

6 КЛАСС

22.04.2020

Урок 83
«Погода»

План урока

1. Погода
2. Одежда
3. Диалог
4. Способы выражения будущего времени

Weather

Образуй прилагательные от существительных, при помощи суффикса -у, запиши слова с переводом себе в словарь

1 a) Fill in the adjective.

- | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | rain - ► <i>rainy</i> | 5 | snow - |
| 2 | cloud - | 6 | sun - |
| 3 | wind - | 7 | chill - |
| 4 | fog - | 8 | storm - |

Составь 2 диалога.

2 a) Look at the chart, then ask and answer as in the example.

London		10°C
Copenhagen		-5°C
Moscow		5°C
Paris		8°C
Cairo		30°C

°C = degrees -°C = minus

- A: *What's the weather like in London today?*
B: *It's wet and rainy with a temperature of 10°C.*

Clothes



- rainy • snowy • stormy • boiling hot
- wet • sunny • freezing cold

A: *It's going to be rainy today.*

B: *I know. I'll wear my raincoat and boots then.*

Прочитай и переведи диалог

Claire: Where are you going, Kathy?

Kathy: Downtown. I'm meeting Helen in half an hour.

Claire: But look at you. You're wearing a thin dress and sandals. You're going to get **soaked!**

Kathy: What are you talking about?

Claire: Look at those big black clouds. It's definitely going to rain!

Kathy: Hmm, perhaps you're right. Er ... so could I **borrow** your coat?

Claire: No way! It's **brand new!** Why don't you take my raincoat?

Kathy: You mean that horrible yellow thing? No thanks!

Claire: OK, OK, just trying to help ...

Kathy: Hey ... Can I borrow your umbrella instead?

Claire: Yes, sure ... oh, hang on a minute!

Kathy: What?

Claire: I need it too. I'm going shopping in a while.

Kathy: No problem. I can call a taxi.

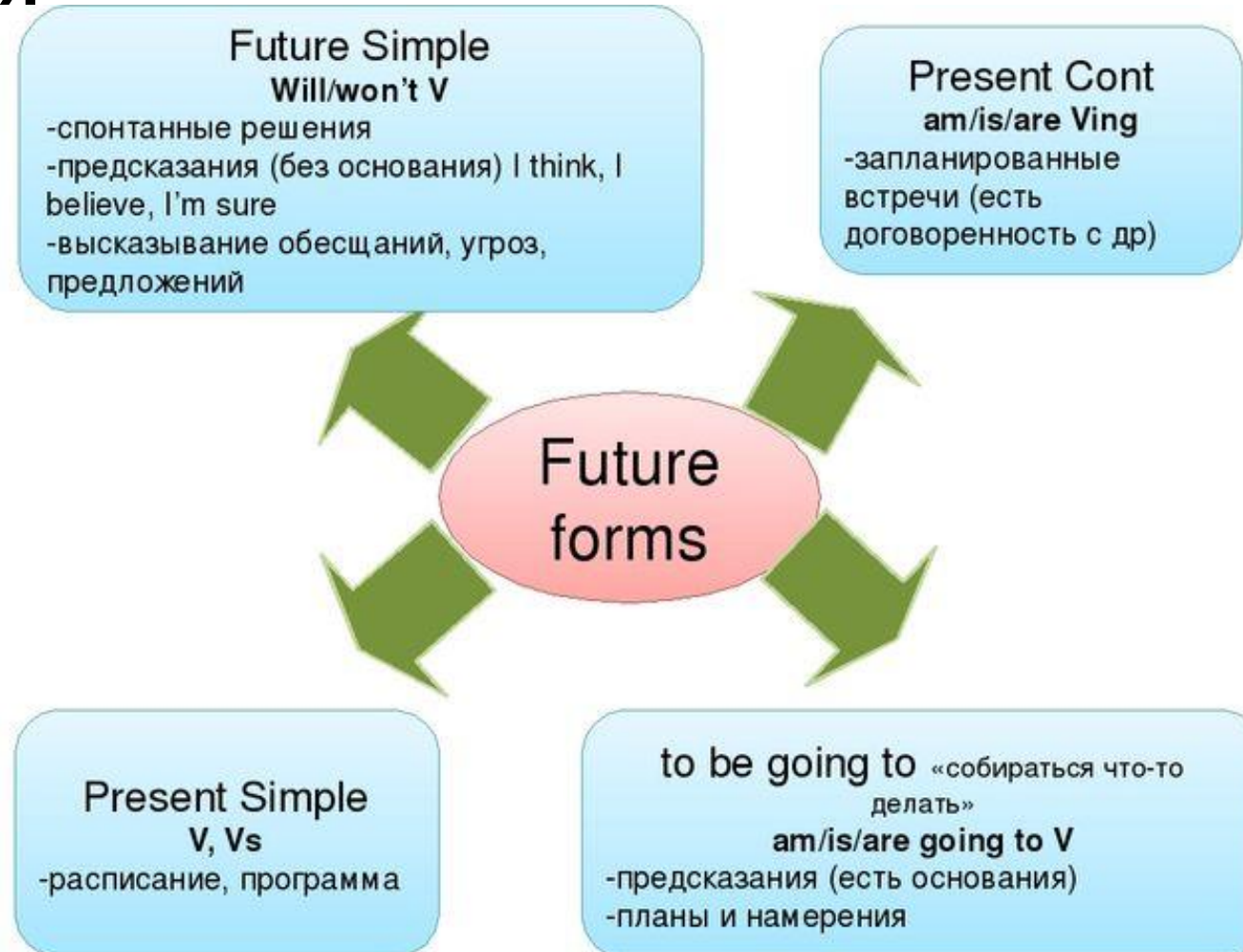
Claire: OK but **hurry.** The shops are closing in an hour.

Выполни упр. 5, стр. 98

5 Read the dialogue and complete the sentences. Then explain the words/expressions in bold.

- 1 Kathy is meeting
- 2 Kathy is wearing
- 3 The weather is
- 4 Kathy wants to borrow
- 5 Claire wants to go

Способы выражения будущего времени



Способ	Случаи употребления	Примеры
<p>1. <i>to be going to</i> + инфинитив</p>	<p>Запланированное действие в ближайшем будущем.</p>	<p>She is going to tell him the truth. They are going to buy a computer.</p>
<p>2. Present Progressive</p>	<p>Запланированное действие в ближайшем будущем, как правило, с глаголами движения (<i>to come, to leave, to start, to arrive, to fly, etc.</i>)</p>	<p>I am leaving for Sochi today. He is coming to dinner on Saturday. We are starting at noon. They are arriving at five o'clock.</p>
<p>3. Present Simple</p>	<p>Запланированное действие в соответствии с расписанием, графиком, программой.</p>	<p>The bus starts at 6.30. The lecture begins in five minutes.</p>
<p>4. Модальный глагол <i>to be to</i> + инфинитив</p>	<p>Действие, которое должно быть выполнено в ближайшее время по договоренности.</p>	<p>We are to meet after lunch. I am to go back at once, my friend is waiting for me. Who is to do the shopping today?</p>

Домашнее задание

- Упр. 2, 5, стр. 104
- Просмотр видео

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fl_qh6cxBpw

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g0nVsvDlIkW>