# Seminar 4 Probabilistic Topic Model

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## Topic modeling

- Models of a collection of composites
- Composites are documents
- Parts are words (or phrases, n-grams)
- Two outputs:
  - chance of selecting a particular part when sampling a particular topic
  - chance of selecting a particular topic when sampling a particular document or composite

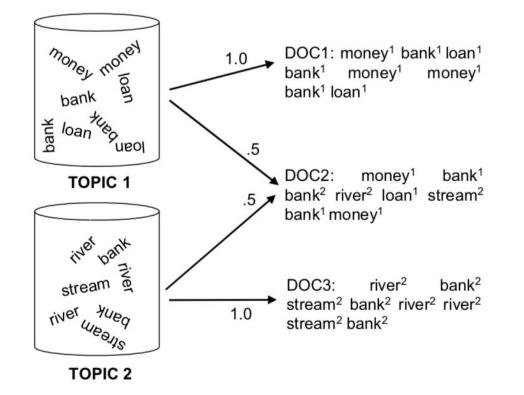
## Assumptions

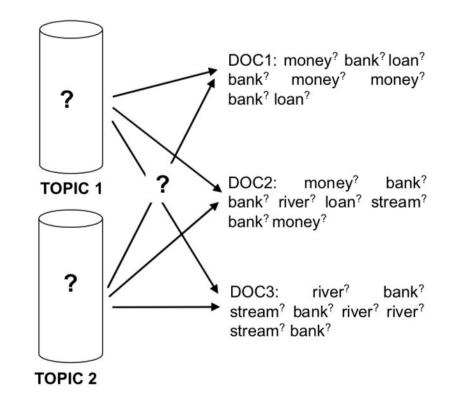
- semantic information can be derived from a word-document co-occurrence matrix;
- topic is a probability distribution over words
- to make a new document, one chooses a distribution over topics
- for each word in that document, one chooses a topic at random according to this distribution, and draws a word from that topic.
- Resulting document is a mixture of topics

### Generative model

#### PROBABILISTIC GENERATIVE PROCESS

#### STATISTICAL INFERENCE

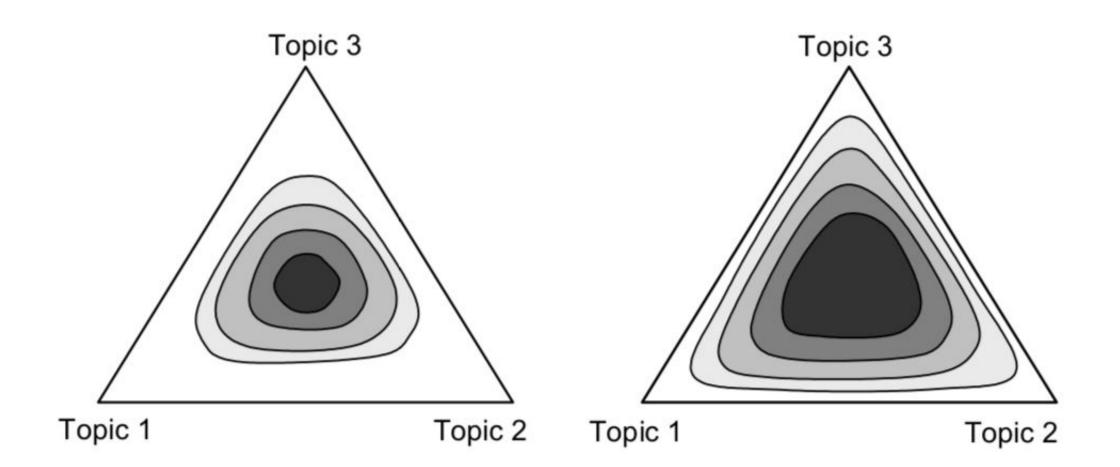




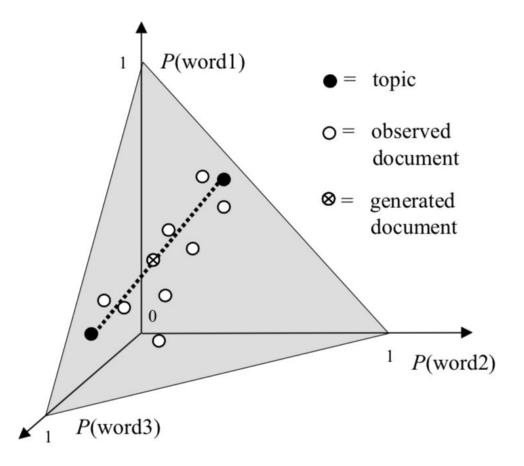
### Probabilistic model

- P(z) distribution over topics z in a particular document
- P(w|z) the probability distribution over words w given topic z.
- first sampling a topic from the topic distribution, then choosing a word from the topic-word distribution.
- $P(w_i) = \sum_{j=1}^{T} P(w_i | z_i = j) P(z_i = j)$
- *T* number of topics
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation assumes a particular form of P(z)

### Dirichlet distribution



### Geometric interpretation



## Main goal of the algorithm

• To invert the generative process, inferring the set of topics that were responsible for generating a collection of documents.