



ZERO CONDITIONAL

CONDITIONALS



The Zero (0) Conditional

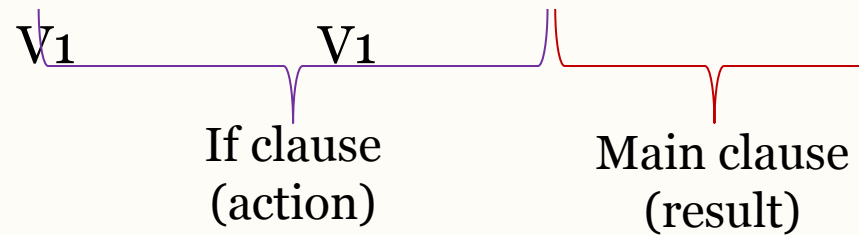
- We use the *zero conditional* when we want to talk about facts or things that are generally true.
- There are two types of facts:
 - ❖ Facts that are true for everyone. (Herkes için geçerli olan gerçekler)
e.g. If water **reaches** 100 °C, it **boils**.
 - ❖ Facts that are true for a specific person, group, family, etc.
(Belli bir grup için geçerli olan gerçekler.)
e.g. If I **eat** peanuts, I **get** sick.

Form of Zero Conditional (Yapıs1)

- We can make a zero conditional sentence with two present simple verbs (one in the 'if clause' and one in the 'main clause').

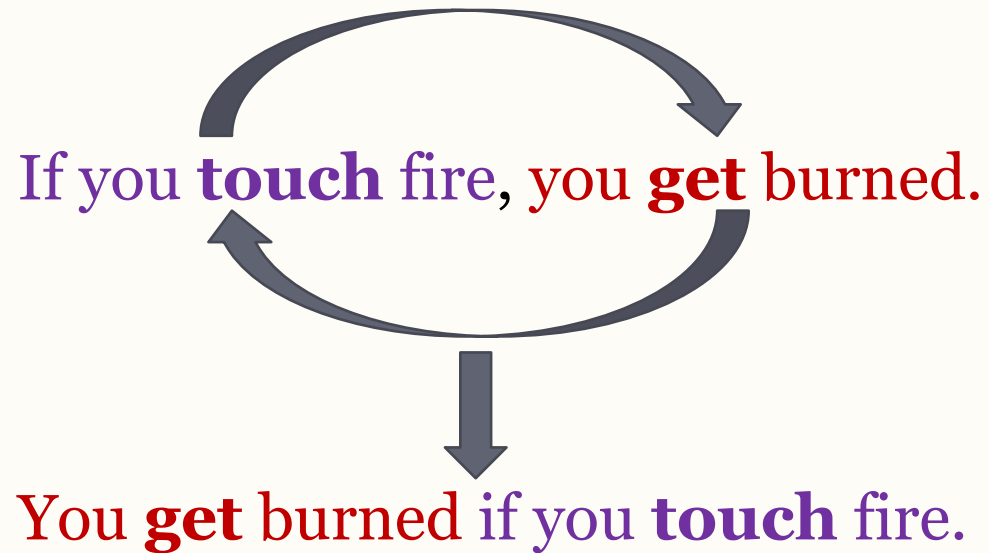
If + present simple, present simple.

If you heat ice, it melts.



Usages of the Zero Conditional (Kullanımı)

- Usually, the if clause is the first part and the main clause is the second part of a sentence, but they can be written in the opposite as well.





Using *when* instead of *if*

If = When

- In zero conditional, we can usually replace *if* with *when* if it doesn't change the meaning of the sentence.
- Genellikle *if* (*eğer*) yerine *when* kullanabiliriz eğer cümlenin anlamını değiştirmezse.

~~If~~ babies are hungry, they cry.

When babies are hungry, they cry.

OR

Babies cry ~~if~~ they are hungry.

