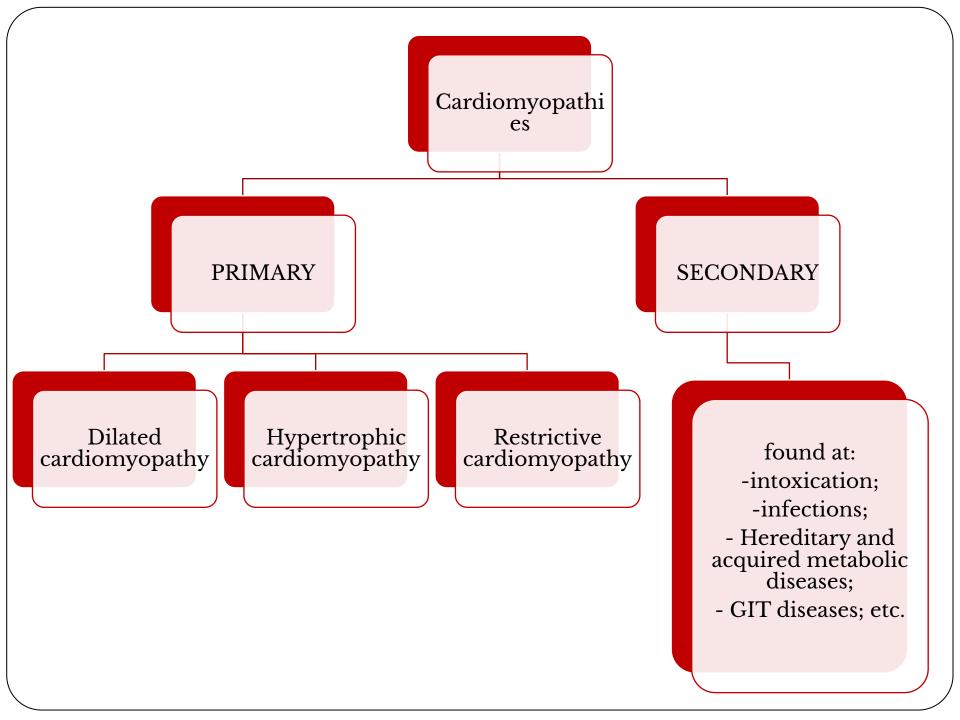
HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY

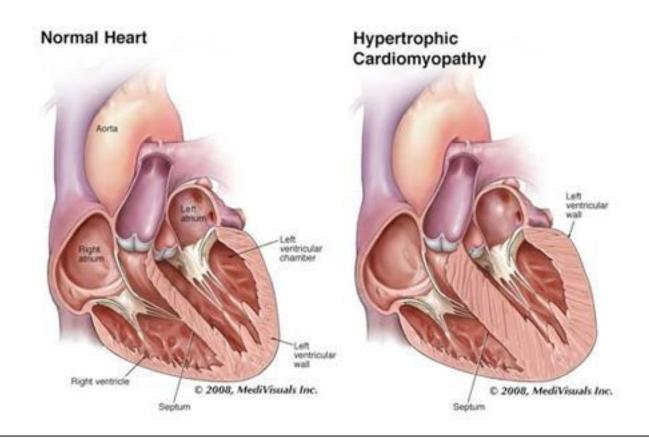
AKIMBEKOVA DINARA GM-13 48-02 ISKAKOVA E.E.

Plan:

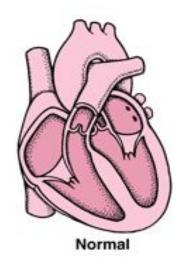
- Classification
- Definition of disease
- Etiology
- Morphology:
 - macro image;
 - micro image.
- Complications
- Conclusion
- Reference

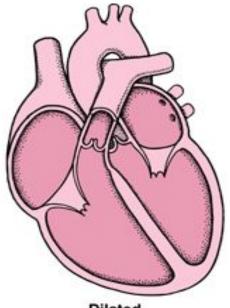


• <u>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy</u> – is a primary myocardial disease, characterized by local or symmetrical ventricular hypertrophy, diastolic dysfunction, arrhythmias and high risk of sudden death.



