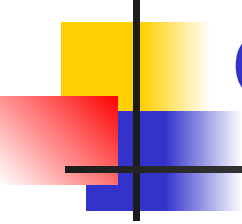
to collect – collect**ion** (собрание)

to include – inclu**sion** (включение)

to discuss – discuss**ion** (обсуждение)

to transmit – transmiss**ion** (передача)

Образование существительных от прилагательных



- ness, -ty (-ity, -ability, ibility)

(состояние, качество)

active – activ**ity** (занятие)

safe - saf**ety** (безопасность)

happy – happi**ness** (счастье)

special - special**ty** (особенность)

kind – kind**ness** (доброта)



Образование прилагательных от существительных

-ful, -less

(наличие или отсутствие признака)

care – care**less/ful** (неаккуратный/аккуратный)

use – use**less/ful** (бесполезный/полезный)

Образование прилагательных от глаголов

-able, -ible

(возможность подвергнуться действию, выраженному соответствующим глаголом)

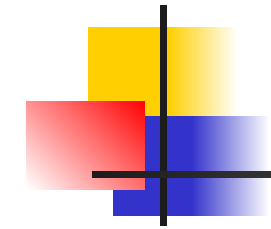
to accept – accept**able** (приемлемый)

to change – change**able** (изменчивый)

to convert – convert**ible** (обратимый)

to compare – compar**able** (сравнимый)

Form the new words using a dictionary



to educate (v)	→ (n)	education (обучение)
able (adj)	→ (n)	ability (способность)
busy (adj)	→ (n)	business (дело, бизнес)
to solve (v)	→ (n)	solution (решение)
to know (v)	→ (n)	knowledge (знания)
effective (adj)	→ (adv)	effectively (эффективно)
to manage (v)	→ (n)	management (управление)



Задание № 1

Обозначь суффиксы в словах, приведённых в таблице. Что означают эти суффиксы? Добавь свои примеры.

	suffi x	meaning	to form from *	a new word	your example
Hopeful, useful, beautiful	ful	наличие признака	wonder	wonderfu l	
Education, information					
Advertisement, arrangement					
Difficulty, activity					
Useless, painless					
Changeable, acceptable					
Seriously, quickly					

•depart, soft, breath, accommodate, access, original



Задание № 2.

Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Затем проверьте себя.

(0) **Communication** skills. You should be able to use your speaking, writing, listening and reading skills (1) _____ for different tasks, for example, to take part in a (2) _____, to write documents or to give a short talk.

Skills in problem (3) _____. Using your initiative you should understand problems and find the answer.

Team working skills. Belonging to a group is necessary for (4) _____ success. This skill is (5) _____ not only at work, but in school and at home too!

(6) _____ to learn. We live in a world where newer ways of doing things appear all the time. (7) _____ doesn't end when you leave school. People who can learn new skills and get new (8) _____ are valued.

IT* (ICT) skills. Computers are used almost everywhere. You should be able to write a letter, report or presentation, use the Internet to find (9) _____.

Time (10) _____ skills. It means scheduling (11) _____ from the most to least important. If you learn to do it (12) _____, you will be able to do more things that you want to do.

- (0) COMMUNICATE
- (1) EFFECTIVE
- (2) DISCUSS
- (3) SOLVE
- (4) BUSY
- (5) USE
- (6) ABLE
- (7) EDUCATE
- (8) KNOW
- (9) INFORM
- (10) MANAGE
- (11) ACTIVE
- (12) WISE