

# 6 КЛАСС

## 22.04.2020

Урок 83  
«Погода»

# План урока

1. Погода
2. Одежда
3. Диалог
4. Способы выражения будущего времени

# Weather

Образуй прилагательные от существительных, при помощи суффикса –у, запиши слова с переводом себе в словарь

**1** a) Fill in the adjective.

- |                         |                 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 rain - ► <i>rainy</i> | 5 snow - .....  |
| 2 cloud - .....         | 6 sun - .....   |
| 3 wind - .....          | 7 chill - ..... |
| 4 fog - .....           | 8 storm - ..... |

# Составь 2 диалога.

**2** a) Look at the chart, then ask and answer as in the example.

London		10°C
Copenhagen		-5°C
Moscow		5°C
Paris		8°C
Cairo		30°C

°C = degrees      -°C = minus

- A: *What's the weather like in London today?*  
B: *It's wet and rainy with a temperature of 10°C.*

# Clothes



- rainy • snowy • stormy • boiling hot
- wet • sunny • freezing cold

A: *It's going to be rainy today.*

B: *I know. I'll wear my raincoat and boots then.*

# Прочитай и переведи диалог

**Claire:** Where are you going, Kathy?

**Kathy:** Downtown. I'm meeting Helen in half an hour.

**Claire:** But look at you. You're wearing a thin dress and sandals. You're going to get **soaked!**

**Kathy:** What are you talking about?

**Claire:** Look at those big black clouds. It's definitely going to rain!

**Kathy:** Hmm, perhaps you're right. Er ... so could I **borrow** your coat?

**Claire:** No way! It's **brand new!** Why don't you take my raincoat?

**Kathy:** You mean that horrible yellow thing? No thanks!

**Claire:** OK, OK, just trying to help ...

**Kathy:** Hey ... Can I borrow your umbrella instead?

**Claire:** Yes, sure ... oh, hang on a minute!

**Kathy:** What?

**Claire:** I need it too. I'm going shopping in a while.

**Kathy:** No problem. I can call a taxi.

**Claire:** OK but **hurry.** The shops are closing in an hour.

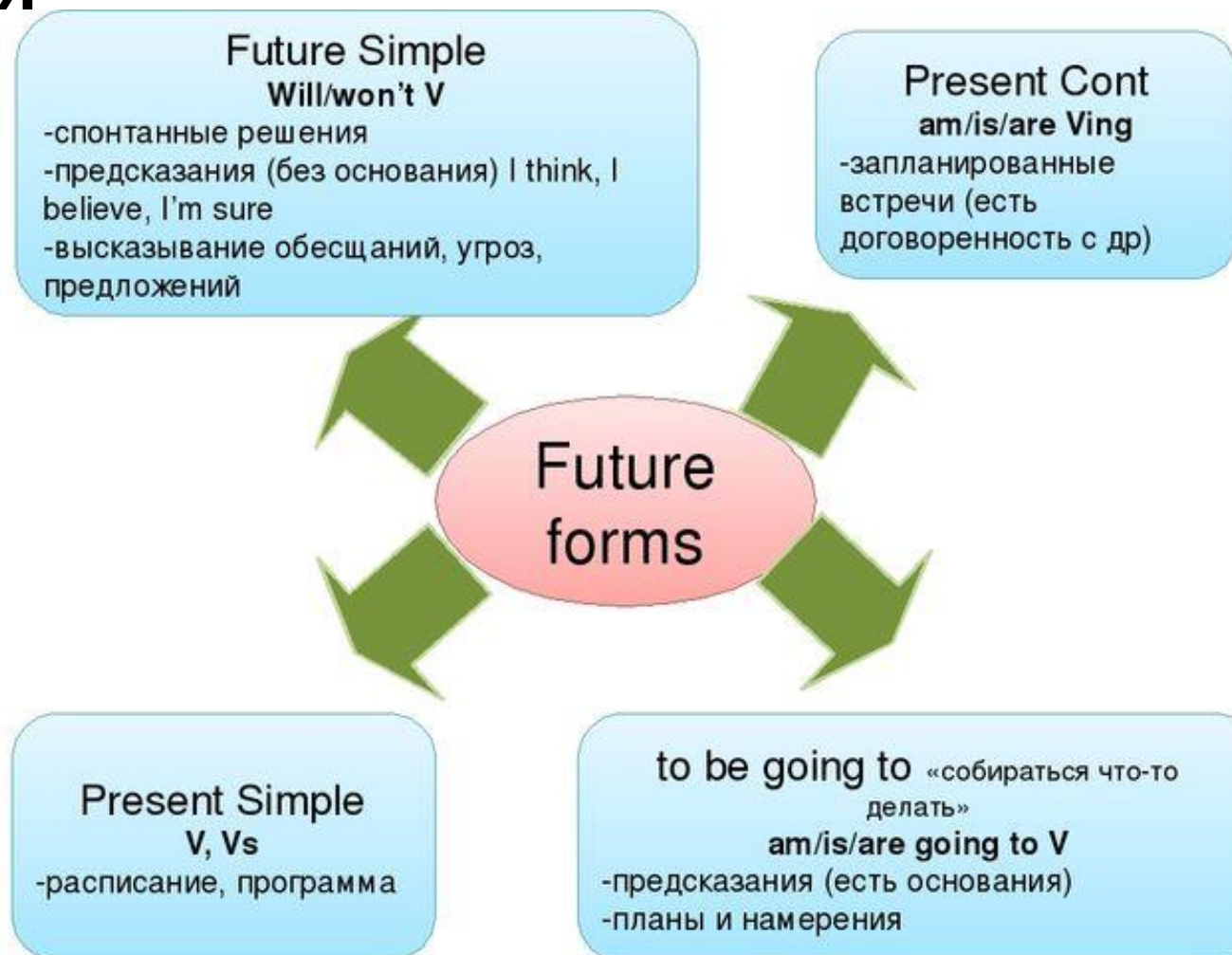


# Выполни упр. 5, стр. 98

**5** Read the dialogue and complete the sentences. Then explain the words/expressions in bold.

- |                          |                            |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 Kathy is meeting ..... | 4 Kathy wants to borrow    |
| 2 Kathy is wearing ..... | .....                      |
| 3 The weather is .....   | 5 Claire wants to go ..... |

# Способы выражения будущего времени





Способ	Случаи употребления	Примеры
1. <i>to be going to</i> + инфинитив	Запланированное действие в ближайшем будущем.	She <b>is going to tell</b> him the truth. They <b>are going to buy</b> a computer.
2. Present Progressive	Запланированное действие в ближайшем будущем, как правило, с глаголами движения ( <i>to come, to leave, to start, to arrive, to fly, etc.</i> )	I <b>am leaving</b> for Sochi today. He <b>is coming</b> to dinner on Saturday. We <b>are starting</b> at noon. They <b>are arriving</b> at five o'clock.
3. Present Simple	Запланированное действие в соответствии с расписанием, графиком, программой.	The bus <b>starts</b> at 6.30. The lecture <b>begins</b> in five minutes.
4. Модальный глагол <i>to be to</i> + инфинитив	Действие, которое должно быть выполнено в ближайшее время по договоренности.	We <b>are to meet</b> after lunch. I <b>am to go</b> back at once, my friend is waiting for me. Who <b>is to do</b> the shopping today?

# Домашнее задание

- Упр. 2, 5, стр. 104
- Просмотр видео

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fl\\_qh6cxBpw](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fl_qh6cxBpw)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g0nVsvDlIkW>