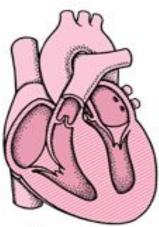
It is characterized by myocardial hypertrophy, abnormal diastolic filling, and in about one third of cases, intermittent ventricular outflow obstruction.





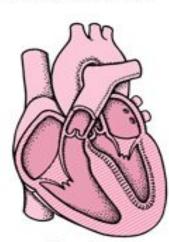
Dilated Cardiomyopathy

The ventricles enlarge.



Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy

The walls of the ventricles thicken and become stiff.



Restrictive Cardiomyopathy

The walls of the ventricles become stiff, but not necessarily thickened.

Etiology

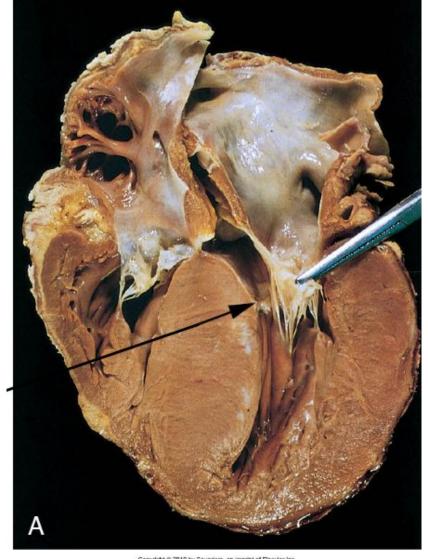
Hypertrophic cardiomyopat hy

Inherited

by abnormal genes (gene mutations) that cause the heart muscle to grow abnormally thick

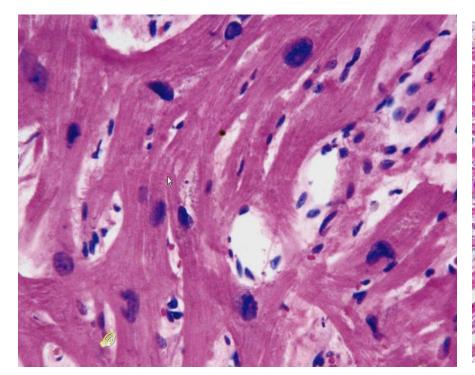
Obstructi ve have a form of the disease in which the wall (septum) between the two bottom chambers of the heart (ventricles) becomes enlarged and impedes blood flow out of the heart.

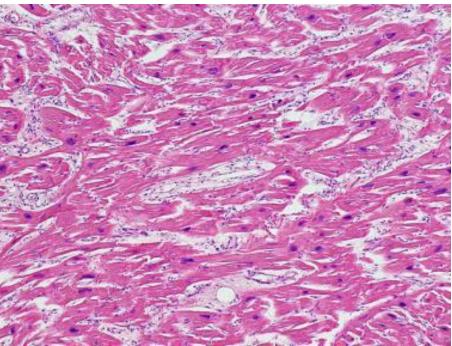
Non-obst ructive However, the heart's main pumping chamber (left ventricle) may become stiff, reducing the amount of blood the ventricle can hold and the amount pumped out to the body with each heartheat



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- The ventricular cavity loses its usual round-to-ovoid shape and may be compressed into a 'banana-like' configuration by bulging of the ventricular septum into the lumen.
 - Often present are endocardial thickening or mural plaque formation in the left ventricular outflow tract and thickening of the anterior mitral





- Extensive myocyte hypertrophy with transverse myocyte diameters frequently greater than 40 μm (n: ~ 15μm)
- Haphazard disarray of bundles of myocytes, individual myocytes, and contractile elements in sarcomeres within cells
- Interstitial and replacement fibrosis

Literature:

- V.Kumar, A.K. Abbas, S.N. Fauso.
 Pathologic Basis of Disease, 7th edition,
 2008 1525 p.
- V.V.Serov, V.S.Paukov. Pathological anatomy, 2010 – 800 p.
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Thank you for attention!