# NODEJS INTRO

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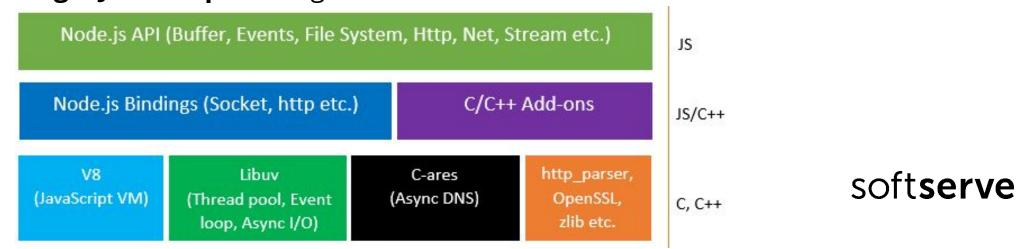
## **AGENDA**

- What is NodeJS?
- Blocking and Non-blocking I/O
- REPL Console
- NPM & Module System
- Global Objects
- Filesystem module
- HTTP Module



#### What is NodeJS?

- NodeJS is an open source, cross platform runtime environment for server side and networking applications
- It is written in C/C++ & JavaScript and can run on Linux, Mac, Windows
- It provides an event driven architecture with non blocking I/O that is optimal for scalability.
- It uses Google JavaScript V8 Engine to Execute Code



#### JAVASCRIPT V8 ENGINE

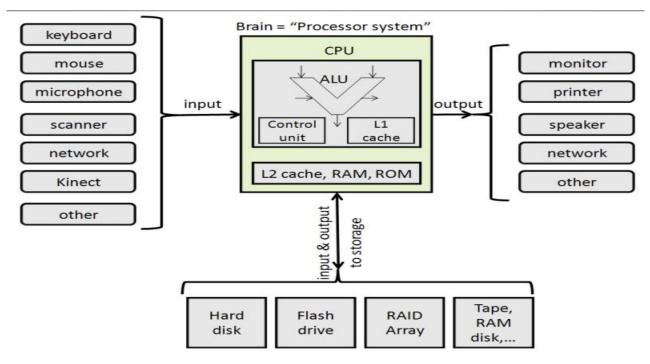
**V8** is an open-source JavaScript engine developed by The Chromium Project for Google Chrome and Chromium web browsers.

V8 compiles **JavaScript** to **native machine** code before executing it

V8 can run standalone, or can be embedded into other application



## Input/Output (I/O)

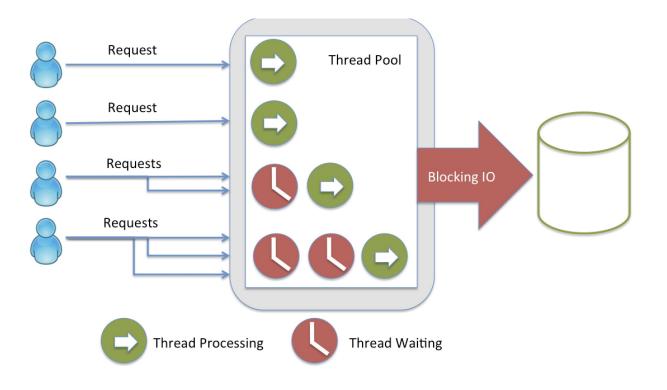


**Input/Output (I/O)** is the communication between an information processing system, such as a computer, and the outside world, possibly a human or another information processing system.

**Inputs** are the signals or data **received by** the system

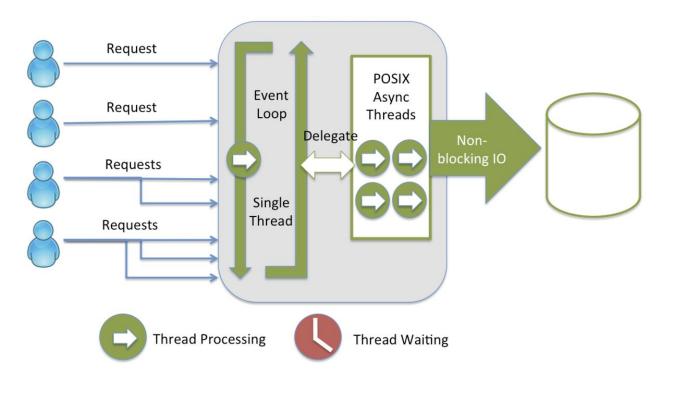
**Outputs** are the signals or data **sent from** it.