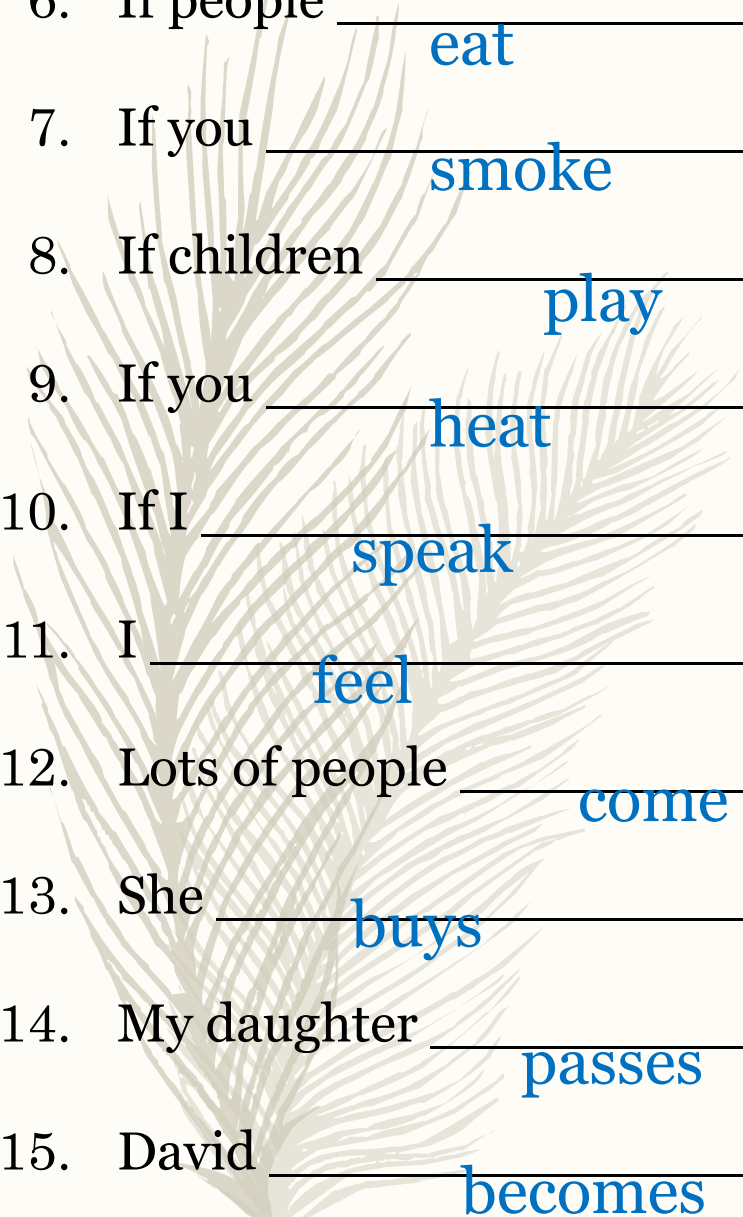
Babies cry when they are hungry.



Zero Conditional Exercises

Fill in the blanks with the correct form.

1. If I wake up (wake up) late, I am (be) late for work.
2. If my husband cooks (cook) , he burns (burn) the food.
3. If Julie doesn't wear (not/wear) a hat, she gets (get) sunstroke.
4. If children don't eat (not/eat) well, they aren't (not/be) healthy.
5. If you mix (mix) water and electricity, you get (get) a shock.

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6. If people _____ (eat) too many sweets, they _____ (get) fat.
eat get
7. If you _____ (smoke) , you _____ (get) yellow fingers.
smoke get
8. If children _____ (play) outside, they _____ (not/get) overweight.
play don't get
9. If you _____ (heat) ice, it _____ (melt).
heat melts
10. If I _____ (speak) to John, he _____ (get) annoyed.
speak gets
11. I _____ (feel) good the next day if I _____ (go) to bed early.
feel go
12. Lots of people _____ (come) if Jenny _____ (have) a party.
come has
13. She _____ (buy) expensive clothes if she _____ (go) shopping.
buys goes
14. My daughter _____ (pass) her exams if she _____ (work) hard.
passes works
15. David _____ (become) sick if he _____ (drink) milk.
becomes drinks