Learn the superlative adjectives and Present Continuous

Show that you are the best!



Try to guess the meaning of the best.

Do you like your job? Do you think that it is better than the jobs of your parents?

Do you think that your job is the best?

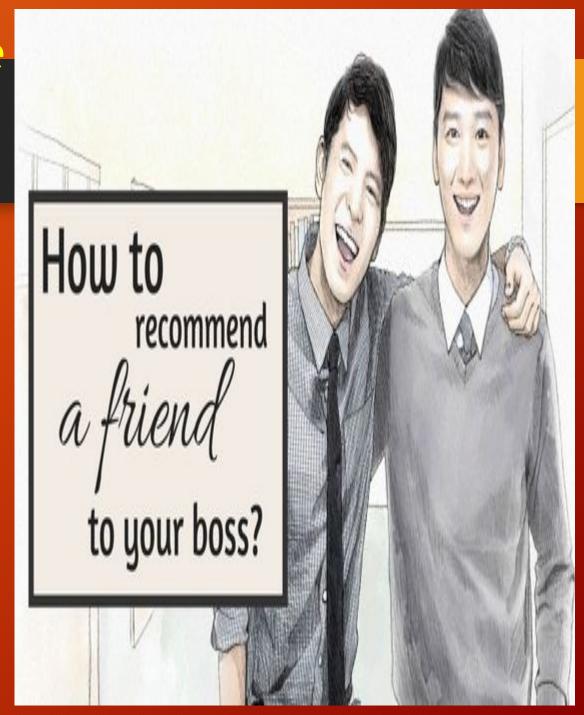


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Your homework was to compare your job with the job of your friend.

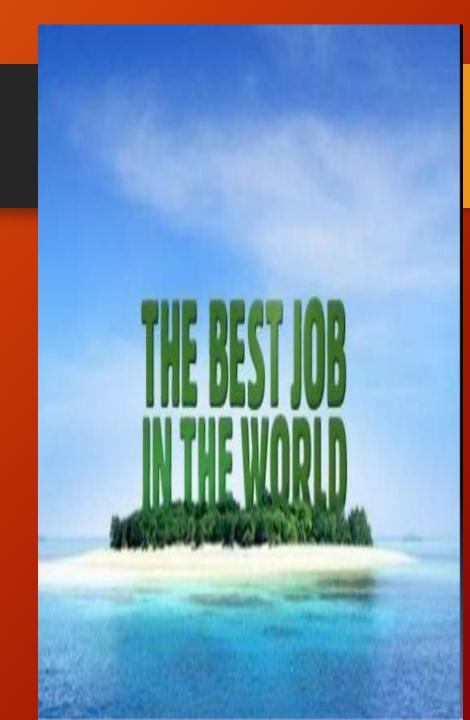
Example:

- 1) My job is good. The job of my friend is better.
- 2) My job is more difficult than the job of my friend.
- B) My salary (зарплата) is high. The salary of my friend is higher.

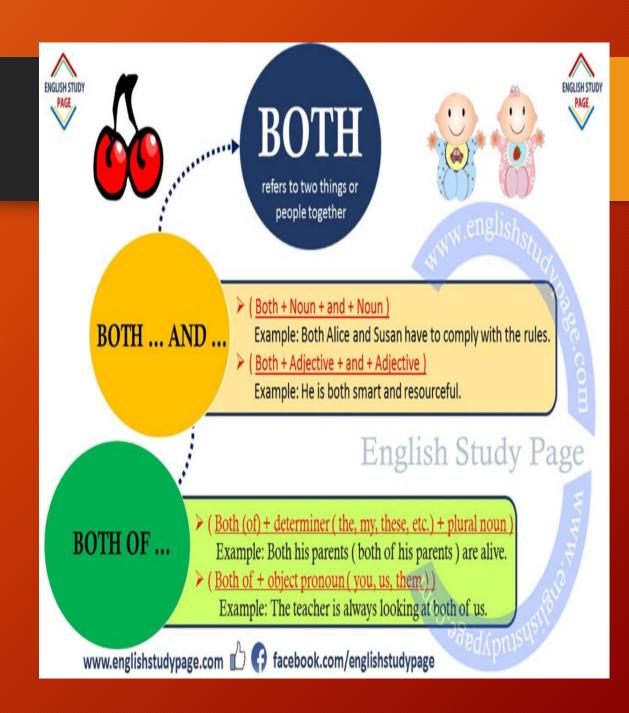


Both my computer and yours are good.

- How many computers are you talking about?
- 2) Are they good?



We use 'both' when we talk about two things/people and want to say that two out of two things/people have something in common (something similar).



My job is good. The job of my <u>friend</u> is better. The job of my <u>boss</u> is the best!

- 1) How many jobs do you compare in this sentence?
- 2) Do you compare <u>your</u> job with the job of your <u>friend</u>? Of your <u>boss?</u> With them both?



A Tesla is the best car in the world.

1. From the point of view of the author, is Tesla better than all the other cars?



We use superlative adjectives to compare three or more nouns, one thing with two or more other things. One thing is better than all the others.



Read the rule attentively and say what particles we use (add) to make superlative adjectives.