## **BLOKING I/O**



**Blocking** is when the execution of additional JavaScript in the Node.js process must wait until a non-JavaScript operation completes.

## **NON-BLOCKING I/O**



In **Non-blocking I/O** once the request is made we continue on to the next line of code before waiting for the time consuming request to finish.

## **NODEJS SETUP**

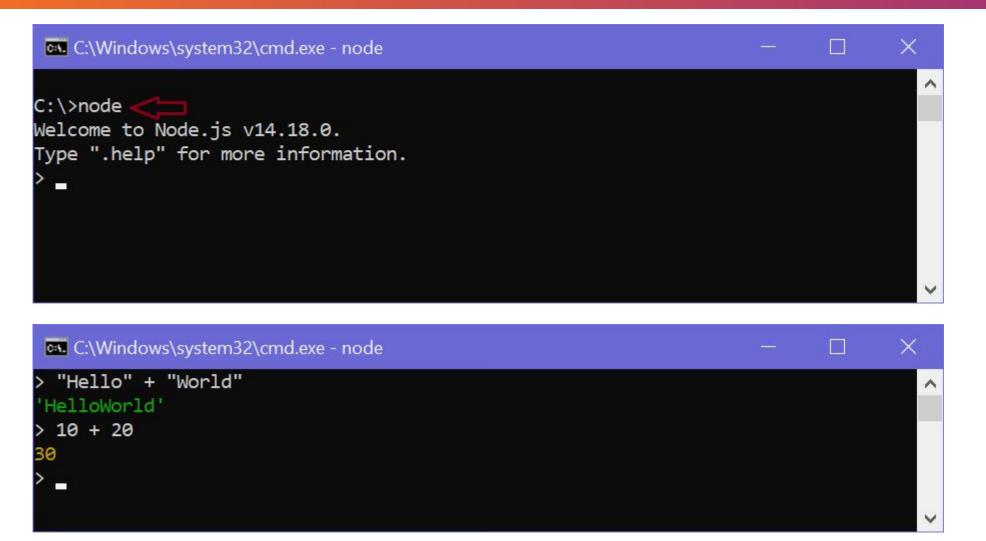
#### https://nodejs.org/en/download/

Latest LTS Version: 14.15.0 (includes npm 6.14.8)

Download the Node.js source code or a pre-built installer for your platform, and start developing today.



## REPL CONSOLE



## REPL CONSOLE

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - node

> function multiply(x, y)
... {
... return x*y;
... }
undefined
> multiply(10, 20)
200
> _____
```

## REPL CONSOLE

```
mynodejs-app.js

console.log("Hello World");
```

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe — — X

D:\>node mynodejs-app.js

Hello World

D:\>_
```

REPL Command	Description	
.help	Display help on all the commands	REPL
tab Keys	Display the list of all commands.	COMMANDS
Up/Down Keys	See previous commands applied in REPL.	
.save filename	Save current Node REPL session to a file.	
.load filename	Load the specified file in the current Node REPL session.	
ctrl + c	Terminate the current command.	
ctrl + c (twice)	Exit from the REPL.	
ctrl + d	Exit from the REPL.	
.break	Exit from multiline expression.	soft <b>serve</b>
.clear	Exit from multiline expression.	

## NODE PACKAGE MANAGER

**Node Package Manager (NPM)** is a command line tool that installs, updates or uninstalls Node.js packages in your application. It is also an online repository for open-source Node.js packages. The node community around the world creates useful modules and publishes them as packages in this repository.



https://www.npmjs.com/

#### **INSTALLING A NPM MODULE**

All the modules installed using NPM are installed under **node\_modules** folder.

