



eng. cause - причина

↑

# Causative form

каузативный оборот  
причинный, побудительный

# Causative form

- Сложное дополнение
- Действие **не выполняется** объектом
- Объект побуждают к действию
- Образуется с ограниченным числом каузативных глаголов:
  - have, get, make, let, help, ... (в активном залоге)
  - have, get (в пассивном)



## Causative form

He had his jacket cleaned.

*Ему почистили пиджак*

(He didn't clean it himself.)

*Он не сам себе чистил пиджак.*

# Choose the variant :

2



*BILL*

- (a) Bill is cutting his hair.
- (b) Bill is having his hair cut.

1



*SARAH*

- (a) Sarah is cutting her hair.
- (b) Sarah is having her hair cut.

# Choose the variant:

3



*JOHN*

- (a) John is cleaning his shoes.
- (b) John is having his shoes cleaned.

4



*SUE*

- (a) Sue is taking a picture.
- (b) Sue is having her picture taken.

# Causative form in active

- Указывается, кто конкретно выполняет работу

Схема образования:

to have

somebody

(to) do

something

Please,

have

your brother

bring

my books

# Causative form in passive

- Важно само действие, исполнитель не важен.
- Встречается чаще, чем в активной форме

Схема образования:

to have\get (to)

something

done

Please,

have

my books

brought

to me



# Put the words in the correct order:

1. serviced \ her car \ Sarah \ once a year \ has  
Sarah .....

2. twelve pounds \ have \ cleaned \ it \ my suit \  
cost \ to  
It .....

3. my eyes \ I \ two years ago \ had \ tested \ the  
last time \ was  
I .....



# The difference

- *Have* → передает ответственность, часто указывает на результат; частица «to» не употребляется после
- *Get* → побуждает что-либо сделать, выражает процесс убеждения; необходима частица «to» после

# Homework

## Конспект темы: Causative form Стр.65 упр. 6 (учебник) Письменно в тетради

Use the words in brackets to make sentences, as in the example. Mind the tenses.

- 1 Tina is at the hairdresser's. (cut/hair)  
▶ *She's having her hair cut.*
- 2 Sheila will go to the dressmaker. (make/dress)
- 3 Danny went to the mechanic yesterday.  
(fix/car)
- 4 Evelyn went to the beauty salon yesterday.  
(do/nails)
- 5 Bob has taken his shoes to the shoemaker.  
(mend/shoes)
- 6 Jill called the painters. (paint/house)
- 7 Steve went to the drycleaner's. (clean/suits)
- 8 The Smiths have gone to the photographer's.  
(develop/film)

The background features a white wood-grain texture with horizontal lines. In the top-left and top-right corners, there are clusters of pink cherry blossoms with green leaves.

**Спасибо за работу**