Superlatives

We use superlative adjectives to compare a person or thing with a number of other people or things.

	big	biggest	The new monitor was the biggest in the room.
For short adjectives we add the + -est. Be careful of spelling.	fast	fastest	Your version of the software is the fastest.
	easy	easiest	It's the easiest to use.
For long adjectives we use the most/the least.	difficult	the most/least difficult	This version is the most difficult to use.
	expensive	the most/least expensive	His computer is the least expensive.
	reliable	the most/least reliable	I think you should buy that. It is the most reliable.
	bad	the worst	That is the worst software I've ever used!
Some superlatives are irregular.	good	the best	I really like this website. It's the best I've seen.

Work in small groups. Talk about the software you and your non-IT colleagues use. Answer the questions.

- 1 What are the differences between the IT and non-IT software you have listed?
- 2 Which is the cheapest?
- 3 Which is the most expensive?
- 4 Which is the most/least reliable?
- 5 Which is the most difficult/easiest to use?
- 6 Which is the best/worst?
- 7 Which is the most/least user-friendly?

Thave (got) the best software in my company!

Is this software yours?



I have got	I've got	Have I got?	I haven't got
You have got	You've got	Have you got?	You haven't got
He has got	He's got	Has he got?	He hasn't got
She has got	She's got	Has she got?	She hasn't got
It has got	It's got	Has it got?	It hasn't got
We have got	We've got	Have we got?	We haven't got
You have got	You've got	Have you got?	You haven't got
They have got	They've got	Have they got?	They haven't got

Read the rule attentively and say why we use 'have (got)'

Present tense of have (got)

We use have (got) to talk about possession.

I've/You've/We've/They've (got)	I/You/We/They have (got)
He's/She's/It's (got)	He/She/It has (got)
I/You/We/They haven't (got)	I/You/We/They have not (got)
He/She/It hasn't (got)	He/She/It has not (got)
I/You/We/They don't have	I/You/We/They do not have
He/She/It doesn't have	He/She/It does not have
Have I you/we/they got?	
Has he/she/it got?	
Do I/you/we/they have?	
Does he/she/it have?	

Listen and repeat the sentences

- 1 We've got the best software.
- 2 Does it have the most reliable anti-virus software?
- 3 She has the cheapest computer.
- 4 They haven't got the latest version.
- 5 Do you have the fastest processor?
- 6 Has it got Windows?
- 7 They have the latest software.
- 8 It has the biggest screen.

Write five sentences comparing three software products you know.

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Examples: Word, Excel, Power Point...

I use (...);

(...) is more convenient than (...).

(...) is the most convenient
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Useful phrases:

How is it going?

How are you getting on?



What are you doing now? I am installing the software!

When does it happen?



We use Present Continuous to speak about actions that happen now, at the moment of speech.



Read the rule attentively and say what is the meaning of Present Continuous

Present continuous

We use the **present continuous** to talk about things that take place at the time of speaking and are not permanent. I'm installing the software.

He's/She's setting up a network.

We're/They're working at home today.

I'm not setting up the network.

He's/She's not installing the software.

We/They aren't coming in today.

Are you installing it now?

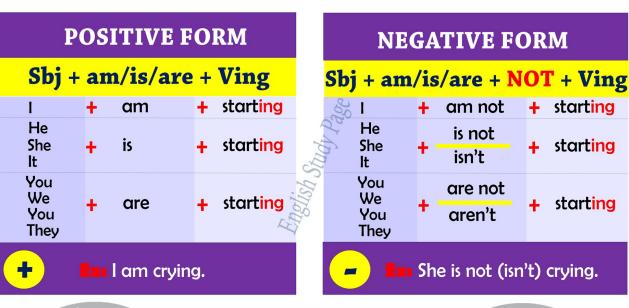
What am I doing?

What are you/they doing?

What is he/she doing?

Complete these sentences with is/isn't, am/am not, are/aren't. learning a new program. working in the office today. She has a day off. installing the new software. setting up the network. using Word. We have a different word-processing program. they working today? he installing on the computer? coming in today. I'm sick.

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE





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Pay attention to the following words: training courses, a day off.

1	9 17	Listen and complete this dialogue.
	Paul:	Hi, Brinitha.
	Brinitha:	Hi, Paul.
	Paul:	How's it (1)?
		Fine, fine.
	Paul:	What (2) you (3) at the moment?
	Brinitha:	Oh, I (4) Nero.
	Paul:	How are you getting on?
	Brinitha:	Well, I (5) a network. I (6) Microsoft Server.
	Paul:	Right. Where is Jackie today? Do you know?
	Brinitha:	Yes. She is on a training course today. She (7) about the new database system.
	Paul:	What about Mary and Imran? Where are they?
	Brinitha:	They (8) in today. They have a day off.

Try to guess the meaning of the words training courses, a day off.



Fill in the gaps using comparative and superlative adjectives, have (got) and Present Continuous Hey, Jonn! What (to do)?

I (to install) new software!

Oh! You (to get) a new laptop!

Yes, it is (good) gadget in the world!

Oh, no! Mine is (good)!

Imagine that you compare your gadget with theirs. Urge him that your laptop is the best

Example: Tony's laptop is of 2018.

Mark's laptop is of 2019.

My laptop is of 2020.

Mine is the newest!..