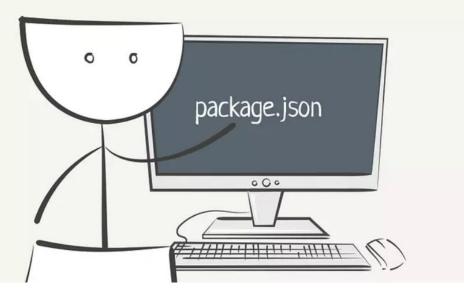
```
npm install <name>
npm install <name>@<tag>
npm install <name>@<version>
npm install <name> [--save|--save-dev]
```

#### PACKAGE.JSON

The **package.json** file is kind of a manifest for your project. You can add a it to your package to make it easy for others to manage and install. Packages published to the registry must contain a package.json file.

#### A package.json file:

- lists the packages your project depends on
- specifies versions of a package that your project can use
- makes your build reproducible, and therefore easier to share with other developers



#### MODULES IN NODEJS

- NodeJS Module system lets developers create a manageable structure of their application
- Each **module** is just a **JavaScript** file with code (functions, variables, objects, etc.)
- In Node, modules are referenced either by file path or by name
  - Referenced by name modules are either core modules (preinstalled with Node) or third-party modules installed using NPM
- Each module exposes public API that the developer can use after the module is imported into the current script

#### LOADING AND EXPORTING MODULES



To **load/import** a module, you have to use the **require** function

The **require** function returns an object that represents the JavaScript API exposed by the module

Depending on the module, that object can be any JavaScript value — a function, an object with some properties that can be functions, an array, or any other type of JavaScript object

#### LOADING AND EXPORTING MODULES

To **export** an object/function/variable from a module, use the **module.exports** object

```
// greetings.js
var hello = function() {
   console.log('Hello %s!', name | '');
var bye = function() {
   console.log('Bye %s!', name | '');
module.exports = {
   hello: hello,
   bye: bye
};
// hola.js
module.exports = function(name) {
   };
```

```
// app.js
var greetings = require('./greetings');
var hola = require('./hola');

greetings.hello();
// Hello!
hola('John doe');
// Hola Jane doe!

// If we only need to call once

require('./greetings').bye('Jane');
// Goodbye Jane!
```

## GLOBAL OBJECTS

These objects are available in all modules:

- **process** In computing, a process is an instance of a computer program that is being executed.
- console For printing to stdout and stderr.
- require used to load or import local files, JSON and modules..
- **\_\_filename** returns the absolute path of the file being executed. It is not available in the Node.js REPL..
- \_\_dirname returns the path of the directory the script is executing in. It is not available in the Node.js REPL.
- module.exports is used for defining what a module exports and makes available through require().
- **setTimeout(cb, ms)** Run callback **cb** after at least **ms** milliseconds. The timeout must be in the range of 1-2,147,483,647 cannot span more than 24.8 days.
- clearTimeout(t) Stop a timer that was previously created with setTimeout().
- **setInterval(cb, ms)** Run callback **cb** repeatedly every **ms** milliseconds
- clearInterval(t) Stop a timer that was previously created with setInterval().



#### FILE SYSTEM MODULE

The **fs** module provides a lot of very useful functionality to access and interact with the file system.

```
const fs = require('fs')
```

#### FILE SYSTEM MODULE

For example let's examine the fs.rename() method:

The asynchronous API is used with a callback:

```
const fs = require('fs')

fs.rename('before.json', 'after.json', err => {
  if (err) {
    return console.error(err)
  }

  //done
})
```

A synchronous API can be used like this, with a try/catch block to handle errors:

```
const fs = require('fs')

try {
   fs.renameSync('before.json', 'after.json')
   //done
} catch (err) {
   console.error(err)
}
```

#### HTTP MODULE

It is easy to create an HTTP server in Node.js. A Node server is typically created using the **createServer** method of the **http module** and run this with

